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1001 VOCABULARY & SPELLING QUESTIONS

1001 VOCABULARY & SPELLING QUESTIONS 2nd Edition www.studyplanet.ne

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Introduction

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ELCOMETO 1001 Vocabulary and Spelling Questions! This book is designed to

provideyou with review and practice for vocabulary and spelling success. With 1001 practice questions, you can enrich your verbal abilities at your own pace, and focus on the areas

where you need improvement. 1001 Vocabulary and Spelling Questions is designed for many audiences. It is for anyone who has ever taken a language arts course and needs to refresh forgotten skills. It can be used to supplement current class instruction. It can be used to boost job performance by improving your business writing abilities. Most often, this book is used by people who are studying for important academic, entrance, or certification exams. Every test from the SAT exam to the Police Sergeant test requires an excellent grasp of vocabulary skills.

1001 Vocabulary and Spelling Questions can be used by teachers and tutors who need to reinforce stu-dent skills. The book is easily adapted to fit lesson plans and for homework assignments.

If at some point you feel you need further practice or more explanation, you can find it in other LearningExpress publications. 501 Vocabulary Questions, 501 Synonym and Antonym Questions, 501 WordAnalogies Questions, 501 Grammar and Writing Questions, and Vocabulary and Spelling Success in 20 Minutes

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a Day, 3rd edition all contain a wealth of information for students, test takers, professionals, and word lovers.

How to Use This Book

First, look at the table of contents to see the types of verbal topics covered in this book. The book is organized in three sections: Synonyms, Antonyms, Verbal Classification, and Analogies; Vocabulary in Context; and Spelling. This structure divides com-mon language arts strands into compact units so that you can work on each concept and gain mas-tery. You may want to answer the questions in sequence, but if you are using this book to supple-ment topics you are currently learning, you may want to jump around from topic to topic according to your syllabus.

As you answer the vocabulary and spelling questions in this book, you will undoubtedly want to

check your answers using the answer and explanation section at the end of the book. The purpose of "drill and skill" practice is to help you become proficient with language skills. Like an athlete preparing for the next season or a musician warming up for a concert, you can become an expert with practice. If, after answering all the questions in a section, you feel you need more practice, reread the questions and try your hand at responding one more time. Repetition is often the key to success. Studies show that most repetitive tasks become part of a person's inventory of skills over time. A good idea is to write your answers on a separate sheet of paper so that you can go through the chapters over and over, as needed, to reinforce and develop your word power.

Certain tests that you will take for academic advancement, job promotions, or civil service/mil-itary placement require you to have a working knowledge of vocabulary and spelling skills. This chart lists some exams that test your verbal skills and word knowledge.

Tests that Measure Word Knowledge

Academic Tests	Civil Service	Military	Job Placement
GED Exams	Border Patrol Exam	ASVAB	PPST
PSAT Exam	Firefighter Exam	Military Flight	CBEST
SAT Exam	Police Officer Exam	Aptitude Exam	Real Estate Agent/Broker
State assessment exams—typically	Police Sergeant Exam		EMT Basic
given in grades 8-12			
COOP/HSPT Exam	Postal Worker Exam		Nursing Assistant Exam
College Entrance Exams	Corrections Officer		Administrative/
			Executive Assistant
GRE test	Federal Clerical Exam		
Miller Analogies Test	Treasury Enforcement Age	nt	

You should have a dictionary or thesaurus handy as you work through the questions in each section. It is always a good idea to make this a habit when doing any kind of language activity. Another helpful resource—a list of common prefixes, suffixes, and word roots—follows this introduction. Under-standing the parts of a word gives you clues about its definition, and this can help you when you take tests, write reports, or make speeches.

Make a Commitment

Success does not come without effort. Make the commitment to improve your verbal skills. A rich vocabulary is both a great asset and a great joy. When you have an extensive vocabulary, you can provide precise, vivid descriptions; you can speak more flu-ently and with more confidence; you can understand more of what you read; and you can read more sophisticated texts. A good vocabulary can enrich your personal life, help you achieve academic suc-cess, and give you an edge over others in the work-place. You can truly gain the proverbial verbal advantage.

Additional Resources

If you feel you need even more practice, you might want to purchase or borrow the following books:

Funk, Wilfred, et al. *30 Days to a More PowerfulVocabulary* (New York: Pocket Books, 2003).

Krevisky, Joseph. *Random House Webster's Pocket Bad Speller's Dictionary* (New York: Random House, 1998).

Lewis, Norman. Word Power Made Easy: The Com-plete Handbook for Building a Superior Vocabu-lary (New York: Pocket Books, 1995).

Morehead, Philip D. *The New American Roget's College Thesaurus in Dictionary Form* (New York: Signet, 2002).

O'Connor, Joyce, et al, eds. *Roget's Desk Thesaurus* (New York: Random House, 2001).

Oxford Essential Spelling Dictionary (New York: Berkley Publishing Group, 1998).

Shaw, Harry. *Building a Better Vocabulary* (New York: Barnes & Noble Books, 1993).

Sorsby, Claudia. *Spelling 101* (New York: St. Mar-tin's Press, 1996).

The Merriam-Webster Dictionary (Springfield: Merriam-Webster, 1995).

The Merriam-Webster Dictionary of Synonyms and Antonyms (Springfield: Merriam-Webster, 1994).

Word Power: 40 Workouts to Boost Your Vocabulary
(New York: Barnes & Noble Books, 1998).

Remember These LearningExpress Books for Extra Verbal Practice

LearningExpress. 501 Grammar and Writing Questions (New York: LearningExpress, 2002).

LearningExpress. 501 Synonym and Antonym Questions (New York: LearningExpress, 2003).

LearningExpress. *501 Vocabulary Questions* (New York: LearningExpress, 2003).

LearningExpress. 501 Word Analogies Questions (New York: LearningExpress, 2003).

LearningExpress. Vocabulary and Spelling Success in 20 Minutes a Day, 3rd Edition (New York:LearningExpress, 2002).

Prefixes, Suffixes, and Common Word Roots

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FAMILIARITY WITH COMMON prefixes, suffixes, and word roots can dramatically

improveyour ability to determine the meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary words. The tables below list common prefixes, suffixes, and word roots; their meanings; an example of a word with

that prefix, suffix, or word root; the meaning of that word; and a sentence that demonstrates the meaning of that word. Refer to this section often to refresh your memory and improve your vocabulary.

Prefixes

Prefixes are syllables added to the beginning of words to change or add to their meaning. This table lists some of the most common prefixes in the English language. They are grouped together by similar meanings.

mono- one monologue (n) a long speech by one person or performer in Scene III. bi- two bisect (v) to divide into two equal parts If you bisect a square, you will two rectangles of equal size. duo- two duality (n) having two sides or parts The novel explores the duality good and evil in humans. tri- three triangle (n) a figure having three angles In an isosceles triangle, two of three angles are the same size. duadri- four quadruped (n) an animal with four feet Some quadrupeds evolved into bipeds. tetra- four tetralogy (n) series of four related artistic works, such as plays, operas, novels, etc. quint- five quintuplets (n) five offspring born at one time four pounds at birth. pent- five pentameter (n) a line of verse (poetry) with five written in iambic pentameter. multi- many multifaceted having many sides This is a multifaceted issue, ar must examine each side careful poly- many polyglot (n) one who speaks or understands lived in eight different countries omni- all omniscient (adj) knowing all My teacher must be omniscient always knows when I'm not pay attention.	Prefix	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
mono- one monologue (n) a long speech by one person or performer in Scene III. bi- two bisect (v) to divide into two equal parts If you bisect a square, you will two rectangles of equal size. duo- two duality (n) having two sides or parts The novel explores the duality good and evil in humans. tri- three triangle (n) a figure having three angles In an isosceles triangle, two of three angles are the same size. quadri- four quadruped (n) an animal with four feet Some quadrupeds evolved into bipeds. tetra- four tetralogy (n) series of four related artistic works, such as plays, operas, novels, etc. work in Classman's tetralogy. quint- five quintuplets (n) five offspring born at one time Each quintuplet weighed less four pounds at birth. pent- five pentameter (n) a line of verse (poetry) with five metrical feet written in iambic pentameter. multi- many multifaceted having many sides This is a multifaceted issue, ar must examine each side careful poly- many polyglot (n) one who speaks or understands it's no wonder he's a polyglot; several languages lived in eight different countries always knows when I'm not pay attention.	uni-	one	unify (v)	to form into a single unit, to unite	The new leader was able to unite the
mono- one monologue (n) a long speech by one person or performer in Scene III. bi- two bisect (v) to divide into two equal parts If you bisect a square, you will two rectangles of equal size. duo- two duality (n) having two sides or parts The novel explores the duality good and evil in humans. tri- three triangle (n) a figure having three angles In an isosceles triangle, two of three angles are the same size. quadri- four quadruped (n) an animal with four feet Some quadrupeds evolved into bipeds. tetra- four tetralogy (n) series of four related artistic works, such as plays, operas, novels, etc. work in Classman's tetralogy. quint- five quintuplets (n) five offspring born at one time Each quintuplet weighed less four pounds at birth. pent- five pentameter (n) a line of verse (poetry) with five metrical feet written in iambic pentameter. multi- many multifaceted having many sides This is a multifaceted issue, are must examine each side careful poly- many polyglot (n) one who speaks or understands It's no wonder he's a polyglot; several languages lived in eight different countries omni- all omniscient (adj) knowing all My teacher must be omniscient always knows when I'm not pay attention.					three factions into one strong
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poly- many polyglot (n) one who speaks or understands lt's no wonder he's a polyglot ; several languages lived in eight different countries omni- all omniscient (adj) knowing all My teacher must be omniscien always knows when I'm not pay attention.				metrical feet	written in iambic pentameter .
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several languages lived in eight different countries omni- all omniscient (adj) knowing all My teacher must be omniscien always knows when I'm not pay attention.			(adj)		must examine each side carefully.
omni- all omniscient (adj) knowing all My teacher must be omniscien always knows when I'm not pay attention.	poly-	many	polyglot (n)	one who speaks or understands	It's no wonder he's a polyglot ; he's
always knows when I'm not pay attention.				several languages	lived in eight different countries.
attention.	omni-	all	omniscient (adj)	knowing all	My teacher must be omniscient ; she
					always knows when I'm not paying
micro- small microcosm (n) little or miniature world: something Some people say that Brooklyn					attention.
Committee and the committee of the	micro-	small	microcosm (n)	little or miniature world; something	Some people say that Brooklyn
representing something else on a Heights, the Brooklyn district ac				representing something else on a	Heights, the Brooklyn district across
very small scale the river from the Wall Street ar				very small scale	the river from the Wall Street area, is
a microcosm of Manhattan.					a microcosm of Manhattan.
mini- small minority (n) small group within a larger group John voted for Bridget, but he w	mini-	small	minority (n)	small group within a larger group	John voted for Bridget, but he was in
the minority ; most people vote					the minority; most people voted for
Elaine.					Elaine.
macro- large macrocosm (n) the large scale world or universe; Any change to the microcosm v	macro-	large	macrocosm (n)	the large scale world or universe;	Any change to the microcosm will
any great whole eventually affect the macrocos				any great whole	eventually affect the macrocosm.

PREFIXES, SUFFIXES, AND COMMON WORD ROOTS

Prefix	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
ante-	before	antechamber (n)	a smaller room leading into a larger	The panel of jurors waited in the
			or main room	antechamber before entering the
				court room.
pre-	before	precede (v)	to come before in time or order	The appetizers preceded the main
				course.
post-	after	postscript (n)	message added after the close of	His postscript was almost as long
			a letter	as his letter!
inter-	between	intervene (v)	to come between	Romeo, trying to make peace,
				intervened in the fight between
				Tybalt and Mercutio.
inter-	together	interact (v)	to act upon or influence each other	The psychologist took notes as she
				watched the children interact.
intra-	within	intravenous (adj)	within or into a vein	She could not eat and had to be fed
				intravenously for three days.
intro-	into, within	introvert (n)	a person whose attention is largely	Unlike his flamboyant sister, quiet
			directed inward, toward himself or	Zeke was a real introvert.
			herself; a shy or withdrawn person	
in-	in, into	induct (v)	to bring in (to a group)	She was inducted into the honor
	•	()	NET.	society.
ex-	out, from	expel (v)	to drive out or away	The rebels expelled the invaders.
circum-	around	circumscribe (v)	to draw a line around; to mark	She carefully circumscribed the
			the limits of	space that would become her office.
sub-	under	subvert (v)	to bring about the destruction of,	His attempt to subvert my authority
			overthrow; to undermine	will cost him his job.
super-	above, over	supervisor (n)	one who watches over	Alex accepted the promotion to
				supervisor and was comfortable
				with the duties and responsibilities of
				the office.
con-	with, together	consensus (n)	general agreement	After hours of debate, the group
				finally reached a consensus and
				selected a candidate.
non-	not	nonstop	without a stop	With energy typical of the very
		(adj, adv)		young, the puppy ran nonstop
				through the house.
in-	not	invariable (adj)	not changing	The weather here is invariable—
				always sunny and warm.
un-	not, against	unmindful (adj)	not conscious or aware of; forgetful	For better or worse, he is unmindful
	-	,	-	of office politics.
contra-	against	contradict (v)	to state that (what is said) is untrue;	I know we don't have to agree on
contra-	against	contradict (v)	to state that (what is said) is untrue; to state the opposite of, be	I know we don't have to agree on everything, but she contradicts

Prefix	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
anti-	against,	antipode (n)	exact or direct opposite	North is the antipode of south.
	opposite			
counter-	against,	counter-	working against production	Complaining is counterproductive .
	opposing	productive (adj)		
dis-	not, away,	dispel (v)	to drive away; not having order	To dispel rumors that I was quitting, I
	opposite of			scheduled a series of meetings for
				the next three months.
		disorderly (adj)	messy, untidy, uncontrolled or unruly	Two people were hurt when the
				disorderly crowd took control of the
				protest.
mis-	wrong, ill	misuse (v)	to use wrongly	She misused her authority when she
				reassigned Charlie to a new team.
mal-	bad, wrong, ill	l maltreat (v)	to treat badly or wrongly	After the dog saved his life, he swore
				he would never maltreat another
				animal.
		malaise (n)	feeling of discomfort or illness	The malaise many women feel
				during the first few months of preg-
				nancy is called "morning sickness."
pseudo-	false, fake	pseudonym (n)	false or fake name	Mark Twain is a pseudonym for
			191,	Samuel Clemens.
auto-	by oneself or	automaton (n)	a robot; a person who seems to act	The workers on the assembly line
	by itself		mechanically and without thinking	looked like automatons.
co-	together with;	cohesive (adj)	having a tendency to bond or stick	Though they came from different
	jointly		together; united	backgrounds and had many different
			112	interests, they have formed a
				remarkably cohesive team.

Suffixes

Suffixes are syllables added to the ends of words to change or add to their meaning. This table lists some of the most common suffixes in the English language. They are grouped together by similar meanings.

Suffix	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
-en	to cause to	broaden (v)	to make more broad, widen	Traveling around the world will
	become			broaden your understanding of other
				cultures.
-ate	to cause to	resuscitate (v)	to bring or come back to life or	Thanks to a generous gift from an
	be		consciousness; to revive	alumnus, we were able to resusci-
				tate the study-abroad program.

PREFIXES, SUFFIXES, AND COMMON WORD ROOTS

Suffix	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
-ify/-fy	to make or	electrify (v)	to charge with electricity	The singer electrified the audience
	cause to be			with her performance.
-ize	to make, to	alphabetize (v)	to put in alphabetical order	Please alphabetize these files for
	give			me.
-al	capable of,	practical (adj)	suitable for use; involving activity as	He has years of practical , on-the-job
	suitable for		distinct from study or theory	experience.
-ial	pertaining to	commercial	of or engaged in commerce	Commercial vehicles must have
		(adj)		special license plates.
-ic	pertaining to	aristocratic (adj)	of or pertaining to the aristocracy	Though he was never rich or power-
				ful, he has very aristocratic
				manners.
-ly	resembling,	tenderly (adv)	done with tenderness; gently,	He held the newborn baby tenderly
	having the		delicately, lovingly	in his arms.
	qualities of			
-ly	in the	boldly (adv)	in a bold manner	Despite his fear, he stepped boldly
	manner of			onto the stage.
-ful	full of	meaningful (adj)	significant, full of meaning 👗	When Robert walked into the room
			" (le	with Annette, she cast a meaningful
			~67.°	glance to me.
-ous/-ose	full of	humorous (adj)	full of humor, funny	His humorous speech received
				laughter and applause from the
				audience.
-ive	having the	descriptive (adj)	giving a description	The letter was so descriptive that I
	quality of		· lall	could picture every place he had
			10	been.
-less	lacking,	painless (adj)	without pain, not causing pain	The doctor assured me that it is a
	free of			painless procedure.
-ish	having the	childish (adj)	like a child; unsuitable for a grown	He didn't get the job because of his
	quality of		person	childish behavior during the
				interview.
-ance/	quality or	tolerance (n)	willingness or ability to tolerate a	He has a high level of tolerance for
-ence	state of		person or thing	rudeness.
-acy	quality or	indeterminacy	state or quality of being	The indeterminacy of his statement
	state of	(n)	undetermined (without defined	made it impossible to tell which side
			limits) or vague	he favored.
-tion	act, state or	completion (n)	the act of completing; the state of	The second siren signaled the
	condition of		being completed or finished	completion of the fire drill.
-or/-er	one who does	narrator (n)	one who tells the story, gives an	A first-person narrator is usually
	or performs		account of	not objective.

Suffix	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
-atrium/	place for	arboretum (n)	a garden devoted primarily to trees	They built a deck with an arboretum
-orium			and shrubs	for their bonsai tree collection.
-ary	place for,	sanctuary (n)	a sacred place, refuge	With three noisy roommates, Ellen
	pertaining to			frequently sought the quiet
				sanctuary of the library.
-cide	kill	pesticide (n)	substance for killing insects	This pesticide is also dangerous for
				humans.
-ism	quality, state	optimism (n)	belief that things will turn out for the	Her optimism makes people want to
	or condition		best; tendency to take a hopeful	be around her.
	of; doctrine of		view of things	
-ity	quality or	morality (n)	state or quality of being moral	He argued that the basic morality of
	state of			civilized societies hasn't changed
				much over the centuries.
-itis	inflammation	tonsillitis (n)	inflammation and infection of	Her tonsillitis was so severe that
	of		the tonsils	doctors had to remove her tonsils
				immediately.
-ment	act or	judgment (n)	ability to judge or make decisions	He exercised good judgment during
	condition of		wisely; act of judging	the meeting and did not challenge
				his supervisor.
-ology	the study of	zoology (n)	the scientific study of animal life	Because of her strong interest in
			AH.	zoology, she took an unpaid
			EXILY .	summer job at the zoo.

Common Latin Word Roots

Many words in the English language have their origins in Latin. The table below shows the original Latin words that have been used to create various English words. The Latin words serve as roots, providing the core meaning of the words. Prefixes, suffixes, and other alterations give each word its distinct meaning. The word roots are listed in alphabetical order.

Root	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
amare	to love	amorous (adj)	readily showing or feeling love	She told him to stop his amorous
				advances as she was already
				engaged.
audire	to hear	audience (n)	assembled group of listeners or	The audience listened intently to the
			spectators; people within hearing	riveting speaker.
bellum	war	antebellum (adj)	before the war	In American history, antebellum
				refers to the period before the Civil
				War.

PREFIXES, SUFFIXES, AND COMMON WORD ROOTS

Root	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
capere	to take	captivate (v)	to capture the fancy of	The story captivated me from the beginning; I couldn't put the book down.
dicere	to say, speak	dictate (v)	to state or order; to say what needs to be written down	She began to dictate her notes into the microphone.
duco	to lead	conduct (v)	to lead or guide (thorough)	He conducted a detailed tour of the building.
equus	equal	equilibrium (n)	a state of balance	I have finally achieved equilibrium between work and leisure.
facere	to make or do	manufacture (v)	to make or produce	The clothes are manufactured here in this factory.
lucere	to light	lucid (adj)	very clear	No one could possibly have mis- understood such a lucid explanation.
manus	hand	manicure (n)	cosmetic treatment of the fingernails	A manicure is not only important hygiene, but clean and neat nails also tell a great deal about a person.
medius	middle	median (n)	middle point; middle in a set of numbers	The median household income in this wealthy neighborhood is \$89,000.
mittere	to send	transmit (v)	to send across	The message was transmitted over the intercom.
omnis	all, every	omnipresent (adj)	present everywhere	That top-40 song is omnipresent ; everywhere I go, I hear it playing.
plicare	to fold	application (n)	putting one thing on another; making a formal request	His loan application was denied because of his poor credit history.
ponere/ positum	to place	position (n)	the place a person or thing occupies	Although he is only 22, he holds a very powerful position in the company.
protare	to carry	transport (v)	to carry across	The goods will be transported by boat.
quarere	to ask, question	inquiry (n)	act of inquiry, investigation, or questioning	The inquiry lasted several months but yielded no new information.
scribere	to write	scribe (n)	person who makes copies of writings	The scribe had developed thick calluses on his fingers from years of writing.
sentire	to feel	sentiment (n)	personal experience; one's own feeling	After reading the collection of letters, it was easy to tell the sentiments of the writer.

Root	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
specere	to look at	spectacle (n)	striking or impressive sight	The debate was quite a spectacle ;
				the candidates made accusations
				about each other that were un-
				expected and slightly unprofessional.
spirare	to breathe	respiration (n)	the act of breathing	His respiration was steady, but he
				remained unconscious.
tendere	to stretch	extend (v)	to make longer, stretch out	Please extend the deadline by two
				weeks so we can complete the
				project properly.
verbum	word	verbatim (adj)	word for word	The student failed because she had
				copied an article verbatim instead of
				writing her own essay.

Common Greek Word Roots

Many English words have their origins in the ancient Greek language. The table below shows the Greek words that have been used to create various English words. The Greek words serve as roots, providing the core mean-ing of the words. Prefixes, suffixes, and other alterations give each word its distinct meaning. The word roots are listed in alphabetical order.

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PREFIXES, SUFFIXES, AND COMMON WORD ROOTS

Root	Meaning	Example	Definition	Sentence
krates	member of	democrat (n)	one who believes in or advocates	I have always been a democrat , but
	a group		democracy as a principle of	I refuse to join the Democratic Party.
			government	
kryptos	hidden, secret	t cryptic (adj)	concealing meaning, puzzling	He left such a cryptic message on
				my answering machine that I don't
				know what he wanted.
metron	to measure	metronome (n)	device with a pendulum that beats	She used a metronome to help her
			at a determined rate to measure	keep the proper pace as she played
			time/rhythm	the song.
morphe	form	polymorphous	having many forms	Most mythologies have a
		(adj)		polymorphous figure, a "shape
				shifter" who can be both animal and
				human.
pathos	suffering,	pathetic (adj)	arousing feelings of pity or sadness	Willy Loman is a complex character
	feeling			who is both pathetic and heroic.
philos	loving	xenophile (n)	a person who is attracted to foreign	Alex is a xenophile ; I doubt he'll ever
			peoples, cultures, or customs	come back to the States.
phobos	fear	xenophobe (n)	person who fears or hates foreigners	Don't expect Len to go on the trip;
			or strange cultures or customs	he's a xenophobe .
photos	light	photobiotic (adj)	living or thriving only in the presence	Plants are photobiotic and will die
			of light	without light.
podos	foot	podiatrist (n)	an expert in diagnosis and treatment	The podiatrist saw that the ingrown
			of ailments of the human foot	toenail had become infected.
psuedein	to deceive	pseudonym (n)	false name	George Eliot is a pseudonym for
			110	Mary Ann Evans.
pyr	fire	pyromaniac (n)	one who has a compulsion to set	The warehouse fire was not an
			things on fire	accident; it was set by a
				pyromaniac.
soma	body	psychosomatic	of or involving both the mind and	In a psychosomatic illness, physical
		(adj)	body	symptoms are caused by emotional
				distress.
tele	distant	telescope (n)	optical instrument for making distant	While Galileo did not invent the
			objects appear larger and nearer	telescope, he was the first to use it
			when viewed through the lens	to study the planets and stars.
therme	heat	thermos (n)	insulated jug or bottle that keeps	The thermos kept my coffee hot all
			liquids hot or cold	afternoon.

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1001 VOCABULARY & SPELLING QUESTIONS

SECTION

1

Synonyms, Antonyms,

Verbal Classification, and Analogies

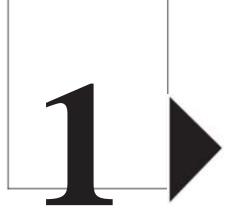
HISSECTIONCONSISTS of five chapters of different types of vocabularyquestions.

Questions vary from finding similar words to finding dissimilar words, from identifying analogies, to identifying the three words that are similar within a group of four words.

Most standardized tests use synonym and antonym questions to test verbal skills. The first chapter in this section is on synonyms. A synonym is a word that means the same or nearly the same as another word. You will be asked to find synonyms, or choose the word that has the same or nearly the same meaning. In Chapter 2, you will identify antonyms, or words that are most nearly the opposite of the word in italics. The questions in Chap-ter 3 ask you to identify the word that is most similar or dissimilar to another word, effectively testing your knowledge of two words. Chapter 4 tests your ability to identify groups of word as similar to one another. You do this by finding the word in the list of four that does not belong with the other three words. Finally, in Chapter 5 you are asked to iden-tify word analogies. Analogies are comparisons. To answer an analogy question, look for a relationship between the first set of words. Then, look for a similar relationship in the second set of words. Choose the answer that best completes the comparison.

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CHAPTER



Synonyms

Choose the synonym for each of the words in italics. 3. Which

- **1.** Which word means the same as *erroneous?*
 - a. digressive
 - b. confused
 - **c.** impenetrable
 - d. incorrect
- **2.** Which word means the same as *grotesque?*
 - a.extreme
 - **b.** frenzied
 - **c.** hideous
 - d. typical

- **3.** Which word means the same as *garbled?*
 - a. lucid
 - b. unintelligible
 - c. devoured
 - d. outrageous
- **4.** Which word means the same as *expose?*
 - a. relate
 - b. develop
 - c. reveal
 - d. pretend

5. Which word means the same as <i>coerce?</i>a. forceb. permitc. wasted. deny	11. Which word means the same as distinct?a. satisfiedb. imprecisec. uneasyd. separate
 6. Which word means the same as abrupt? a. interrupt b. sudden c. extended d. corrupt 	12. Which word means the same as flagrant?a. secretb. worthlessc. nobled. glaring
 7. Which word means the same as apathy? a. hostility b. depression c. indifference d. concern 8. Which word means the same as despair? a. mourning b. disregard c. hopelessness d. loneliness 	 13. Which word means the same as oration? a. nuisance b. independence c. address d. length 14. Which word means the same as libel? a. description b. praise c. destiny d. slander
 9. Which word means the same as contemptuous? a. respectful b. unique c. scornful d. insecure 10. Which word means the same as tote? a. acquire b. carry c. tremble d. abandon 	 15. Which word means the same asphilanthropy? a. selfishness b. fascination c. disrespect d. charity 16. Which word means the same asproximity? a. distance b. agreement c. nearness d. intelligence

23. tailor

a. insignificant	a. measure
b. delicate	b. construct
c. meaningful	c. launder
d. illegible	d. alter
18. Which word means the same as <i>vigilant?</i>	24. yield
a. nonchalant	a. merge
b. watchful	b. relinquish
c. righteous	c. destroy
d. strenuous	d. hinder
19. Which word means the same as <i>astute?</i>	25. eternal
a. perceptive	a. timeless
b. inattentive	b. heavenly
c. stubborn	c. loving
d. elegant	d. wealthy
20. Which word means the same as <i>collaborate?</i>	26. stow
a. cooperate	a. pack
b. convince	b. curtsy
c. entice	c. fool
 20. Which word means the same as collaborate? a. cooperate b. convince c. entice d. elaborate 21. Which word means the same as insipid?	d. trample
21. Which word means the same as <i>insipid?</i>	27. intimate
a. overbearing	a. frightening
b. tasteless	b. curious
c. exhilarating	c. private
d. elaborate	d. characteristic
For each of the following words, choose the word	28. consider
that has the same or nearly the same meaning.	a. promote
	b. require
22. navigate	c. adjust
a. search	d. ponder
b. decide	
c. steer	
d. assist	

17. Which word means the same as *negligible?*

- **29.** humidify
 - a. moisten
 - **b.** warm
 - c. gather
 - **d.** spray
- **30.** arouse
 - a. inform
 - **b.** abuse
 - c. waken
 - d. deceive
- **31.** harass
 - a. trick
 - b. confuse
 - **c.** betray
 - **d.** pester
- **32.** fortified
 - a. reinforced
 - **b.** distorted
 - c. disputed
 - **d.** developed
- 33. delegate
 - a. analyze
 - **b.** respect
 - c. criticize
 - d. assign
- 34. accountable
 - a. applauded
 - b. compensated
 - c. responsible
 - d. approached

- **35.** philosophy
 - a. bias
 - **b.** principles
 - c. evidence
 - d. process
- **36.** custom
 - a. purpose
 - **b.** habit
 - c. buyer
 - d. role
- 37. harbor
 - a. halter
 - **b.** statement
 - c. refuge
 - d. garment
- **38.** muse
 - a. tune
 - **b.** ponder
 - c. encourage
 - d. read
- 39. vessel
 - a. container
 - **b.** furniture
 - c. garment
 - d. branch
- 40. dispute
 - a. debate
 - **b.** release
 - c. divide
 - d. redeem

- **41.** site
 - a. location
 - **b.** formation
 - c. speech
 - d. view
- 42. compensate
 - a. help
 - **b.** challenge
 - c. defeat
 - **d.** pay
- **43.** journal
 - a. trip
 - **b.** receipt
 - c. diary
 - **d.** list
- **44.** opportunity
 - a. sensitivity
 - b. arrogance
 - c. chance
 - d. reference
- **45.** invent
 - a. insert
 - **b.** discover
 - c. apply
 - **d.** allow
- **46.** sphere
 - a. air
 - b. spread
 - c. globe
 - **d.** enclosure

- **47.** refine
 - a. condone
 - **b.** provide
 - c. change
 - **d.** purify
- 48. pledge
 - a. picture
 - **b.** idea
 - c. quote
 - d. promise
- **49.** gangly
 - a. illegally
 - b. closely
 - c. ugly
 - d. lanky
- d. 50 sage a. "
 - a. wise
 - **b.** obnoxious
 - c. conceited
 - d. heartless
 - **51.** dormant
 - a. hidden
 - **b.** slumbering
 - c. rigid
 - d. misplaced
 - **52.** banish
 - a. exile
 - **b.** decorate
 - c. succumb
 - d. encourage

- **53.** croon
 - a. swim
 - b. sing
 - c. stroke
 - d.yell
- **54.** hostel
 - a. turnstile
 - **b.** cot
 - c. trek
 - **d.** inn
- **55.** mesa
 - a. brain
 - **b.** plateau
 - c. wagon
 - d. dwelling
- **56.** ado
 - a. idiom
 - **b.** punishment
 - c. cost
 - **d.** fuss
- **57.** obscure
 - a. concealed
 - **b.** obvious
 - c. reckless
 - d. subjective
- **58.** malicious
 - a.spiteful
 - **b.** changeable
 - c. murderous
 - d. dangerous

- **59.** obsolete
 - a. current
 - **b.** dedicated
 - c. unnecessary
 - d. outmoded
- **60.** expansive
 - a. talkative
 - **b.** relaxed
 - c. humorous
 - d. grateful
- 61. relinquish
 - a. abandon
 - **b.** report
 - c. commence
 - d. abide
- **62.** submissive
 - a. raucous
 - **b.** obedient
 - c. virtuous
 - d. selfish
- **63.** ponderous
 - a. heavy
 - **b.** thoughtful
 - c. hearty
 - d. generous
- **64.** stoical
 - a. impassive
 - **b.** loud
 - c. curious
 - **d.** intense

- 65. haggard
 - a. handsome
 - **b.** honest
 - c. gaunt
 - d. intense
- 66. enigma
 - a. laughter
 - **b.** mystery
 - c. enclosure
 - d. shadow
- 67. jocular
 - a. lenient
 - **b.** strict
 - c. powerful
 - **d.** jolly
- 68. rebuke
 - a. scold
 - **b.** deny
 - c. distract
 - d. protect
- 69. renown
 - a. attitude
 - **b.** fame
 - $\mathbf{c.}$ health
 - d. strength
- **70.** robust
 - a. eager
 - **b.**rough
 - c. old-fashioned
 - d. vigorous

- 71. mundane
 - a. proper
 - **b.** ordinary
 - c. greedy
 - d. murky
- **72.** remiss
 - a. recent
 - **b.** false
 - c. negligent
 - d. broken
- **73.** imminent
 - a. sturdy
 - b. actual
 - c. soon
 - d. later
- 74. inordinate
 - a. excessive
 - **b.** exclusive
 - c. purpose
 - d. hesitant
- **75.** disheveled
 - a. rumpled
 - **b.** divorced
 - c. marked
 - d. dedicated
- 76. disillusioned
 - a. disadvantageous
 - ${\bf b.}$ distracted
 - c. disenchanted
 - d. disarming

77. query

a. inspect

b. quote

c. succeed

d. inquire

78. clemency

a. competency

b. certainty

c. destiny

d. mercy

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CHAPTER



Antonyms

Choose the antonym for each of the words in italics.

- **79.** Which word is the opposite of *alert?*
 - a. attentive
 - **b.** inattentive
 - c. careful
 - d. trivial
- **80.** Which word is the opposite of *cautious?*
 - a. considerate
 - **b.**noble
 - c. proper
 - d.reckless

- **81.** Which word means the opposite of *shameful?*
 - a. honorable
 - **b.** animated
 - c. fickle
 - d. modest
- **82.** Which word means the opposite of *vague?*
 - a. hazy
 - **b.** skilled
 - c. definite
 - d.tender

83. Which word means the opposite of <i>vulnerable?</i>	89. Which word means the opposite of <i>prompt?</i> a. punctual
a. frantic	b. slack
b. feeble	c. tardy
c. secure	d.regular
d. complicated	u.ioguiai
uveomphemed	90. Which word is the opposite of <i>delay?</i>
84. Which word means the opposite of <i>distress?</i>	a. slow
a. comfort	b. hasten
b. reward	c. pause
c. trouble	d.desist
d. compromise	
•	91. Which word is the opposite of <i>soothe?</i>
85. Which word means the opposite of <i>unity</i> ?	a. increase
a. discord	b. comfort
b. stimulation	c. aggravate
c. consent	d. delight
d.neglect	* Co
	92. Which word means the opposite
86. Which word means the opposite of <i>clarify?</i>	of moderate?
a. explain	a. original
b. dismay	b. average
c. obscure	c. final
d. provide	c. aggravate d. delight 92. Which word means the opposite of moderate? a. original b. average c. final d. excessive
87. Which word means the opposite of <i>grant?</i>	93. Which word means the opposite of <i>reveal?</i>
a. deny	a. disclose
b. consume	b. achieve
c. allocate	c. retreat
d. provoke	d. conceal
88. Which word means the opposite	94. Which word means the opposite of <i>initial?</i>
of impartial?	a. first
a. complete	b. crisis
b. prejudiced	c. final
c. unbiased	d. right
d. erudite	

101. Which word means the opposite of grueling?

95. Which word means the opposite of *brittle?*

a. flexible	a. effortless
b. breakable	b. casual
c. grating	c. exhausting
d. thin	d. empty
96. Which word means the opposite of <i>capable?</i>	102. Which word means the opposite of <i>forsake?</i>
a. unskilled	a. admit
b. absurd	b. abandon
c. apt	c. submit
d. able	d. cherish
97. Which word means the opposite of <i>stray?</i>	103. Which word is the opposite of <i>restrain?</i>
a. remain	a. control
b. inhabit	b. liberate
c. wander	c. maintain
d. incline	d. distract
98. Which word is the opposite of <i>dainty?</i>	104. Which word is the opposite of bleak?
a. delicate	a. desperate
b. coarse	b. dreary
c. harsh	c. bright
 98. Which word is the opposite of dainty? a. delicate b. coarse c. harsh d. delicious 99. Which word means the opposite of craving? 	d. fond
99. Which word means the opposite of <i>craving?</i>	105. Which word is the opposite of <i>unruly?</i>
a. desire	a. controllable
b. repudiation	b. disorderly
c. motive	c. honest
d. revulsion	d. covered
100. Which word means the opposite of	106. Which word is the opposite of solidarity?
ferocious?	a. union
a. docile	b. disunity
b. savage	c. laxity
c. explosive	d. rigidity
d. noble	

107.	Which word is the opposite of retract?	113.	Which word means the opposite of belittle?
	a. assert		a. arrange
	b. withdraw		b. compliment
	c. impugn		c. criticize
	d. follow		d. presume
108.	Which word is the opposite of concise?	114.	Which word means the opposite of aimless?
	a. generous		a. inactive
	b. lengthy		b. faithful
	c. loose		c. purposeful
	d. brief		d. impartial
109.	Which word is the opposite of <i>omit?</i>	115.	Which word means the opposite of detest?
	a. eliminate		a. prohibit
	b. perform		b. hate
	c. depart		c. examine
	d. include		d. admire
110.	Which word means the opposite of prohibit?	116.	Which word means the opposite of valiant?
	a. surrender	70.	a. instinctive
	b. permit	,7	b. cowardly
	c. involve		c. cynical
	Which word means the opposite of prohibit? a. surrender b. permit c. involve d. embrace Which word means the opposite of disclose?		d. worthy
111.	Which word means the opposite of disclose?	117.	Which word means the opposite of <i>lenient?</i>
	a. succeed		a. capable
	b. conceal		b. impractical
	c. restrain		c. merciful
	d. possess		d. domineering
112.	Which word means the opposite of stifle?	118.	Which word means the opposite of tarnish?
	a. encourage		a. absorb
	b. familiarize		b. endure
	c. deny		c. shine
	d. overcome		d. sully

- **119.** Which word means the opposite of *mandatory?*
 - a. apparent
 - **b.** equal
 - c. optional
 - d. required
- **120.** Which word means the opposite of *chagrin?*
 - a. conviction
 - **b.** irritation
 - c. pleasure
 - d. humanity
- **121.** Which word means the opposite of *commence?*
 - a. initiate
 - **b.** adapt
 - c. harass
 - d. terminate
- **122.** Which word means the opposite of *conscientious?*
 - a. careless
 - **b.** apologetic
 - c. diligent
 - d. boisterous
- **123.** Which word means the opposite of *deficient?*
 - a. necessary
 - **b.** adequate
 - c. flawed
 - **d.** simple
- **124.** Which word means the opposite of *lucid?*
 - a. ordinary
 - b. turbulent
 - c. implausible
 - d. vague

- **125.** Which word means the opposite of
 - judicious?
 - a. partial
 - **b.** litigious
 - c. imprudent
 - **d.** unrestrained
- **126.** Which word means the opposite of
 - dissonance?
 - **a.** harmony
 - b. carefulness
 - c. specificity
 - d. value
- **127.** Which word means the opposite of *erudite*?
 - a. uneducated
 - **b.** polite
 - c. unknown
 - **d.** agitated

For each of the following words, choose the word that means the *opposite* or most nearly the opposite.

- **128.** harmony
 - a. noise
 - **b.** brevity
 - c. safety
 - d. discord
- **129.** insult
 - a. compliment
 - **b.** contempt
 - c. argument
 - d. attitude

130. general

a. specific

b. total

c. insignificant

d. substantial

131.imaginary

a. sober

b. ordinary

c. unrealistic

d. factual

132. demolish

a. attend

b. consider

c. create

d. stifle

133. absorb

a. acquire

b. repel

c. consume

d. assist

134. critical

a. inimical

b. judgmental

c. massive

d. trivial

135. infantile

a. despicable

b. adolescent

c. mature

d. perpetual

136. retain

a. withhold

b. release

c. succumb

d. incise

137. impulsive

a. secure

b. mandatory

c. rash

d. cautious

138. competent

a. incomplete

b. intense

c. inept

d. massive

139. promote

a. explicate

b. downgrade

c. concede

d. retain

140. requirement

a. plan

b. consequence

 $\mathbf{c.}$ option

d. accident

141. irritate

a. soothe

b. drain

c. resist

d. solve

- 142. punctual
 - a. random
 - **b.** smooth
 - c. intermittent
 - **d.** tardy
- **143.** virtue
 - a. reality
 - **b.** fact
 - c. vice
 - d. amateur
- 144. fortunate
 - a. excluded
 - **b.** hapless
 - c. hardworking
 - **d.** lucky
- **145.** notable
 - a. oral
 - **b.** graceful
 - c. legal
 - d. ordinary
- **146.** prim
 - a. outrageous
 - **b.** last
 - c. ugly
 - d. cantankerous
- **147.** prosperous
 - a. affluent
 - **b.** destitute
 - c. cowardly
 - **d.** receptive

- **148.** nimble
 - a. sturdy
 - b. sluggish
 - c. thoughtless
 - d. relaxed
- 149. tranquil
 - a. agitated
 - **b.** explicit
 - c. sluggish
 - d. composed
- **150.** sprightly
 - a. eager
 - **b.** lofty
 - c. dull
 - d. local
- 151.amiable
 - a. dangerous
 - **b.** permissive
 - c. aloof
 - d. congenial
- WWW.Strldy **152.** prudent
 - a. rash
 - **b.** licentious
 - c. libertine
 - d. demonstrative
 - **153.** scant
 - a. pellucid
 - **b.** meager
 - c. copious
 - d. vocal

154. steadfast

a. envious

b. fickle

c. improvident

d. sluggish

155. stringent

a. obese

b. lax

c. obtuse

d. fluid



Synonyms and Antonyms

www.studyplanet.net Read each question carefully and select the word 158. Subdue is most similar to that is most similar or most dissimilar in meaning to the word provided.

- **156.** *Rational* is most similar to
 - a. deliberate.
 - **b.** invalid.
 - c. prompt.
 - d. sound.
- **157.** Attribute is most similar to
 - a. quality.
 - **b.** penalty.
 - c. speech.
 - d. admission.

- - a. conquer.
 - b. complain.
 - c. deny.
 - d. respect.
- **159.** *Animated* is most similar to
 - a. abbreviated.
 - b. civil.
 - c. secret.
 - d. lively.

160. <i>Awe</i> is most dissimilar to	166. Subjective is most dissimilar to
a. contempt.	a. invective.
b. reverence.	b. objectionable.
c. valor.	c. unbiased.
d. distortion.	d. obedient.
161. <i>Intricate</i> is most similar to	167. <i>Succinct</i> is most dissimilar to
a. delicate.	a. distinct.
b. costly.	b. laconic.
c. prim.	c. feeble.
d.complex.	d. verbose.
162. <i>Skeptic</i> is most dissimilar to	168. <i>Enthusiastic</i> is most similar to
a. innovator.	a. adamant.
b. friend.	b. available.
c. politician.	c. cheerful.
d. believer.	d. eager.
	x Co
163. <i>Hypothetical</i> is most dissimilar to	169. Adequate is most similar to
a. uncritical.	a. sufficient.
b. actual.	b. mediocre.
c. specific.	c. proficient.
 163. Hypothetical is most dissimilar to a. uncritical. b. actual. c. specific. d. imaginary. 	d. average.
164. <i>Enhance</i> is most dissimilar to	170. <i>Uniform</i> is most dissimilar to
a. diminish.	a. dissembling.
b. improve.	b. diverse.
c. digress.	c. bizarre.
d. deprive.	d. slovenly.
165. <i>Manipulate</i> is most similar to	171. <i>Ecstatic</i> is most similar to
a. simplify.	a. inconsistent.
b. deplete.	b. positive.
c. nurture.	c. wild.
d. handle.	d. thrilled.

- **172.** *Affect* is most similar to
 - a. accomplish.
 - b. cause.
 - c. sicken.
 - d. influence.
- **173.** Waryis most dissimilar to
 - a. alert.
 - **b.** leery.
 - c. worried.
 - d. careless.
- **174.** *Novel*is most dissimilar to
 - a. dangerous.
 - **b.** unsettled.
 - c. suitable.
 - d. old.
- **175.** *Continuous* is most similar to
 - a. intermittent.
 - **b.** adjacent.
 - c. uninterrupted.
 - d. contiguous.
- **176.** *Courtesy*is most similar to
 - a. civility.
 - **b.** congruity.
 - c. conviviality.
 - d. rudeness.
- **177.** Fallacyis most dissimilar to
 - a. truth.
 - **b.** blessing.
 - c.weakness.
 - d. fable.

- **178.** Frailis most similar to
 - a. vivid.
 - b. delicate.
 - c. robust.
 - d. adaptable.
- **179.** Recuperateis most similar to
 - a. recover.
 - b. endorse.
 - c. persist.
 - d. worsen.
- **180.** Subsequentis most dissimilar to
 - a. necessary.
 - **b.** insignificant.
 - c. primary.
 - d. previous.
- **181.** Nonchalantis most dissimilar to
 - a. intelligent.
 - **b.** popular.
 - c. concerned.
 - d. reckless.
- **182.** *Hoax*is most similar to
 - a. logic.
 - b. crusade.
 - c. embargo.
 - **d.** ruse.
- **183.** *Composure* is most similar to
 - a. agitation.
 - b. poise.
 - c. liveliness.
 - d. stimulation.

- **184.** Excise is most dissimilar to
 - a. sleep.
 - b. retain.
 - c. organize.
 - d. staple.
- **185.** *Disperse*is most dissimilar to
 - a. gather.
 - b. agree.
 - c. praise.
 - d. satisfy.
- **186.** *Eccentric* is most similar to
 - a. normal.
 - **b.** frugal.
 - c. peculiar.
 - d. selective.
- **187.** Commendableis most similar to
 - a. admirable.
 - **b.** accountable.
 - c. irresponsible.
 - d. noticeable.
- **188.** *Domain* is most similar to
 - a. entrance.
 - **b.** rebellion.
 - c. formation.
 - **d.** territory.
- **189.** Passiveis most similar to
 - a. inactive.
 - **b.** emotional.
 - **c.** lively.
 - d. woeful.

- **190.** *Liberate*is most dissimilar to
 - a. conserve.
 - b. restrain.
 - c. attack.
 - d. ruin.
- **191.** Faltering is most dissimilar to
 - a. steady.
 - b. adoring.
 - c. explanatory.
 - d. reluctant.
- **192.** Vastis most similar to
 - a. attentive.
 - **b.** immense.
 - c. steady.
 - d. slight.
- **193.** *Comply*is most similar to
 - a. subdue.
 - **b.** entertain.
 - c. flatter.
 - d. obey.
- **194.** *Optimum*is most dissimilar to
 - a. mediocre.
 - **b.** victorious.
 - c. worst.
 - d. rational.
- **195.** *Enlighten* is most similar to
 - a. relocate.
 - **b.** confuse.
 - c. comply.
 - d. teach.

- **196.** *Tedious*is most dissimilar to
 - a. stimulating.
 - b. alarming.
 - **c.** intemperate.
 - d. tranquil.
- **197.** *Exonerate*is most dissimilar to
 - a. minimize.
 - **b.** respect.
 - c. irritate.
 - d. blame.
- **198.** Ephemeralis most dissimilar to
 - a. internal.
 - **b.** enduring.
 - c. temporary.
 - d. hidden.
- **199.** Predecessoris most dissimilar to
 - a. successor.
 - b. antecedent.
 - c. descendant.
 - d. ancestor.
- **200.** Refrainis most similar to
 - a. desist.
 - **b.** secure.
 - **c.** glimpse.
 - d. persevere.
- **201.** Affable is most dissimilar to
 - a. disagreeable.
 - **b.** hollow.
 - c. simple.
 - **d.** eager.

- **202.** Rigorousis most similar to
 - a. demanding.
 - b. tolerable.
 - c. lenient.
 - d. disorderly.
- **203.** *Orient*is most dissimilar to
 - a. confuse.
 - **b.** arouse.
 - c. deter.
 - d. simplify.
- **204.** Levitateis most dissimilar to
 - a. plod.
 - **b.** undulate.
 - c. whisper.
 - d. sink.
- **205**. *Oblivious* is most similar to
 - a. visible.
 - **b.** sinister.
 - c. conscious.
 - d. unaware.
- **206.** *Verify*is most similar to
 - a. disclose.
 - **b.** confirm.
 - c. refute.
 - d. unite.
- **207.** Pacifyis most dissimilar to
 - a. complicate.
 - b. dismiss.
 - c. excite.
 - d. atomize.

- 208. Plausibleis most dissimilar to
 - a. insufficient.
 - **b.** apologetic.
 - c. unbelievable.
 - **d.** credible.
- **209.** *Idle* is most similar to
 - a. working.
 - b. effective.
 - c. immobile.
 - d. functional.
- 210. Avidis most dissimilar to
 - a. partial.
 - **b.** unenthusiastic.
 - c. equal.
 - d. unkind.
- **211.** *Meek* is most dissimilar to
 - a. mild.
 - **b.** painful.
 - c. forceful.
 - d. polite.
- **212.** Complacentis most dissimilar to
 - a. concerned.
 - **b.** pleasant.
 - **c.** happy.
 - d. convinced.
- **213.** *Ambiguous* is most dissimilar to
 - a. apathetic.
 - b. certain.
 - c. equivocal.
 - d. indefinite.

- **214.** *Confer* is most similar to
 - a. confide.
 - b. consult.
 - c. refuse.
 - d. promise.
- **215.** *Repast*is most similar to
 - a. meal.
 - **b.** debt.
 - c. book.
 - d. goal.
- **216.** *Esteem*is most dissimilar to
 - a. disrespect.
 - b. disregard.
 - c. dissent.
 - d. disabuse.
- 217. Eloquentis most dissimilar to
 - a. shabby.
 - **b.** fluent.
 - c. inarticulate.
 - d. plain.
- 218. Apatheticis most similar to
 - a. pitiable.
 - **b.** indifferent.
 - c. suspicious.
 - d. evasive.
- **219.** *Deterrent* is most dissimilar to
 - a. encouragement.
 - **b.** obstacle.
 - c. proponent.
 - d. discomfort.

- **220.** *Impertinent* is most dissimilar to
 - a. animated.
 - **b.** rude.
 - c. relentless.
 - **d.** polite.
- **221.** Augmentis most similar to
 - a. repeal.
 - **b.** evaluate.
 - c. increase.
 - d. criticize.
- **222.** Ludicrousis most dissimilar to
 - a. absurd.
 - **b.** somber.
 - c. reasonable.
 - d. charitable.
- **223.** Archaicis most dissimilar to
 - a. tangible.
 - **b.** modern.
 - c. ancient.
 - d. haunted.
- **224.** *Incredulous* is most similar to
 - a. fearful.
 - **b.** outraged.
 - c. inconsolable.
 - **d.** disbelieving.
- **225.** *Vindictive* is most similar to
 - a. outrageous.
 - **b.** insulting.
 - c. spiteful.
 - **d.** offensive.

- **226.** Sullenis most dissimilar to
 - a. morose.
 - **b.** impetuous.
 - c. provocative.
 - d. jovial.
- **227.** *Menial*is most similar to
 - a. lowly.
 - **b.** boring.
 - c. dangerous.
 - d. rewarding.
- **228.** Panaceais most similar to
 - a. cure.
 - b. result.
 - c. cause.
 - **d.** necessity.
- **229**. *Taut*is most dissimilar to
 - a. neutral.
 - **b.** relaxed.
 - c. rigid.
 - d. vague.
- 230. Rileis most dissimilar to
 - a. appease.
 - b. prosper.
 - c. oppress.
 - **d.** irk.
- **231.** *Glib* is most similar to
 - a. angry.
 - **b.** insulting.
 - c. dishonest.
 - d. insincere.

- **232.** *Mar*is most dissimilar to
 - a. delineate.
 - b. bolster.
 - c. clarify.
 - d. repair.
- **233.** Cognizantis most similar to
 - a. conscious.
 - **b.** educated.
 - c. mystified.
 - d. confused.
- **234.** *Mediate*is most similar to
 - a. ponder.
 - **b.** interfere.
 - c. reconcile.
 - d. dissolve.
- **235.** *Concurrent* is most similar to
 - a. incidental.
 - **b.** simultaneous.
 - c. apprehensive.
 - d. substantial.
- **236.** *Induce* is most similar to
 - a. prompt.
 - **b.** withdraw.
 - c. presume.
 - d. represent.
- **237.** *Intrepid*is most dissimilar to
 - a. belligerent.
 - **b.** consistent.
 - c. chivalrous.
 - d. fearful.

- **238.** *Saturate* is most similar to
 - a. deprive.
 - b. construe.
 - c. soak.
 - d. verify.
- **239.** *Methodical*is most dissimilar to
 - a. erratic.
 - **b.** deliberate.
 - c. hostile.
 - d. deformed.
- **240.** Latentis most dissimilar to
 - a. slow.
 - **b.** tardy.
 - **c.** dormant.
 - d. active.
- **241.** *Proscribe* is most similar to
 - a. measure.
 - **b.** recommend.
 - c. detect.
 - d. forbid.
- **242.** Prevarication is most dissimilar to
 - a. accolade.
 - b. veracity.
 - c. deprecation.
 - d. mendacity.
- **243.** *Mirth*is most dissimilar to
 - a. pallor.
 - **b.** solemnity.
 - c. penury.
 - d. lethargy.

SYNONYMS AND ANTONYMS

- **244.** *Surreptitious* is most similar to
 - a. expressive.
 - **b.** secretive.
 - **c.** emotional.
 - **d.** artistic.

- **245.** *Trepidation* is most dissimilar to
 - a. distribution.
 - **b.** agitation.
 - c. fearlessness.
 - **d.** uniformity.

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Verbal Classification

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For the following questions, choose the word that 248. a. premeditated does not belong with the others.

- 246. a.confirmed
 - **b.** tentative
 - c. definite
 - d. conclusive
- 247. a.implied
 - **b.** distinct
 - c. explicit
 - **d.** forthright

- - **b.** rehearsed
 - **c.** spontaneous
 - d. calculated
- **249.** a. rampant
 - b. restrained
 - c. widespread
 - d. pervasive
- 250. a. flexible
 - b. rigid
 - c. supple
 - d. limber

VERBAL CLASSIFICATION

- **251.** a. subdue
 - **b.** crush
 - c. suppress
 - d. provoke
- 252. a. comprise
 - **b.** compose
 - c. exclude
 - d. constitute
- 253. a. infinitesimal
 - **b.** infinite
 - c. immense
 - d. vast
- **254. a.** heroism
 - b. incompetence
 - c. prowess
 - d. mastery
- **255. a.** rasping
 - **b.** grating
 - c. abrasive
 - d. polished
- **256.** a. comely
 - b. deformed
 - c. grotesque
 - d. repulsive
- 257. a. receptive
 - **b.** intolerant
 - c. compassionate
 - **d.** amenable
- **258. a.** sloppy
 - **b.** disheveled
 - c. orderly
 - d. unkempt

- 259. a. word for word
 - **b.** exact
 - **c.** verbatim
 - d. paraphrased
- 260. a. recklessly
 - **b.** carefully
 - c. warily
 - d. prudently
- **261.** a. destitute
 - **b.** poverty-stricken
 - c. affluent
 - d. impoverished
- **262.** a. dour
 - **b.** inviting
 - c. welcoming
 - **d.** cheery
- **263. a.** clumsy
 - **b.** nimble
 - c. all thumbs
 - d. maladroit
- 264. a. compliment
 - **b.** ridicule
 - c. deride
 - d. gibe
- 265. a. deprived
 - **b.** bereft
 - **c.** replete
 - d. bereaved
- **266.** a. resolve
 - **b.** fortitude
 - c. mettle
 - **d.** timidity

- 267. a. submissive
 - b. obedient
 - c. acquiescent
 - d. officious
- 268. a. proficient
 - **b.** inept
 - c. deft
 - **d.** adroit
- 269. a. felicitous
 - **b.** inopportune
 - c. inappropriate
 - **d.** ill-timed
- **270.** a. vex
 - **b.** aggravate
 - **c.** mollify
 - d. agitate
- **271. a.** stately
 - **b.** abject
 - c. lowly
 - d. humble
- 272. a. mercenary
 - **b.** venal
 - c. honest
 - **d.** corruptible
- **273.** a. pinnacle
 - **b.** perigee
 - c. summit
 - d. acme
- **274. a.** demur
 - b. concur
 - c. consent
 - d. accede

- **275. a.** replica
 - **b.** permutation
 - c. facsimile
 - d. reproduction
- 276. a. pernicious
 - **b.** toxic
 - c. innocuous
 - **d.** virulent
- 277. a. stentorian
 - **b.** booming
 - c. thundering
 - d. tranquil
- 278. a. permissive
 - b. lenient
 - c. indulgent
 - d. implacable
- **279. a.** bedlam
 - **b.** pandemonium
 - c. repose
 - d. tumult
- **280.** a. stimulating
 - **b.** somnolent
 - c. soporific
 - **d.** hypnotic
- 281. a. impassioned
 - **b.** vehement
 - $\mathbf{c.}$ emphatic
 - d. apathetic
- **282. a.** savory
 - **b.** distasteful
 - c. piquant
 - d. aromatic

VERBAL CLASSIFICATION

283. a.dissent

b. sanction

c. concur

d. assent

284. a.devout

b. fervent

c. zealous

d. dispirited

5

c. terrifiedd. reckless

Analogies

Many kinds of academic and work-related tests include analogies. Analogies are comparisons. To answer an analogy question, look for a relationship between the first set of words. Then, look for a similar relationship in the second set of words.

For the following questions, choose the answer	r that 287.scarcely: mostly:: quietly:
best completes the comparison.	a. secretly
	b. rudely
285. polite : gracious :: cordial :	c. loudly
a. courteous	d. silently
b. confident	
c. comfortable	288. candid : indirect :: honest :
d. bold	a. frank
	b. wicked
286. embarrassed : humiliated :: frightened :	c. truthful
	d. devious
a. courageous	
b. agitated	

289. control : dominate :: magnify :	295. elated : despondent :: enlightened :
a. enlarge	
b. preserve	a. aware
c. decrease	b. tolerant
d. divide	c. miserable
	d.ignorant
290. exactly: precisely:: evidently:	
a. positively	296. divulge : conceal :: conform :
b. apparently	a. construe
c. narrowly	b. differ
d. unquestionably	c. retain
	d. offer
291. meaningful : insignificant :: essential :	
	297. restrain : curb :: recant :
a. basic	a. foretell
b. important	b. retract
c. unremarkable	c. entertain
d. unnecessary	d .resent
	166
292. simple : complex :: trivial :	298. admire : despise :: praise :
a. inconspicuous	a.ravage
b. significant	b. surrender
c. permanent	c. admonish
a. inconspicuous b. significant c. permanent d. irrelevant	d. warn
293. neophyte : novice :: pursuit :	299. advance : retreat :: curtail :
a. passion	a. damage
b. restraint	b. discard
c. quest	c. consume
d. speed	d. prolong
294. regard : esteem :: ambivalence :	300. implant : embed :: expel :
a. uncertainty	a. beseech
b. withdrawal	b. oust
c. resemblance	c. accept
d.injustice	d. examine
·	

301. assemble : convene :: categorize :	307. personable : agreeable :: friendly :
a. systematize	a. genial
b. dismiss	b. skillful
c. congregate	c. willful
d. alternate	d. relevant
302. grind : crush :: demolish :	308. heterogeneous : mixed :: profuse :
a. divulge	a. lush
b. check	b. timid
c. pulverize	c. scarce
d. steam	d. painful
303. continuation : sequel :: scheme :	309. trust : suspicion :: doubt :
a. supplication	a. aperture
b. management	b. reliance
c. aftermath	c. method
d. plot	d. saga
304. phase : segment :: epoch :	310 . hide : flaunt :: forget :
a. document	a. sympathetic
b. institution	b. unappreciative
c. era	c. retain
a. document b. institution c. era d. emotion	d. unsociable
305. declare : affirm :: cringe :	311. disclose : reveal :: intimate :
a. scorn	a. forbid
b. cower	b. denounce
c. reason	c. announce
d. arrange	d. suggest
306. ally: enemy:: anonymity:	312. conceal : obscure :: procrastinate :
a. restraint	a. anticipate
b. wealth	b. relinquish
c. fame	c. delay
d. anxiety	d. pretend

313. ornate : plain :: blithe :	319. persistent : persevering :: spurious :
a. generous	
b. morose	a. false
c. pretentious	b. dejected
d. fervent	c. delightful
	d. abundant
314. futile : vain :: covert :	
a. secret	320. broadcast : obscure :: welcome :
b. grand	a. prostrate
c. seductive	b. promontory
d. habitual	c. strengthen
	d. eject
315. opposing : differing :: candid :	
a. conclusive	321. enthusiastic : blasé :: upright :
b. strict	a. deplore
c. credible	b. prone
d. frank	c. unlikely
	d passionate
316. expeditiously : swiftly :: diligently :	inges
	322. sedate : sober :: prim :
a. openly	a. staid
b. persistently	b. convalescent
c. increasingly	c. elaborate
a. openly b. persistently c. increasingly d. vividly	d. clairvoyant
317. antics : actions :: banter :	323. courtier : aristocrat :: unknown :
a. deference	a. noble
b. repartee	b. celebrity
c. pranks	c. nonentity
d.candor	d.icon
318. obstinate : stubborn :: staunch :	324. nourish : foster :: abolish :
a. oppressive	a. continue
b. ominous	b. undergo
c. faithful	c. maintain
d. arrogant	d. annul

325. undermine : bolster :: reinforce :	331. design : devise :: upbraid :
a. infringe	a. praise
b. boost	b. acclimate
c. weaken	c. reprimand
d. forego	d. contrive
326. skim : peruse :: delve :	332. accord : understanding :: conversion :
a. scrutinize	
b. scan	a. modification
c. validate	b. transition
d. memorize	c. concurrence
	d. confirmation
327. comical : witty :: humorous :	
a. ghostly	333. taint : decontaminate :: enrage :
b. plunging	a. provoke
c. facetious	b. delve
d. engraved	c. rely
	d. appease
328. intersect : diverge :: ratify :	i ales
a. conceal	334. judicious : prudent :: wise :
a. conceal b. promote c. determine d. nullify	a. ill-mannered
c. determine	b. astute
d. nullify	c. sophisticated
M	d. satisfied
ozo. proclami : amioanee :. restrict :	
a. invalidate	335. arbitrator : mediator :: referee :
b. stint	a. manager
c. convince	b. boor
d. mystify	c. umpire
	d. director
330. barter : swap :: irritate :	
a. annoy	336. ensue : follow :: precede :
b. engage	a. pursue
c. appoint	b. monitor
d. employ	c. track
	d. herald

337. courage: valor:: chivalry:	343. revere : venerate :: esteem :
a. autonomy	a. deny
b. gallantry	b. disdain
c. cowardice	c. respect
d. freedom	d. proclaim
338. regale : amuse :: impart :	344. refined : plebeian :: selective :
a. conceal	a. unjust
b. withhold	b. indiscriminate
c. bestow	c. cultivated
d. chance	d. ordinary
339. pivotal: crucial:: conventional:	345. improbable : plausible :: stable :
a. respectable	a. designated
b. loathsome	b. unilateral
c. admirable	c. volatile
d. conservative	d. farfetched
340. fallacy: misconception:: fact:	346. immoral : ethical :: insufficient :
a. logic	a. unscrupulous
b. judgment	b. dishonest
c. evidence	c. inert
a. logic b. judgment c. evidence d. verdict	d. ample
341. gratuitous : expensive :: sedentary :	347. distance : proximity :: economical :
a. active	a. prodigal
b. legitimate	b. lenient
c. stable	c. bereft
d. selective	d. dishonest
342. hypocrite : phony :: lethargy :	348. shocked : aghast :: skittish :
a. modesty	a. innovative
b. stupor	b. restive
c. pride	c. dynamic
d. disappointment	d. enterprising

349. deprivation : affluence :: capitulation :	355. impending : imminent :: calamitous :
a. resistance	a. disastrous
b. potency	b. fortunate
c. indigence	c. beneficial
d. complacency	d. salutary
350. dupe : deceive :: exculpate :	356. implant : infuse :: inculcate :
a. falsify	a. demand
b. disappear	b. instill
c. invade	c. transplant
d. absolve	d.consider
351. ostracize : banish :: consequence :	357. foreboding : premonition :: qualm :
a. truth	
b. repercussion	a. conviction
c. ritual	b. assurance
d. restitution	c. guarantee
352. churlish: surly:: steadfast:	d. misgiving
a. sly	358. milieu : environment :: culture :
b. assertive	a. commencement
a. sly b. assertive c. shy d. resolute	b. departure
d. resolute	c. customs
·	d. dismay
353. indirect : forthright :: unashamed :	
	359. downcast : jaunty :: despondent :
a. evasive	a. reticent
b. deceitful	b. taciturn
c. abashed	c. jubilant
d. detached	d. indomitable
354. superlative : abysmal :: atrocious :	360. enumerate : cite :: disregard :
a. pallid	a. ignore
b. haggard	b. contain
c. sharp	c. list
d.noble	d. file

361. flashy: garish:: gaudy:	367. amateur : novice :: representative :
a. refined	a. opposition
b. muted	b. proxy
c. tawdry	c. author
d. subdued	d. philosopher
362. traitor : deserter :: renegade :	368. skyrocket : plummet :: diminish :
a. diehard	a. withdraw
b. driver	b. retreat
c. loyalist	c. augment
d.insurgent	d. control
363. etiquette : protocol :: statute :	369. excitable : stoical :: delighted :
a. decree	a. rankled
b. promotion	b. confined
c. modicum	c. restrained
d. contradiction	d.entertained
	X. Ille
364. prominent : conspicuous :: gaunt :	370. mendicant : vagabond :: scavenger :
a. haggard	c. restrained d.entertained 370. mendicant: vagabond:: scavenger: a. scout b. recipient c. forager d.explorer
b. elated	b. recipient
c. ostentatious	c. forager
d. familiar	d. explorer
365. outlandish : conservative :: reserved :	371. friendship : amity :: enmity :
	a. companionship
a. modest	b. camaraderie
b. garrulous	c. chaos
c. appeased	d. animosity
d. failed	
	372. indiscernible : perceptible :: incalculable :
366. belief : doctrine :: hesitation :	
a. desecration	a. genuine
b. communication	b. infinitesimal
c. vacillation	c. serious
d. transportation	d. solemn

373. veritable : actual :: specious :	379. pert : lively :: impudent :
a. sanctimonious	a. insolent
b. overdone	b. gloomy
c. false	c. morose
d. roomy	d. sullen
374. anxiety: trepidation:: lethargy:	380. native : foreign :: commonplace :
a. vitality	a. routine
b. mutuality	b. exotic
c. empathy	c. ordinary
d.lassitude	d. mundane
375. absorbed : engrossed :: bored :	381. compassionate : insensitive :: conceited :
a. unrealistic	
b. inured	a. disarming
c. excluded	b. pretentious
d. stultified	c. modest
	d unassuming
376. involvement : aloofness :: clumsiness :	i alles
a. finesse b. indecision c. authority d. awkwardness	382. characteristic : attribute :: ingredient :
a. finesse	<i>34</i> ′′
b. indecision	a. component
c. authority	b. recipe
d. awkwardness	c. vegetarian
	d. formula
377. incoherent : articulate :: fluent :	
a. eloquent	383. capricious : whimsical :: shrewd :
b. halting	a. cruel
c. lethargic	b. different
d. expressive	c. grateful
	d. astute
378. shiftless: lackadaisical:: hardworking:	
a. sloppy	
7 1	
b. careless	
c. assiduous	

384. gluttonous : abstentious :: complimentary :

385. yielding : submissive :: tractable : _____

a. amenable

b. unruly

c. refractory

d. obstreperous

c. disparagingd. calculating

a. prominent

b. permissive

SECTION

Vocabulary in

Context

HEFOURCHAPTERS in this section test your skills in identifying vocabularyin context. By using the sentences provided, you will figure out which answer choice best fills each blank. In Chapter 6 you are provided with a sentence that gives you clues to finding the appropriate word or phrase. In Chapter 7 you are provided with reading passages that offer clues to finding the correct answer. For each passage, you will be asked a few reading comprehension questions. In Chapter 8 you will replace a common word or phrase with a more descriptive one that has the same or a very similar meaning. This is called identifying synonyms in context. Finally, in Chapter 9, you will be given a pair of words to choose from in order to best complete the sentences provided.

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6

SentenceCompletion

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Choose the best word to fill the blank.

- **386.** To get the promotion she wanted, Priya
 _____ that it was best to go back to
 school to get her master's degree as soon as
 she could.
 - a. anticipated
 - **b.** hindered
 - c. augmented
 - d. resolved

387. The car rental company considered the
scratches on the driver's door to be caused by
a minor

- a. mishap
- **b.** coercion
- c. infiltration
- d. quirk
- **388.** Being a direct relative of the deceased, her claim to the estate was _____.
 - a. optional
 - **b.** vicious
 - c. prominent
 - **d.** legitimate

SENTENCE COMPLETION

389. The hail the cornfield until the	394. The two cats could be only by
entire crop was lost.	the number of rings on their tails;
a. belittled	otherwise, they were exactly alike.
b. pummeled	a. separated
c. rebuked	b. diversified
d.commended	c. disconnected
	d. differentiated
390. The Earth Day committee leader placed	
large garbage bins in the park to	395. Despite her dress, she was a
Saturday's cleanup.	sim-ple girl at heart.
a. confound	a. sophisticated
b. pacify	b. casual
c. integrate	c. shoddy
d. facilitate	d. personable
391. Her rapport with everyone in the office	396. The non-profit agency bought office sup-
the kind of interpersonal skills	plies using a tax number.
that all of the employees appreciated.	a .liability
a. prevailed	b. exempt
b. diverged	c. information
c. exemplified	d. accountability
d. delegated	
a. prevailed b. diverged c. exemplified d. delegated	397. With great and admirable, the
392. When you discuss the characters from	renowned orator spoke to the crowd gath-
The Catcher in the Rye, please be sure to	ered in the lecture hall.
give a	a. toil
description of the narrator.	b. ado
a. principled	c. finesse
b. determined	d. tedium
c. comprehensive	
d. massive	398. , the skilled pediatric nurse fed
	the premature baby.
393. elephants from the wild not	a. Carelessly
only endangers the species but also upsets	b. Precariously
the balance of nature.	c. Gingerly
a. Contriving	d. Wantonly
b. Poaching	
c. Provoking	
d. Hindering	

399. For the first assignment of the fall term, the	404. The teacher put the crayons on the bottom
students in Professor Norman's English 101	shelf to make them to the
class had to write a/an to summa-	young children.
rize the short story they had read.	a. accessible
a. reconciliation	b. receptive
b. acronym	c. eloquent
c. précis	d. ambiguous
d. proclamation	
	405. My computer was state-of-the-art when I
400. She pretended to be about her	bought it three years ago, but now it is
upcoming performance, but secretly she	
was very excited.	a. flammable
a. agitated	b. desolate
b. receptive	c. retroactive
c. candid	d. outmoded
d. blasé	
	406. Visiting all the coffee shops in the city,
401. We were tired when we reached the	they were on a/an to find the
, but the spectacular view of	
the valley below was worth the hike.	a. surge
, but the spectacular view of the valley below was worth the hike. a. circumference b. summit c. fulcrum d. nadir	b. quest
b. summit	c. ultimatum
c. fulcrum	d. cadence
d. nadir	
	407. George developed an plan to
402. The suit had a/an odor, as if it	earn the extra money he needed to start his
had been stored in a trunk for a long time.	own business.
a. olfactory	a. elitist
b. illicit	b. irrational
c. musty	c. aloof
d. decrepit	d.ingenious
•	Ç
403. Since his workplace was so busy and noisy,	408. We knew everything about the newest mem-
he longed most of all for	ber of our group; she was very
a. solitude	a. expressive
b. ascension	b. brash
c. loneliness	c. reserved
d. irreverence	d. egotistical
	Č

409. I have always liked your positive attitude; it	414. Rachel a plan to become a mil-		
has affected our working relation-	lionaire by age thirty.		
ship.	a. conformed		
a. adversely	b. devised		
b. woefully	c. curtailed		
c. candidly	d. condoned		
d. favorably			
	415. Wanting to make a good impression, he		
410. Dog-sitting for Buddy is easy; he is a	found himself in a about the right		
and obedient pet.	tie to wear to the business meeting.		
a. delectable	a. prestige		
b. trite	b. redundancy		
c. meddlesome	c. quandary		
d. docile	d. deficit		
411. The directions to the new school were	416. Since Jennifer needed an "A" in her econom-		
, and I had no trouble finding it in	ics class, she gave studying over		
time for class.	watching her favorite television show.		
a. provident	a. precedence		
b. arduous	b. conformity		
c. explicit	c. perplexity		
d. embodied	d. contention		
"M's			
 a. provident b. arduous c. explicit d. embodied 412. If your drinking water is not, it	417. Hoping to win a prize for the best costume,		
could cause serious health problems.	Mark dressed with bright red sus-		
a. valid	penders and a purple tie.		
b. quenchable	a. eminently		
c. indignant	b. virtuously		
d. potable	c. conspicuously		
	d. obscurely		
413. The new board member said she would vote			
in favor of the proposed city ordinance	418. Brad fell asleep during the lecture because		
because it many of the points dis-	the speaker had such a/an voice.		
cussed earlier this year.	a. monotonous		
a. encompassed	b. torrid		
b. released	c. ample		
c. reminisced	d. vital		
d. dispersed			

419.	The narrator's description was an accurate of a true southern family.	424.		data supports the belief that a population increase.
	a. portrayal		a. nominal	a population increase.
	b. council		b. demographic	
	c. desolation		c. pragmatic	
	d. degeneration		d. nocturnal	
420.	Due to slippery road conditions and the	425.	The new congr	essman was considered a
	slope of the narrow, winding highway, the		becar	use he refused to follow his
	car down the steep mountainous		party's platform	on nearly every issue.
	road.		a. mentor	
	a. dissented		b. maverick	
	b. ventilated		c. protagonist	
	c. careened		d. visionary	
	d. agitated			
		426.	The audience p	ouzzled over the
421.	The fire alarm beckoned the		remark made b	y the mayoral candidate.
	vol-unteer fireman of the small community	3	a. obvious	
	to come to action.	100	b. cryptic	
	a. indifferently	10/0.	c. shrewd	
	b. frightfully	71	d. conniving	
	c. symbolically			
	to come to action. a. indifferently b. frightfully c. symbolically d. audibly	427.		remarks were not taken nyone on the nominating
422.	After running an early 5K race, Simone		com-mittee.	
	devoured a hearty breakfast.		a. porous	
	a. dynamically		b. obsessive	
	b. voraciously		c. frivolous	
	c. generously		d. durable	
	d. contemptuously			
	• •	428.	A key reference	book detailing eyewitness
423.	The participants in the road rally agreed to		•	have updates
	near the village commons by			mation surfaced.
	five o'clock.		a. subsequent	
	a. rendezvous		b. personable	
	b. scatter		c. rote	
	c. filibuster		d. steadfast	
	d. disperse			
	-			

429. The National Parks Service, in	434. After the of his license, he
with its mission, preserves the great	was forbidden to drive.
out-doors for all to enjoy.	a. institution
a. contention	b. foundation
b. amnesty	c. revocation
c. conflict	d. preservation
d.accordance	•
	435. Allan placed the bill in the
430. Although the freeway system continues	wrong folder, and it was not paid in a
to grow, it often cannot keep pace with a	timely man-ner, which adversely affected
population.	his credit rat-ing, causing distress.
a. burgeoning	a. purposely
b. beckoning	b. inadvertently
c. capitulating	c. voluntarily
d. exasperating	d. deliberately
431. She had a reputation as a hostess	436. Do you have the paperwork
and could always be found in the midst of	to register for your class?
a group telling a humorous story or joke.	a. punitive
a. jovial	b. grandiose
b. maudlin	c. restorative
c. predominant	d. requisite
d. tractable	
a group telling a humorous story or joke. a. jovial b. maudlin c. predominant d. tractable	437. Do not yourself; you must pass
432. Understanding the troubling world eco-	the last exam of the semester to graduate.
nomic conditions, the recent graduates	a. delude
spoke about job prospects for	b. depreciate
the future.	c. relinquish
a. warily	d. prohibit
b. luxuriously	
c. coyly	438. Although Hunter was too to
d. narrowly	reveal information to us when we first
	met him, he soon began to talk more than
433. The of sunshine and warm	any-one.
weather were the perfect combination for	a. customary
a vacation by the seashore.	b. reticent
a. assumption	c. animated
b. confluence	d.conceited
c. seclusion	
d. treatise	

439. The darkening skies in the west were a	444. My cousin claimed to be; evi-
to the dangerous thunderstorm	dently she was right, because she always
that summer afternoon.	seemed to know what would happen in the
a. tedium	future.
b. precursor	a. transitory
c. bane	b. comical
d. momentum	c. paramount
	d. clairvoyant
440. The classified information discussed in	
the board room was to a	445. One shriek would be all it would
reporter shortly after the meeting.	take to scare the Halloween trick-or-treaters.
a. testified	a. unearthly
b. divulged	b. covert
c. developed	c. alluring
d. rectified	d. esoteric
441. After an hour of heavy rain, the heavy storm	446. Our tiny boat spun into the, and
and we were able to continu	e we were sure that all hope was lost
our golf game.	a. matrix
a. abated	b. paradox
b. germinated	c. vector
c. constricted	d. vortex
d. evoked	
our golf game. a. abated b. germinated c. constricted d. evoked	447. The project seemed both and
442. After years of experience, Florin became a	beneficial, and the committee supported it
veterinarian who could treat and	l enthusiastically.
operate on many different kinds of animals.	a. implacable
a. acute	b. feasible
b. superficial	c. savory
c. consummate	d. irreparable
d. ample	^
•	448. The many colors on the wings of the
443. On each slick curve in the road, I was afraid	
we would and have an accident.	glow.
a. elongate	a. divergent
b. hydroplane	b. iridescent
c. submerge	c. ornate
d. reconnoiter	d. cumulous

mithat they always seemed to know, without being told, what the other felt. a. altercation b. equilibrium c. rapport d. symmetry 450. The politician's voice emphatically detailed the many projects he planned to tackle once he was in office. a. clamorous b. flocculent c. affable d. fervent 451. The newspaper the statement made in the article because it was inaccu-rate. a. abolished b. invalidated c. retracted d. annulled 452. Penny glared and looked when she saw the new puppy getting all the atten-tion. a. demure b. contrite c. askance d. analogous 453. Typically, new dress designs become within six months. a. pristine b. discordant c. obsolete d. avant garde investment, you should get advice from a/an	449.	Michael and Jamal had such a terrific	454.	For information about making a sound
a. altercation b. equilibrium c. rapport d. symmetry 450. The politician's voice emphatically detailed the many projects he planned to tackle once he was in office. a. clamorous b. flocculent c. affable d. fervent 451. The newspaper the statement made in the article because it was inaccu-rate. a. abolished b. invalidated c. retracted d. annulled 452. Penny glared and looked when she saw the new puppy getting all the atten-tion. a. demure b. contrite c. askance d. analogous 453. Typically, new dress designs become within six months. a. pristine b. discordant c. obsolete 455. School calendars were originally based on a/an lifestyle—when all family members needed to be available to help in the fields. a. business b. partisan c. pedestrian d. agrarian 456. She shed tears when she heard the tragic news. a. copious b. scant c. nonchalant d. genteel 457. After graduation, Charles requested a/an so that he did not have to pay his school loans immediately. a. surrogate b. deferment c. tincture d. improvement 458. With this group of personalities, she was sure her party would be a success. a. scintillating b. mundane c. irradiated		that they always seemed to know,		investment, you should get advice from a/an
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b. discordantb. mundanec. obsoletec. irradiated		within six months.		she was sure her party would be a success.
c. obsolete c. irradiated		a. pristine		a. scintillating
		b. discordant		b. mundane
d. avant garde d. burnished		c. obsolete		c. irradiated
		d. avant garde		d. burnished

SENTENCE COMPLETION

459.	The exhibit at the botanical	C	463.	Anthony, a meticulous young man, always
	an unusual collection of cacti			watered his neighbor's plants
	from around the wo	orld.		when they went away on vacation.
	a. perennials			a. terminally
	b. succulents			b. perpendicularly
	c. annuals			c. assiduously
	d.tubers			d. sagaciously
460.	His behavior m	nade him	464.	The old man was; he refused to
	seem childish and immature.			leave his home, even when he was warned
	a. beguiling			of rising floodwaters.
	b. receding			a. recitative
	c. forlorn			b. redundant
	d. puerile			c. repatriated
				d. recalcitrant
461.	The young wo	man gave		
	gener-ously to many worthy c	auses.	465.	The advice offered by his friend
	a. incisive		'n	saved him from making a grave mistake.
	b. benevolent		200	a. insensitive
	c. gregarious	,,	19,	b. judicious
	d. personable	16,	,4	c. metaphorical
	_	a fame Weight		d. unorthodox
462.	The president differ	rs from the		
	past president on social reform	issues.		
	a. loquacious			
	b. consummate			
	c. ersatz			
	d. incumbent			

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CHAPTER

Reading Comprehension

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Answer questions 466–468 on the basis of the following passage.

The ravages [of the storm] were terrible in America, Europe, and Asia. Towns were overthrown, forests uprooted, coasts devastated by the mountains of water which were precipitated on them, vessels cast on the shore, whole districts leveled by waterspouts, 467. What is the meaning of the wordleveled as it several thousand people crushed on land or drowned at sea; such were the traces of its (468) _____, left by this devastating tempest.

-Ralph Waldo Emerson

- **466.** What is the meaning of the word*overthrown* in the context of this passage?
 - a. surrendered
 - b. devastated
 - c. capitulated
 - d. yielded
- is used in the passage?
 - a. razed
 - b. marked
 - c. spread
 - d. raised

468. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes	monkey who is intimidated by a (472)
the most sense in the context of the passage?	member of the group.
a. velocity	
b. fury	471. What is the meaning of the word <i>grimace</i>
c. reward	as it is used in the passage?
d. benevolence	a. smirk
	b. contortion
Answer questions 469–470 on the basis of the	c. howl
following passage.	d. simper
	•
One summer, while visiting in the little village	472. Which pair of words or phrases, if inserted
among the Green Mountains where her ancestors	into the blanks in sequence, makes the
had dwelt for (469), my Aunt Georgiana	most sense in the writer's context?
kindled the callow fancy of my uncle, Howard Car-	a. calm aggressive
penter, then an idle, shiftless boy of twenty-one.	b. dominant subordinate
—Willa Cather	c. confident fearless
	d. subordinate dominant
469. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes	* 6
the most sense in the context of the passage?	Answer question 473–475 on the basis of the
a. days	following passage.
b. seasons	A Comment of the Comm
c. infinity	In space flight there are the obvious (473)
b. seasons c. infinity d. generations	of meteors—debris and radiation. However, astro-
	nauts must also deal with two vexing
470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i>	physiologicalfoes—muscle atrophy and bone loss.
470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i> as it is used in the passage?	9
470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i>	9
470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i> as it is used in the passage?	physiologicalfoes—muscle atrophy and bone loss.
470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i> as it is used in the passage? a. amiable	<i>physiologicalfoes</i>—muscle <i>atrophy</i> and bone loss.473. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes
470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i> as it is used in the passage?a. amiableb. ruthless	<i>physiologicalfoes</i>—muscle <i>atrophy</i> and bone loss.473. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage?
470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i> as it is used in the passage?a. amiableb. ruthlessc. lazy	<i>physiologicalfoes</i>—muscle <i>atrophy</i> and bone loss.473. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage?a. thrills
470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i> as it is used in the passage?a. amiableb. ruthlessc. lazy	<i>physiologicalfoes</i>—muscle <i>atrophy</i> and bone loss.473. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage?a. thrillsb. ages
 470. What is the meaning of the word <i>shiftless</i> as it is used in the passage? a. amiable b. ruthless c. lazy d. carefree 	 physiologicalfoes—muscle atrophy and bone loss. 473. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage? a. thrills b. ages c. hazards
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 470. What is the meaning of the word shiftless as it is used in the passage? a. amiable b. ruthless c. lazy d. carefree Answer questions 471–472 on the basis of the following passage. Experts who study rhesus monkeys have determined that the species uses facial expressions to commu-	 physiologicalfoes—muscle atrophy and bone loss. 473. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage? a. thrills b. ages c. hazards d. speed 474. The phrase vexing physiological foes as
as it is used in the passage? a. amiable b. ruthless c. lazy d. carefree Answer questions 471–472 on the basis of the following passage. Experts who study rhesus monkeys have determined that the species uses facial expressions to communicate with each other and to enforce social order.	 physiologicalfoes—muscle atrophy and bone loss. 473. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage? a. thrills b. ages c. hazards d. speed 474. The phrase vexing physiological foes as used in the paragraph refers to
 470. What is the meaning of the word shiftless as it is used in the passage? a. amiable b. ruthless c. lazy d. carefree Answer questions 471–472 on the basis of the following passage. Experts who study rhesus monkeys have determined that the species uses facial expressions to commu-	 physiologicalfoes—muscle atrophy and bone loss. 473. Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage? a. thrills b. ages c. hazards d. speed 474. The phrase vexing physiological foes as used in the paragraph refers to a. physical deterioration.

- **475.** The word *atrophy* as used in the paragraph most nearly means
 - a. pain.
 - **b.** wasting.
 - c. aches.
 - d.cramping.

Answer questions 476–478 on the basis of the following passage.

There are as many types of business correspondence as there are kinds of corporate *atmospheres*. Office environments come in all sizes and can be ordinary and traditional or *quirky* entrepreneurial offices; some of them actually started in garages. Others can be very formal, multinational *behemoths*.

- **476.** What is the meaning of the word *atmospheres* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. commodities
 - **b.** ambiance
 - c. elements
 - d.resources
- **477.** What is the meaning of the word *quirky* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. idiosyncratic
 - b.engaging
 - c. quaint
 - d.exceptional
- **478.** Which of the following words is a synonym for *behemoth?*
 - a. conglomerate
 - **b.** millionaire
 - c. scandal
 - d.chain

Answer questions 479–481 on the basis of the following passage.

A few species of birds are *parasitic*. The glossy cow-bird, for example, lays five or six eggs a season, each in a different nest and then abandons them. The old world cuckoo lays her *clutch* in the nest of the host that reared her, her young *ejecting* the host's off-spring as soon as they are able.

- **479.** In the context of the passage, what does *parasitic* mean?
 - **a.** to take advantage of another without contributing anything
 - **b.** to devour a member of one's own species
 - **c.** to abandon one's offspring very early in life
 - d to kill the offspring of another member of one's own species
- **480.** As used in the context of this passage,

aclutch consists of

- a. eggs.
- b.chicks.
- **c.** feathers.
- d.nests.
- **481.** What is the meaning of the word *ejecting* as used in the passage?
 - a. fighting
 - b.killing
 - c. combating
 - d.expelling

Answer questions 482–483 on the basis of the following passage.

When we were learning to read, most of us learned to sound out words by syllables in order to pronounce them. Syllables are parts of words that carry separate sounds, though those sounds may be *comprised* of several letters. Every syllable must have avowel sound. That vowel sound may be made up of more than one vowel letter. For instance, in the word *arraignment*, the *a* and *i* together make the long *a* sound. The *g* is silent. Breaking words into syllables is one of the best (483) ________ to divide and con-quer longer words.

- **482.** Based on the context of this passage, what is the best synonym for *comprised?*
 - a. excluded
 - b.composed
 - c. fashioned
 - d.produced
- **483.** Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage?
 - a. mediums
 - **b.** markers
 - c. strategies
 - d.caveats

Answer questions 484–485 on the basis of the following passage.

Martin Luther King was in Ghana when Ghana gained its independence. He said that the experience was an emotional one for him. As he watched the lowering of the old flag, (484)

_______ British rule, and the raising of the new flag of the *sovereign* nation, he wept.

- **484.** Which word, if inserted into the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage?
 - a. symbolizing
 - **b.**regaling
 - c. incorporating
 - d. demanding
- **485.** What is the meaning of the word *sovereign* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. isolated
 - **b.** autonomous
 - c. dominant
 - d.commanding

Answer questions 486–488 on the basis of the following passage.

WARNING: Antihistamines can cause drowsiness, so you should avoid driving or other operations that demand alertness, coordination, or *dexterity*. Do not use this product if you are *intolerant toaspirin*. Allergic reactions may occur in *susceptible* persons.

- **486.** What is the meaning of the word*dexterity* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. balance
 - **b.** agility
 - c. clumsiness
 - d. gait
- **487.** What is the meaning of the phrase *intolerantto aspirin* as it is used in the passage?
 - **a.** unable to absorb aspirin without adverse effects
 - **b.** disliking the effects of aspirin
 - c. unaffected by the healing effects of aspirin
 - d.needing a stronger medication than aspirin

488.	What	is	the	meaning	of	the	word
	suscept	tible	as it	is used in t	he pa	assage	e?
	a. adap	table	e				
	b. robu	st					
	c. mall	eable	e				

Answer questions 489–490 on the basis of the following passage.

The (489) _____ use by physicians of medical abbreviations can cause medication errors and incorrect interpretation of notes in the medical chart. It can create treatment delay if the nurse has to seek out the physician to ask for (490) _____.

- **489.** Which word, if inserted into the first blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage?
 - a. clandestine

d. sensitive

- **b.** indiscriminate
- c. unlawful
- **d.** intrepid
- **490.** Which word, if inserted into the second blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage?
 - a. reenactment
 - **b.** restitution
 - c. recompense
 - d. clarification

Answer questions 491–493 on the basis of the following passage.

John Reed was a schoolboy of fourteen years old; four years older than I, for I was but ten; large and (491) ______ for his age, with a dingy and unwholesome skin; thick lineaments in a *spaciousvisage*, heavy limbs, and large *extremities*.

—Charlotte Brontë

- **491.** Which word, if inserted in the blank, makes the most sense in the context of the passage?
 - a. thin
 - **b.** stout
 - c. big
 - d.pleasant
- **492.** What is the meaning of the phrase *spaciousvisage* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. large frame
 - **b.**big face
 - **c.** huge room
 - d.dull expression
- **493.** What is the meaning of the word *extremities* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. hands and feet
 - **b.** neck and shoulders
 - **c.** arms and legs
 - **d.** height and weight

Answer questions 494–496 on the basis of the following passage.

In this *refulgent* summer it has been a luxury to draw the breath of life. The grass grows, the buds burst, the meadow is spotted with fire and gold in the tint of flowers. The air is full of birds, and sweet with the breath of the pine, the *balm-of-Gilead*, and the new hay. Night brings no gloom to the heart with its wel-come *shade*.

-Ralph Waldo Emerson

- **494.** Based on the context of the passage, what is the meaning of the word *refulgent*?
 - a. downhearted
 - **b.** wholesome
 - c. radiant
 - d. stifling
- **495.** To what does the phrase *balm-of-Gilead* most likely refer as it is used in the passage?
 - a. a plant
 - b.a cloud
 - c. a meadow
 - d.a scent
- **496.** What is the meaning of the word *shade* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. ghost
 - **b.** obscurity
 - c. darkness
 - d.indistinctness

Answer questions 497–500 on the basis of the following passage.

Voting is the *privilege* for which wars have been fought, protests have been organized, and editorials have been written. "No taxation without representation," was a *battle cry* of the American Revolution. Women struggled for *suffrage*, as did many minori-ties. Eighteen year olds clamored for the right to vote, saying that if they were old enough to go to war, they should be allowed to vote. Yet Americans have a *deplorable* voting history, and many will tell you they have never voted.

- **497.** Which of the following words is the best synonym for the word *privilege* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. duty
 - **b.**responsibility
 - c. right
 - d. nonentity
- **498.** What is the meaning of the word *suffrage* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. the right to honor all Americans
 - **b.** the right to vote in elections
 - c. the right to go to war
 - **d.** the right to protest taxes
- **499.** The phrase *battle cry* means the same as
 - a. legislation
 - **b.**limitation
 - c. motto
 - d. amendment

- **500.** What is the meaning of the word *deplorable* as it is used in the passage?
 - a. covetous
 - **b.**conclusive
 - c. enviable
 - d. shameful

Answer questions 501–502 on the basis of the following passage.

The wandering albatross (*diomedea exulans*) has a wingspan of twelve feet and lays a single *chalky* egg in sand or in a simple grass nest. Sailors are said to catch albatrosses with baited hooks dropped into the *turbulent* wake of a boat. Since it is considered badluck to kill an albatross, sailors release the birds immediately.

- **501.** What is the most likely meaning of the word *chalky* as it is used in the passage?
 - **a.** having the chemical makeup of chalk
 - **b.** having the color of chalk
 - c. tasting like chalk
 - d.made of chalk
- **502.** What is the best synonym for the word *turbulent*, as it is used in the passage?
 - a. undercurrent
 - **b.** mammoth
 - c. tumultuous
 - d.cumbersome

Answer questions 503–509 on the basis of the following passage.

After studying the Civil War and the antebellum
period, an (503) of history students (504)
on the magnificent, (505)
waterfront home and presidential library of Jeffer-
son Davis. Davis lived on the estate toward the end
of his life to write his (506) He was the
first and only president of the Confederacy. The
students learned that this man, so passionate about
his nation, had to (507) his seat in the
Senate when his state (508) from the
nation and assume a role he knew would cause great
in his life.

- 503. a. analogy
 - **b.** associate
 - **c.** assemblage
 - **d.** intimation
- 504. a. converged
 - **b.** departed
 - c. deviated
 - d.swerved
- **505. a.** paltry
 - **b.** palatial
 - c. meager
 - d.trifling
- **506. a.** pretext
 - **b.** vanguard
 - c. ledgers
 - d. memoirs

507. a. engage	511. a. equitable
b. resign	b. sensible
c. occupy	c. exorbitant
d.adopt	d.reasonable
anadopt	
508. a. affiliated	512. a. general
b. allied	b. retrospect
c. related	c. conclusion
d. seceded	d. denial
509. a. constancy	513. a. consensus
b. tranquility	b. compromise
c. upheaval	c. confrontation
d. stability	d.cooperation
Answer questions 510-515 on the basis of the	514. a. preserve
following passage.	b. conserve
	c. safeguard
Probably no town, city, or state in this country is	d. diminish
immune to the (510) that always sur-	O_{I_0}
rounds attempts to cut government budgets. Many	515. a. effect
communities are already faced with (511)	b. prognosis
expenses related to high labor costs, costly social	c. consequence
services, and shrinking tax bases. In (512),	d. outcome
some think we are paying for the unprecedented	
government spending of the last decade. The (513)	Answer questions 516–521 on the basis of the
of opinion today, however, seems to be	following passage.
that budgets must be cut, though such cuts threaten	
to (514) the services to the neediest	It is quite (516) that we watch television
groups of people. Consequently, the (515)	to learn about current events. We are drawn to sto-
for the economic future of our cities is guarded.	ries presented to us by attractive, (517)
	people whose sophistication gives (518)
510. a. controversy	to the remarks they make about a wide range of sub-
b. praise	jects. Critics say television reporting is ordinary and
c. admiration	(519), offering little more than a mindless
d. applause	(520) of unimportant facts disguised as
	news. Proponents of news programs say that
	reporters offer (521) and insightful

accounts of world events that enhance our understanding of the events that shape our lives.

516. a. ambiguous

- **b.** evident
- c. indistinct
- d. opportune

517. a. urbane

- b. straightforward
- c. primitive
- d.unrefined

518. a. diffidence

- **b.** dissonance
- **c.** complacency
- d.credence

519. a. outstanding

- b.exceptional
- c. admirable
- d. uninspired

520. a. recapitulation

- b. instigation
- c. proliferation
- d. labyrinth

521. a. lackluster

- **b.** monotonous
- c. incisive
- d.tacit

Answer questions 522–529 on the basis of the following passage.

To visit a computer superstore these days is to step into a dizzying world of (522) _____ by way of computer applications unimagined even a generation ago. A dazzling array of (523) _____ packages allows computer users a wide choice of programs to load onto a home computer. Brightly colored screens on (524) _____, or video display terminals, invite the browser to use a mouse, a (525) _ that allows users to point to the operations they want to use on the computer. They can also explore the (526) ______, an international network of computer networks, connected by means of a telephone device called a (527) Interested consumers can learn how to correspond electronically from their home computers by (528) _____ and how to organize household accounts on a (529) _____ program that is designed for record keeping.

522. a. databases

- b. cybernetics
- c. hardware
- d.networks

523. a. websites

- **b.** cursors
- **c.** software
- d.icons

524. a. monitors

- **b.** televisions
- c. video recorders
- d.hardware

Answer questions 530–534 on the basis of the following passage.	Answer questions 535 following passage.
d. system	d. secondary
c. spreadsheet	c. concluding
b. code	b. latter
529. a. hardware b. code c. spreadsheet d. system	534. a. former
d. interface	d. receding
c. voice mail	c. progressing
b. telephone	b. proceeding
528. a. e-mail	533. a. advancing
d. monitor	d. restitution
c. modem	c. restoration
b. mousepad	b. reinstatement
527. a. mouse	532. a. depletion
d. networks	d. denials
c. terminals	c. testimonials
b. Internet	b. denominations
526. a. websites	531. a. outcries
d. peripheral	d. societal
c. pattern	c. longitudinal
b. prototype	b. environmental
525. a. design	530. a. global

A major (530) ______ problem, the magnitude of which we are just beginning to realize, is global warming. When people say that the winters are not as cold as they used to be, or that there was definitely more snow in past years, they are correct. In addition to these personal (531) ______, there is con-crete visual evidence of global warming. Most noticeable is the (532) ______ of the ice caps. In recent years, glaciers have been (533) _____ at a greater rate than in (534) _____ years.

Answer questions 535–539 on the basis of the following passage.

When the ice caps, made of fresh water, melt, it changes many things. These changes affect the (535)

______ of the oceans, the currents, and the conditions for survival for myriad species. Additionally, (536) ______ species could move in, affecting the entire ecosystem. This has a (537) _____ effect, as all species are (538) _____ and survive accord-ing to predictable sources of food and living conditions. A specific example recently described on an environmental calendar told of the effect of global warming on polar bears. Melting ice caps (539) _____ bears from hunting food. Without food,

they lose body fat and can be unable to give birth to cubs.	can bring. As more energy is (542), the amounts of carbon dioxide and other pollutants in
	the (543) increases. The phenomenon
535. a. radiation	caused by warm air and pollutants trapped around
b. salinity	the earth has been labeled the greenhouse effect.
c. alkalinity	Searching for alternative sources of energy may
d. phosphorescence	(544) global warming. Otherwise,
	serious environmental (545) will affect
536. a. beneficial	almost every aspect of life.
b. constructive	
c. practical	540. a. subdivisions
d. invasive	b. phases
	c. geology
537. a. singular	d.contaminants
b. domino	
c. curious	541. a. modified
d. remarkable	b. slowed
	c.hastened
538. a. interdependent	d. solidified
b. dependent	9/9,
c. submissive	542. a. consumed
d.altruistic	542. a. consumed b. admitted c. formulated d. consecrated
M.	c. formulated
539. a. encourage	d.consecrated
b. enable	
c. preclude	543. a. ionosphere
d.inspire	b. clouds
	c. atmosphere
Answer questions 540-545 on the basis of the	d. stratosphere
following passage.	
	544. a. mitigate
Some experts say that ice ages followed by warming	b. intensify
(540) have been cyclical throughout the	c. aggravate
eons and that there is little that can be done to pre-	d. exacerbate
vent those cycles. However, most scientists believe	
that the actions of humans have (541) the	545. a. manipulations
warming process. They blame the increased burning	b. resolutions
of wood and fossil fuels-oil and coal-on a popu-	c. fluctuations
lation that demands more heat, travels greater dis-	d.ramifications

tances, and enjoys the comforts that electrical power

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CHAPTER



Synonyms in Context

Juny study lanet net

In each of the following sentences, replace the ital- 548. There were so many riders on the crosstown icized word or phrase with a more descriptive word or phrase that means the same thing.

- **546.** Hegotthree A's on his report card.
 - a. observed
 - **b.** earned
 - **c.** listed
 - **d.**determined
- **547.** The best-selling author wrote astory that followed her first book.
 - a. prelude to
 - **b.** overture to
 - c. sequel to
 - d. preface to

bus that I was shoved from one side to the

other on my way to work.

- a. jostled
- **b.** neglected
- c. maneuvered
- d. abashed
- **549.** Helicopters are specially designed to *float in* the air over an area.
 - a. hydroplane
 - **b.** revert
 - c. transition
 - d. hover

- **550.** Certain *passages* were taken from the book for the purpose of illustration.
 - a. excerpts
 - **b.** contents
 - c. diatribes
 - d. indices
- **551.** The rescue team searched among the *ruins* for signs of life.
 - a. terminal
 - **b.** foundation
 - c. rubble
 - **d.** establishment
- **552.** New experiments enabled manufacturers to make a *long-lasting* material that would save consumers a great deal of money.
 - a. fleeting
 - **b.** fragile
 - **c.** perishable
 - d. durable
- **553.** The teacher *distributed* four sheets of paper for each student so each one could complete the necessary assignments for class.
 - a. grappled
 - **b.** allotted
 - c. mustered
 - d. asserted
- **554.** The front page article reported that the senator *suffered* a serious injury in the car crash.
 - a. sustained
 - **b.** retained
 - c. maintained
 - d. preserved

- **555.** Her attorney claimed that she suffered great mental *distress* as a result of the accident.
 - a. euphoria
 - b. rapture
 - c. disdain
 - d. anguish
- **556.** The new business owner remained *bold and determined* in spite of the many setbacks.
 - a. fatigued
 - **b.** resolute
 - c. prominent
 - d. acute
- **557.** The masterpiece bought by an antique dealer at the auction was *credited* to Picasso.
 - a. attributed
 - **b.** denied
 - c. excised
 - d. attested
- **558.** Americans have become *used* to consuming large quantities of oil to run their homes and automobiles.
 - a. deprogrammed
 - **b.** habituated
 - c. unaccustomed
 - d. reconciled
- **559.** His hope was to pass on a love of woodworking to his son.
 - a. impart
 - b. conceal
 - c. withhold
 - d. infringe

- **560.** The most infamous *misleading trick* in history was a wooden horse sent to Troy by the Greeks.
 - a. omen
 - **b.** veracity
 - c. authenticity
 - d.ruse
- **561.** The *smooth, thin outer layer* on the dining room table was designed to make the table look as if it were constructed entirely of oak.
 - a. veneer
 - **b.** shell
 - c. epidermis
 - d. interior
- **562.** Since all of the employees *worked together* on the project, they met their deadline.
 - a. evolved
 - **b.** advanced
 - c. deconstructed
 - d.collaborated
- **563.** Carolyn prevented a *petty disagreement* between Ethan and Andrew.
 - a. bramble
 - b. squabble
 - c. geyser
 - d. perseverance
- **564.** To make her stories more appealing, Cynthia was known to *add to* her writing with ficti-tious details.
 - a. isolate
 - **b.** detract
 - c. embellish
 - d. disavow

- **565.** He *ate and drank* all the food on the table.
 - a. divulged
 - **b.**conversed
 - c. consumed
 - d. retracted
- **566.** She was *very happy* to greet her cousin, whom she hadn't seen in ten years.
 - a. ecstatic
 - b. appalled
 - c. efficacious
 - d.egregious
- **567.** Everyone in the military zone looked forward to an *agreement to halt the fighting*.
 - a. inauguration
 - b. initiation
 - c. armistice
 - d.instigation
- **568.** The most accomplished chefs *use* exotic ingredients to make appetizing meals.
 - a. prescribe
 - **b.** advise
 - c. proposition
 - d.incorporate
- **569.** We drove on some *pretty roads* as we made our way through the countryside.
 - a. scenic byways
 - **b.** interstate highways
 - c. principal highways
 - d. county roads
- **570.** It is not a good idea to *show off* your riches in such a showy way.
 - a. jostle
 - **b.** plunder
 - c. flaunt
 - d. direct

- **571.** Those who fail to meet their obligations will be *excluded* from the group.
 - a. articulated
 - **b.** resigned
 - c. fraternized
 - d. ostracized
- **572.** She proclaimed her love in a very *direct* manner.
 - a. forthright
 - **b.** oblique
 - c. evasive
 - d. deceitful
- **573.** Grandma *created* a love for reading in her grandchildren.
 - a. downplayed
 - **b.** instilled
 - c. prevented
 - d.eradicated
- **574.** She gave an excuse that did not seem *real*.
 - a. plausible
 - b. improbable
 - c. far-fetched
 - d. particular
- **575.** The *closeness* of the two homes allowed the girls to visit each other often.
 - a. proximity
 - **b.** remoteness
 - c. inconvenience
 - d. architecture
- **576.** The new Broadway show was a very prof-itable, box-office *smash*.
 - a. recluse
 - **b.** bonanza
 - c. debacle
 - d.conundrum

- **577.** Many *old sayings* have a ring of truth to them.
 - a. translations
 - **b.** pedigrees
 - c. adages
 - d. decrees
- **578.** With great pleasure, the actor accepted the *praise* given to him by his fans.
 - a. dissonance
 - **b.** plaudits
 - c. disapproval
 - d. armistice
- **579.** His actions would *prevent* anyone from offering him any help.
 - a. preclude
 - **b.** promote
 - c. facilitate
 - **d.** allege
- **580.** The young children kept a *watch through thenight* for signs of Santa Claus.
 - a. clarification
 - **b.** vigil
 - c. resolution
 - d. decision
- **581.** Zeus was a *well-known*character from Greek mythology.
 - a. infamous
 - **b.** legendary
 - c. obscure
 - d.recondite
- **582.** As a generation, we were taught to *look up to* our leaders with great respect.
 - a. venerate
 - **b.** deride
 - c. derail
 - d. admonish

- **583.** A seal can be *clumsy and awkward* on land but graceful and elegant in the water.
 - a. supple
 - **b.** ungainly
 - c. agile
 - d. sinuous
- **584.** The tall, old-fashioned armoire was *sent upto* the attic storeroom because the youngcouple wanted to decorate their house with more contemporary furniture.
 - a. banished to
 - **b.** franchised by
 - c. venerated by
 - **d.** vilified by
- **585.** As a speaker, I found him to be extremely *clear and expressive*.
 - a. garrulous
 - **b.** incoherent
 - c. articulate
 - d. verbose
- **586.** The latest job promotion found him at the *high point* of his professional career.
 - a. nadir
 - **b.** median
 - c. acme
 - d.epitome
- **587.** The military troop's maneuvers allowed them to *secretly gain entrance behind* enemy lines.
 - a. diverge
 - **b.** plummet
 - c. infiltrate
 - d. submerge

- **588.** His *self-controlled* behavior portrayed him as a man with little emotion.
 - a. stoic
 - **b.** incessant
 - c. irascible
 - d.august
- **589.** When the concert was cancelled, there were many *annoyed* fans.
 - a. perplexed
 - **b.** anonymous
 - c. disgruntled
 - d. solemn
- **590.** The shy five year old approached his kinder-garten class with great *fear*.
 - a. trepidation
 - b.contempt
 - c. verve
 - d.poise
- **591.** The old gentleman *entertained* all of his friends with thrilling stories of his seafaring days.
 - a. divulged
 - b.regaled
 - c. dovetailed
 - d, bilked
- **592.** The most *vital and important* part of the election came when the candidates decided to hold a public debate.
 - a. trivial
 - **b.** pivotal
 - c. indignant
 - d. enticing

- **593.** The conclusion reached by the jury was based on a false notion.
 - a. fallacy
 - **b.** synopsis
 - c. banter
 - d. misdemeanor
- **594.** The science teacher was impressed by the short and to the point explanation her student gave for photosynthesis.
 - a. pallid

 - c. inane
 - d. pithy
 - **b.** banal
- **595.** It seems unfair that the candidate should base his campaign on the *unjust abuse* of the **600.** Most soldiers go to war for the sake of their
 - other candidate. a. ratification
 - **b.** vilification
 - c. lionization
 - d. restitution
- **596.** When she met Sebastian, she knew they were similar people even though they were not 601. The skier layunable to moveafter the jump related.
 - a. kin
 - **b.** antipodes
 - c. kindred spirits
 - d. citizens
- **597.** The playful, unpredictable, and fanciful characters often found in fairy tales amuse children of all ages.
 - a. vain
 - **b.** boorish
 - c. whimsical
 - d. fickle

- 598. Annoyed by herrude and impolitereply, I decided to mingle with other people at the party.
 - a. serene
 - b. churlish
 - c. quaint
 - d. communal
- **599.** Our colleges and universities are strong and commanding places that guard against ignorance and prejudice.
 - a. monuments
 - **b.** citadels
 - c. portals
 - d. tableaus
 - country, but some fight for monetary
 - reasons.
 - a. altruistic
 - b. cohesive
 - c. vindictive
 - d. mercenary
- she made on the advanced trail.
 - a. volatile
 - **b.** inert
 - c. vigorous
 - d. remiss
- **602.** With the threat of war, the country has placed certain limitations or restrictions on foreign trade.
 - a. platitudes
 - **b.** accolades
 - c. strictures
 - d. pinnacles

- **603.** The lion tamer's act demonstrated many *recklessly dangerous* feats.
 - a. pusillanimous
 - **b.** audacious
 - c. timid
 - **d.** sinuous
- **604.** A great many life forms make up the rainforest environment of the Amazon.
 - a. A myriad of
 - b. Scintilla
 - c. Sparse
 - d. A paucity of
- **605.** The waiver meant that you would *go* alongwith all of our wishes.
 - a. dissent
 - **b.** emancipate
 - c. discard
 - **d.**comply with
- **606.** An octogenarian may be deprived of strengthand ability by age.
 - a. incapacitated
 - **b.** rehabilitated
 - c. reformed
 - d.converted
- **607.** Every Sunday morning she would *carefullyread* the classified ads in hopes of findingthe right job.
 - a. admonish
 - b. peruse
 - c. envision
 - d. perambulate

- **608.** Cheers from the parents *supported* the members of the little league team.
 - a. subverted
 - **b.** fettered
 - c. impaired
 - d. bolstered
- **609.** Lawmakers wished to *get rid of* the outdated law because it was no longer suitable for the citizens in the community.
 - a. ratify
 - **b.** aver
 - c. annul
 - d. validate
- **610.** The *concerned and compassionate* inquiry made by the doctors and nurses showed the patient that the medical staff was very sincere.
 - a. apathetic
 - **b.** solicitous
 - c. amiable
 - d. mediocre
- **611.** The history professor always dressed in *sub-dued* grays and browns.
 - a. staid
 - **b.** gaudy
 - c. jaunty
 - d. flamboyant
- **612.** One *wastefully extravagant* shopping spree could place your credit rating in danger.
 - a. prodigal
 - b. frugal
 - c. stringent
 - d. meticulous

- **613.** *Out-of-control* spending by the government was to blame for the mounting national debt.
 - a. Judicious
 - **b.** Indiscriminate
 - c. Selective
 - d. Discriminate
- **614.** The captain had to *give up and surrender* in order to save the last of his troops.
 - a. persist
 - b. attune
 - c. capitulate
 - d. exalt
- **615.** The salesman at the door greeted me with such a *friendly* smile that I could not possibly suspect dishonesty.
 - a. disarming
 - **b.** slovenly
 - c. perturbing
 - d. disquieting
- **616.** The eight year old was a chessexpert with extraordinary ability and talent.
 - a. dullard
 - b. laggard
 - c. practitioner
 - **d.** prodigy
- **617.** The guidebook she purchased proved to be a *real* treasure that pointed out historic sites and monuments as well as good restaurants.
 - a. unfounded
 - **b.** veritable
 - c. specious
 - d. exorbitant

- **618.** The *environment* of the model home was elegant but inviting.
 - a. sanctuary
 - **b.** consensus
 - c. milieu
 - d. fortitude
- **619.** To break the new horse and make iteasy to deal with, the owner had to train it daily.
 - a. obstreperous
 - **b.** refractory
 - c. fractious
 - d. tractable
- **620.** Her boss accused her of pretending to be ill to avoid work.
 - a. enormity
 - **b.** steadfastness
 - c. malingering
 - **d.** foreboding
- **621.** The woman sitting next to me on the flight was extremely *talkative* when all I wanted to do was rest.
 - a. taciturn
 - b. loquacious
 - c. pugnacious
 - d. irksome
- **622.** The invention of the computer marked a new *age* in technology.
 - a. beginning
 - **b.** distribution
 - c. administration
 - d. epoch

CHAPTER

9

Choose the Right Word

For the following questions, choose the word that best fits each sentence.

- **623.** The furniture in the attic turned out to be a veritable (bonanza/rubble) of valuable antiques.
- **624.** The baby had an (uncanny/insipid) way of knowing just when mom and dad walked in the room.
- **625.** By the (scrutiny/grimace) on your face, I could tell you were displeased with the findings.

- **626.** The plummeting stock market (jeopardized/evoked) the portfolios of millions of investors.
- **627.** The importance of defensive driving was (indelibly/nostalgically) implanted in the minds of all driver education students by a very concerned instructor.
- **628.** The (intoxicating/acrid) smell from the nearby lumber mill was eliminated after the installation of the new pollution-free machinery.

- **629.** The (placid/turbulent) waters of the lake were perfect for learning to row a boat.
- **630.** The way the research assignment was presented seemed (palatable/contemptible) to 639. The author described a (malevolent/pejorathe class because there were lots of resources and choices available.
- **631.** The ambitious young couple wanted to buy a (pristine/dilapidated) house to refurbish.
- **632.** The novel was told by an (ephemeral/ omniscient) narrator—one who understood all of the events and characters.
- **633.** Choosing to (bequeath/extract) her estate to the literacy foundation, she was able to help those who could not read.
- **634.** Her haughty and (poignant/supercilious) manner was not appealing to her constituents.
- **635.** The classified ad called for a (methodical/ belligerent) person who could meticulously manage the accounts at the construction firm.
- **636.** After a (logical/cursory) glance at the outline, he tucked it away so he could examine it later.
- **637.** After a sizzling heat wave, the water in the pool was so (tepid/tumultuous) I felt like I was taking a bath.

- **638.** I could not (invoke/ascertain) the exact number of people who attended the concert last night.
- tive) wind that swept through the countryside that fateful night.
- **640.** (Petulant/Nocturnal) raids on the refrigerator were commonplace at our house once the clock struck midnight.
- **641.** The candidates planned a (clandestine/ capricious) meeting before the election on Tuesday.
- **642.** My grandfather's (vanguard/ruminations) gave me great insight into the progress we have made over the past century.
- **643.** "Using (platitudes/edicts) and clichés is not an effective way to write. They rarely let you express yourself exactly," said the English instructor.
- **644.** After the hurricane, the agency needed to (contravene /disperse) food, water, and clothing to the thousands of people whose homes were destroyed.
- **645.** The law partners separated (amicably/ rancorously) and vowed to cooperate on new business ventures in the future.
- **646.** (Magnanimous/Parsimonious) donations from a generous but anonymous benefactor were received every year at the children's hospital.

- **647.** An eloquent speech was made by the charm-ing and (urbane/recalcitrant) master of cer-emonies.
- **648.** The city planners determined that the construction of a movie complex would (exac-erbate/allocate) traffic in a city already plagued with traffic jams.
- **649.** The motivational speaker gave a speech that served to (stultify/galvanize) the audience.
- **650.** The (sinuous/discomfited) movements of the ballet dancers showed evidence of many years of dedication and practice.

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SECTION

3



Spelling

N T H I S F I N A L section, you will practice your spelling skills with hundreds of spellingquestions. Many of the items involve commonly misspelled words, and the words in each chapter range from easy to difficult. Chapter 10 focuses on identifying the correctly spelled words. In Chapter 11, you will choose the correct answer from commonly confused homophones, which are words that sound alike but have different spellings and meanings. Chapter 12 tests your ability to choose the correct word based on your knowl-edge of the common spelling errors derived from plurals, mixing up letter combinations, and tricky prefixes and suffixes. Finally, Chapter 13 asks you to choose the words that are misspelled.

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CHAPTER

10 Correctly

Choose the ly Spelled Word

Choose the correct spelling for the missing word in each of the following sentences.

652.Her _ was on the correct spelling for the missing word in each of the following sentences.

- **651.** The newly-fallen snow _____ trans
 - formed the landscape.
 - a. magically
 - **b.** magickelly
 - c. majicelly
 - **d.** magicaly

652. Her	into mathematical concepts
was evi	dent when she correctly analyzed
challen	ging question.

- a. insite
- **b.** inscite
- c. ensight
- d. insight
- **653.** The baby's soft skin was _____ to the harsh winter wind.
 - a. sinsitive
 - **b.** sensitive
 - c. sensative
 - d. sinsative

654.	It is my that municipa	al employees 659.	I just don't know what I would do in her
	handle their jobs with great profes	ssionalism.	·
	a. beleif		a. sittuation
	b. bilief		b. situation
	c. belief		c. situashun
	d. beleaf		d. sitiation
655.	My sister is going to be on the c	over of 660.	The caverns were so damp that my skin felt
	Seventeen		·
	a. magizine		a. clamby
	b. magazene		b. clamy
	c. magezine		c. clammy
	d. magazine		d. clammby
656.	The sounding alarm signaled a	a 661.	It was a day for the annual picnic.
	in security.		a. superb
	a. breach		b. supperb
	b. breche	×	c. supurb
	c. broach	100	d. sepurb
	d. briech	10/0.	
		662.	The first time Wendy drove her new car into
657.	For some reason, I ain her attitude. a. percieved	a change	town, all of her friends were
	in her attitude.	My.	a. jellous
	a. percieved	My.	b. jealous
	b. preceived		c. jealuse
	c. perceived		d. jeolous
	d. precieved		
		663.	The opening night performance was so
658.	If you stay in the water too lo	ong, your	that the cast was given many
	fin-gertips will		extra curtain calls.
	a. shrivel		a. teriffic
	b. shrivvel		b. terrific
	c. shrivell		c. terriffic
	d. shrival		d.terific

664.	To be elected	, candidates must	669.	The agents were searching for
	have a solid background in law enforcement			cargo on the airplane.
	a. sherrif			a. elicitt
	b. sherriff			b. ellicit
	c. sherif			c. illicet
	d. sheriff			d. illicit
665.	Learning the words	s to all of Robert Frost's	670.	There will be an immediate into
	poetry has become	an for		the cause of the accident.
	Jonathan.			a. inquiry
	a. obssession			b. inquirry
	b. obsessian			c. enquirry
	c. obsession			d. enquery
	d. obsessiun			
			671.	. The contract for the teachers' union could
666.	Driving on icy road	ls can place you in		not be before the school year
	·			ended.
	a. jeoperdy		•	a. terminated
	b. jepardy		200	b. termenated
	c. jeapardy		10/91	c. terrminated
	d. jeopardy	il in the second of the second	716	d. termanated
667.	Nora was awestruc	k by thethe national park	672.	The Pilgrims came to America to escape
	mountain range in	the national park.		religious
	a. magnifisint			a. persecution
	b. magnifisent			b. pursecution
	c. magnificent			c. presecution
	d. magnifficent			d. persecusion
668.	From inside the bo	x came a strange	673.	The color she chose was a shade
	sound.			of blue.
	a. mechinical			a. peculior
	b. mechanical			b. peculiar
	c. mechenical			c. peculliar
	d. machanical			d. piculear

674. Some people say that is not a true science.	679. The attorney asked a question that was to the case; the judge overruled it.
a. psycology	a. irelevent
b. psycholigy	b. irelevant
c. psychollogy	c. irrelevant
d. psychology	d. irrelevent
675. Getting a driver's is a rite of pas-	680. The mayor highlighted the statis-
sage for most teenagers.	tics during her campaign speech.
a. lisense	a. encouredging
b. lisence	b. encouraging
c. lycence	c. incurraging
d. license	d. incouraging
676. The reporter gave a and accurate	681. The journalist made a to finish
account of the events.	the article by Friday.
a. concise	a. commitment
b. concize	b. committent
c. consise	c. comittment
d. cuncise	d. comitment
c. consise d. cuncise 677. My next-door planted some beautiful flowers near his sidewalk. a. nieghbor b. neihbor	682. Dad thinks it is to stay up late on
beautiful flowers near his sidewalk.	a school night.
a. nieghbor	a. rediculous
b. neihbor	b. rediculus
c. niehbor	c. ridiculous
d. neighbor	d. ridiculus
678. The paramedics attempted to the	683. The large donation came from an
victim.	source.
a. stabilize	a. anynonimous
b. stablize	b. anonimous
c. stableize	c. anounymous
d. stabalize	d. anonymous

684. 7	The scientists had to do an	689.	Each of the new employees had similar
8	amount of research on the project.		
á	a. extraordinary		a. asspirations
]	b. extraordinery		b. asparations
(c. extrordinary		c. aspirrations
(d. ecstraordinary		d. aspirations
685. 7	The customer service representative gave his	690.	The young man wished to
-	that the refund would be made		his right to speak freely.
•	within two weeks.		a. excercise
á	a. asurrance		b. exercise
]	b. assurance		c. exersize
(c. assurence		d. exercize
(d. assureance		
		691.	The president and the vice president were a
686. 7	The purpose of the new city ordinance		pair.
7	was debated		a. compatibel
á	a. frequently	×	b.compatable
1	b. frequintly	206	c. compatible
(c. frequentlly	<i>70.</i>	d. commpatible
(b. frequintly c. frequently d. frequentley Throughout the trial, thewas placed on scientific evidence.		
		692.	I was of the claims made by
687. 7	Throughout the trial, thewas		the loquacious salesman.
1	placed on scientific evidence.		a. skeptical
á	a. enphasis		b. skeptikal
1	b. emphisis		c. skepticle
(c. emphasis		d. skepticil
(d. emfasis		
		693.	The valedictorian will give the
688.	The presidential candidate refused to		address.
_	the election until every vote		a. comencement
•	was counted.		b. commencement
á	a. concede		c. commencment
]	b. conceed		d. comencment
(c. consede		
(d. conseed	694.	Who is your immediate?
			a. superviser
			b. supervizer
			c. supervizor
			d. supervisor

695. There are two types of: viral and	700. All day long there was an drone of
bacterial.	automobiles from the freeway.
a. neumonia	a. incessent
b. pneumonia	b. insessant
c. pnumonia	c. incesant
d. newmonia	d. incessant
696. The size of the cathedral was typ-	701. All of a sudden they found themselves facing
ical of the Middle Ages.	a terrible
a. colossal	a. delemma
b. collossal	b. dilemma
c. collosal	c. dilema
d. colassal	d. dilemna
697. All of the is set up for the gym-	702. That method is the most way to
nastic tournament.	get the job done.
a. apperatus	a. eficient
b. aparatus	b. eficeint
c. apparatus	c. efficient
d. aparratus	d. efficeint
698. With such huge debt, he was forced to file for a. bankruptsy	703. The labor union took steps to the
for	poor working conditions.
a. bankruptsy	a. ameliorate
b. bankruptcy	b. amiliorate
c. bankropcy	c. amieliorate
d. bankrupcy	d. amielierate
699. The auto repair shop specialized in rebuild-	704. My needs to be paid every month.
ing	a. morgage
a. carbueretors	b. morgauge
b. carburetors	c. mortgage
c. carboretors	d. morgauge
d. carborators	
	705. His curt answer me even more.
	a. agravated
	b. agravaeted
	c. aggravated
	d. aggravatid

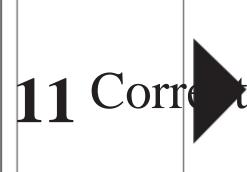
706. The pilot was a	in the Air Force.	712. There was son	ne of order when I
a. leutenant		finished clean	ing the house.
b. lieutenant		a. semblence	
c. leutienant		b. semblince	
d. lutenant		c. semblance	
		d. semblanse	
707. Please try to	_ me on the trip.		
a. acompany		713. The dentist to	ook care of her
b. acommpany		tooth.	
c. accompeny		a. abscessed	
d. accompany		b. absessed	
		c. abscesed	
708. The editor's	_ can only be expressed	d. abcessed	
on the Op-Ed page.			
a. viewpoint		714. Over four-hu	ndred applicants entered the
b. veiwpoint		beauty	·
c. viewpointe		a. pagiant	
d. veiupoint		b. pajiant	
		c. pageant	
709. The lights of the Auro	ora Borealis are a natu-	d. pajeant	
ral	18	14	
a. phenominon	WWW.SUG	715. In many states	, passing a road test requires
b. phenominnon	illi.	drivers to	park.
c. phenomenon	Ma	a. paralel	
d. phinominon		b. paralell	
		c. parallal	
710. Since it was a formal	affair, he had to wear a	d. parallel	
a. tuxcedo		716. His logic was	flawed
b. tuxedo		a. fundimenta	•
c. tucxedo		b. fundamenta	<u> </u>
d. tuxeedo		c. fundament	•
711 The three sisters were	a11	d. fundament	teny
711. The three sisters were	all	717 The breekfast	she served views the
a. brunettes			she served were the
b. brunetes		best I have ev	er tasted.
c. brunetts		a. bisciuts	
d. brunnets		b. biscutes	
		c. biscuites	
		d. biscuits	

718. The new homeowners chose the	723. The disappearance of my
carpeting.	diary bothered me all day.
a. biege	a. mystereous
b. bieje	b. mistereous
c. beige	c. misterious
d. beije	d. mysterious
719. Evan suffered from a severe case of	724. My brother is to taking
·	long walks after dinner.
a. tonsillitis	a. accustomed
b. tonsilitis	b. acustomed
c. tonscilitis	c. acusstomed
d.tonscillitis	d. accustommed
720. Not only did he play the guitar, he	725. My best friend is an optimist.
played the as well.	a. incorigible
a. ukalele	b. incorriggible
b. ukelele	c.incorrigible
c. ukulale	d. incorrigable
d. ukulele	1/81
ζ,	726. Milk is before it is sold to
721. Being an honor student, he in his studies. a. exeled	cus-tomers.
studies.	a. pastureized
a. exeled	b. pasteurized
b. exceled	c. pastuerized
c. exseled	d. pastuerised
d.excelled	1
	727. He was a self-proclaimed of
722. She believed it was her to	fine wines.
change her mind.	a. connoiseur
a. perogative	b. conoisseur
b. perugative	c. connoisseur
c. prerogative	d. connisseur
d. prerogetive	
	728. When the paramedics arrived, the victim
	was in a state.
	a. delirious
	b. delerious
	c. delireous
	d. delireous

729. His job was to information to the	734. The accounting firm was for fraudulent practices.
troops. a. disemminate	-
b. diseminate	a. prosecuted
c. disseminate	b. prossecuted
	c. prosecutted
d. desseminate	d. prosecuited
730. The radio show was with callers	735. The twenty dollar bills appeared to be
responding to today's trivia question.	·
a. inundated	a. counterfiet
b. innundated	b. counterfit
c. inondated	c. countirfit
d. inundatid	d. counterfeit
731. For most people, a slice of chocolate	736. Is it to bring pets into the park?
cake can be	a. permissable
a. iresistible	b. permisable
b. irresistible	c. permissible
c. irresistable	d. permisible
d. irrisistible	10,0
0	737. Unlike the other sections on the estate,
732. After the tornado, was scattered everywhere. a. debrie b. dibrie	the rose garden was arranged
scattered everywhere.	a. symetricaly
a. debrie	b. symetrically
b. dibrie	c. symmetricully
c. debris	d. symmetrically
d. debree	
	738. For many years, was a popular
733. He decided to dress in a gray suit in order	form of entertainment in America.
to be	a. vaudville
a. incunspicuous	b. vawdville
b. inconspicuous	c. vaudeville
c. inconspicus	d. vaudiville
d. inconspicious	
	739. It took me thirty minutes to the
	entire house.
	a. vacuum
	b. vaccuum
	c. vacum
	d. vacume

740. The auditorium could five-	746. is an antibiotic used to cure
hundred people.	many illnesses.
a. acomodate	a. Penicillen
b. acommodate	b. Penicillin
c. acommedate	c. Penicillen
d. accommodate	d. Penicilin
741. The lemon pie was enticing, but	747. is often called the awkward stage.
I had to remember my diet.	a. Adolescense
a. meringue	b. Adolessents
b. merengue	c. Adolescence
c. merangue	d. Adolscence
d. merange	
	748. William Shakespeare is considered the
742. The support from her was over-	most famous of all times.
whelming.	a. playwrighte
a. coleagues	b. playwrite
b. collegues	c. playright
c. colleagues	d. playwright
d.colleages	10/9.
<i>"</i>	749. Many lifelong rules can be learned in
743. They returned from Europe with many a. souveniers	·
· Mu	a. kindergarten
a. souveniers	b. kindergarden
b. suovenirs	c. kindregarden
c. suvenirs	d. kintergarden
d. souvenirs	
	750. She received her of arts
744. In some cultures, young	degree last spring.
couples have prearranged weddings.	a. bachelor
a. marrigeable	b. bacheler
b. marrageable	c. batchelor
c. marriageable	d. batcheler
d. mariageable	
745. Coffee stains made the note	
a. ilegible	
b. illegible	
c. ilegable	
d.illegable	

CHAPTER



Choose the

Homophone

www.studyplanet.net For each of the following sentences, choose the cor- 753. The amount for the carpet was a __ rect spelling for the missing word. The words in each set of choices are homophones—words that sound alike but are spelled differently and have different meanings.

- **751.** My favorite _____ is peach pie with vanilla ice cream. a. desert **b.** dessert
- **752.** Do you think I should run for a seat on the city _____? a. counsel
 - **b.** council

- price.
- a. fair
- b. fare
- **754.** This is the _____ of the new art museum.
 - a. sight
 - **b.** cite
 - c. site
- **755.** Come _____ the park later this evening
 - to see the sunset.
 - a. buy
 - **b.** bye
 - **c.** by

— CHOOSE THE CORRECT HOMOPHONE

	e book George has	read. 764.	We the exit and had to turn
a. fourth			around.
b. forth			a. past
			b. passed
	e driver slammed on the		
	id into the ditch.	765.	The French Revolution was known as
a. breaks			the " of Terror."
b. brakes			a. Rain
			b. Reign
	xperienced guidet	the	c. Rein
	a hike into the wilderness.		
a. lead		766.	I don't understand today's math
b. led			a. lesson
			b. lessen
759. Have dia	nner with us at the resta	iurant;	
we'll mee	et you	767.	While nuclear energy is efficient, storing
a. they're	;		nuclear is always a problem.
b. their		×	a.waste
c. there		13/16	b. waist
760. May I ha	ve a of cheese?	. 449768	The acoustics in the auditorium made it
a. piece		CKUID. 1361	easy for the audience to the
b. peace		$M_{\cdot,2}$	melodic sounds of the soloist.
		4	a.here
761 All child	dren have the	to an	b. hear
educa-tio		to un	
a. write		769.	This problem is complex.
b. rite			a. two
c. right			b. to
C. IIgiit			c. too
762 . It is a good	od idea to exercise on a		
_	uring inclement weather.		My grandmother is an historian.
a. station			a. imminent
b. station	•		b. immanent
D. Station	ur y		c. eminent
763 At the her	ach, we went digging for clan	ne and	c. chimen
i UJ. At the Dea	ion, we went digging for clan	ns and	
a. mussel	_· _		
b. muscle			
D. muscle	<i>3</i>		

CHOOSE THE CORRECT HOMOPHONE

771. She had to buy a of shoes to match her dress. a. pair	779. She boarded a to San Francisco last night. a. plane
b. pear c. pare	b. plain
•	For the following questions, choose the sentence
772. The of the school asked all	in which the italicized word is spelled incorrectly.
faculty members to attend a meeting.	All of the choices are homophones—words that
a. principal	sound alike but are spelled differently and have
b. principle	dif-ferent meanings. If there are no mistakes, choose answer d.
773. The of the perfume	0.200,000 0.200,000 0.000
was intoxicating.	780. a. I will take a <i>course</i> in economics
a. sent	nextsemester.
b. cent	b. Follow the river's <i>coarse</i> .
c. scent	c. Sandpaper is always coarse.
	d. No mistakes.
774. The room was completely	i il
of furniture.	781. a. Do you want to meet at nine or ten?
a. bear	Thelatter is better for me.
b. bare	b. Let's go shopping <i>later</i> this week.
a. bear b. bare	c. Later, he told us of his plans to build
775 only four o'clock in the	anew house.
after-noon. a. It's	d. No mistakes.
b. Its	782. a. We will <i>bored</i> the plane at 4:00.
0.10	b. The <i>board</i> members will all attend.
776. Creativity is best asset.	c. He used his drill and <i>bored</i> a hole in
a. you're	the wall.
b. your	d. No mistakes.
6. your	u.110 inistancis.
777. The in the mountains was peace-ful and still.	783. a. Terrence is old enough to <i>pour</i> his ownglass of milk now.
a. air	b. There are some very <i>poor</i> people living
b. heir	in that part of the United States.
778. Take the to the second floor.	c. Josie <i>pours</i> over the catalogs she receives in the mail.
a. stares	d. No mistakes.
b. stairs	

- **784. a.** He had a reputation for being very*vane* and self-centered.
 - **b.** We studied the *veins* in the leaves.
 - **c.** Mr. Hanson put a weather *vane* on his roof.
 - **d.** No mistakes.
- **785.** a. The sun*shone* brightly.
 - **b.** The house was *shown* by the real estate agent.
 - **c.** Why wasn't I *shown* how to operate this machine?
 - d. No mistakes.
- **786. a.** They will *raze* this old building and builda skyscraper in its place.
 - **b.** Raise your hand if you know the answer.
 - c. Many farmers raise chickens.
 - d. No mistakes.
- **787. a.** The first graders were learning how towrite *capital* letters.
 - **b.** We don't have enough *capitol* to buy a new building.
 - **c.** What is the *capital* of North Dakota?
 - d. No mistakes.

- **788. a.** The *great* majority of the class will attend the pep rally.
 - **b.** Be sure to clean the *grate* in the fireplace.
 - **c.** That music *greats* on my nerves.
 - d. No mistakes.
- **789. a.** I prefer to eat*plain*, home-cooked meals.
 - **b.** Some people say it is a boring landscape, but I like the *planes* of the Midwest.
 - **c.** We need to use a *plane* to make the top of the door level.
 - d. No mistakes.
- **790. a.** There are *holes* in your socks.
 - **b.**I found a *whole* set of dishes at a garage sale.
 - **c.** He ate the *hole* pie.
 - d.No mistakes.
- **791. a.** What is the *morale* of the story?
 - **b.** Have you no *moral* standards?
 - **c.** Employee *morale* was low.
 - **d.** No mistakes.

Plurals, IE/EI

CHAPTER

Rule, and

SuffixesPrefixes and

Junistudyplanet net For each of the following questions, choose the cor- 796. a. strawberrys rect plural form.

b. strawberries

792. a. pianos

b. pianoes

797. a. shelfs

b. shelves

793. a. skys

b. skies

798. a. boxs

b. boxes

794. a. mouses

b. mice

799. a. deer

b. deers

795. a. bunches

b. bunchs

800. a. stimuluses

b. stimuli

PLURALS, IE/EI RULE, AND PREFIXES AND SUFFIXES

801. a. son-in-laws	813. a. neither
b. sons-in-law	b. niether
802. a. attorneys	814. a. weight
b. attornies	b. wieght
803. a. industries	815. a. decieve
b. industrys	b. deceive
804. a. handsful	916 a vaild
b. handfuls	816. a. yeild b. yield
b. Handruis	b. yield
805. a. tomatoes	817. a. caffeine
b. tomatos	b. caffiene
806. a. crises	818. a. friendly
b. crisises	b. freindly
	ot ille
807. a. turkies	819. a. greif
b. turkeys	b. grief
b. turkeys 808. a. species b. specieses	920
808. a. species	820. a. efficient
b. specieses	b. efficient
809. a. valleys	821. a. concieted
b. vallies	b. conceited
For each of the following questions, choose the	822. a. achieve
correct spelling for the words that contain ei or ie.	b. acheive
810. a. recieve	823. a. foreign
b. receive	b. foriegn
911 a piggs	924 a vomeiter
811. a. piece	824. a. vareity
b. peice	b. variety
812. a. reign	825. a. pateint
b. riegn	b. patient
	r

PLURALS, IE/EI RULE, AND PREFIXES AND SUFFIXES

826. a. queitly	834. a. unnecessary
b. quietly	b. unecessary
827. a. chief	835. a. ilegible
b. cheif	b. illegible
828. a. sleigh	836. a. overrated
b. sliegh	b. overated
829. a. leisure	837. a. driving
b. liesure	b. driveing
830. a. seize	838. a. suddenness
b. sieze	b. suddeness
831. a. beleive	839. a. disatisfy
b. believe	b. dissatisfy
For each of the following questions, choose the	840. a. finaly
correct spelling for the words that have prefixes or	b. finally

suffixes.

- **832. a.** ilegal **b.**illegal
- 833. a. mispelled **b.** misspelled

planetnet

CHAPTER

13 Miss Bled

Find the Word

In each of the following questions, find the word that is misspelled. If all of the words are spelled one

that is misspelled. If all of the words are spelled correctly, choose answer d.

- **842.** a.women
 - b. people
 - c. babys
 - d. no mistakes
- **843. a.**radios
 - **b.** leaves
 - c. alumni
 - d. no mistakes

- 844. a. anouncement
 - **b.** advisement
 - c. description
 - d. no mistakes
- **845.** a. omission
 - **b.** aisle
 - c. litrature
 - **d.** no mistakes
- 846. a. informal
 - **b.** servent
 - c. comfortable
 - d. no mistakes

847. a. vegetable

b. width

c. variation

d. no mistakes

848. a. twentieth

b. fortieth

c. ninetieth

d. no mistakes

849, a. associacion

b. unnecessary

c. illegal

d. no mistakes

850. a. villin

b. volunteer

c. voracious

d. no mistakes

851. a. hindrence

b. equipped

c. possessive

d. no mistakes

852. a. procedure

b. judgment

c. testamony

d. no mistakes

853. a. explicit

b. abduct

c. rotate

d. no mistakes

854. a. through

b. threw

c. thorough

d. no mistakes

855. a. quantaty

b. quality

c. quaint

d. no mistakes

856. a. requirement

b. reverence

c. resistent

d. no mistakes

857. a. incorporate

b. contridict

c. exhale

d. no mistakes

858. a. pertain

b. reversel

c. memorization

d. no mistakes

859. a. marshal

b. martial

c. tyrenny

d. no mistakes

860. a. optimum

b. palpable

c. plunder

d. no mistakes

861. a. ravinous

b. miraculous

c. wondrous

d. no mistakes

862. a. phenomonal

b. emulate

c. misconception

863. a. mischief

b. temperture

c. lovable

d. no mistakes

864. a. stadium

b. competitor

c. atheletic

d. no mistakes

865. a. dictionary

b. auditorium

c. biology

d. no mistakes

866. a. geometry

b. perimeter

c. circumferance

d. no mistakes

867. a. general

b. corporal

c. lieutenant

d. no mistakes

868. a. poltry

b. rhubarb

c. marmalade

d. no mistakes

869. a. transparent

b. strenthen

c. lightning

d. no mistakes

870. a. primarily

b. finallity

c. specifically

d. no mistakes

871. a. parliament

b. governor

c. congressional

d. no mistakes

872. a. relegious

b. insurance

c. military

d.no mistakes

873. a. mortar

b. outweigh

c. pursue

d. no mistakes

874. a. balcony

b. delenquent

c. emergency

d. no mistakes

875. a. gratitude

b. horrendous

c. forcast

d. no mistakes

876. a. ketchup

b. condiment

c. relish

d. no mistakes

877. a. rightious

b. strenuous

c. manageable

d. no mistakes

878. a. sincerly

b. faithfully

c. reliably

879. a. label

b. vacency

c. medal

d. no mistakes

880. a. bookkeeping

b. accounting

c. bankrupcy

d. no mistakes

881. a. bungalow

b. construction

c. architecture

d. no mistakes

882. a. crusade

b. political

c. campain

d. no mistakes

883. a. digestion

b. resperation

c. circulation

d. no mistakes

884. a. potatoe

b. artichoke

c. cucumber

d. no mistakes

885. a. parachute

b. rehearsel

c. together

d. no mistakes

886. a. intrigued

b. hypnotized

c. fasinated

d. no mistakes

887. a. distructive

b. decisive

c. distinguished

d. no mistakes

888. a. evaporate

b. vanish

c. disolve

d. no mistakes

889, a. illuminate

b. enlighten

c. clarify

d. no mistakes

890. a. abolish

b. forfit

c. negate

d. no mistakes

891. a. zoology

b. meterology

c. anthropology

d. no mistakes

892. a. ajournment

b. tournament

c. confinement

d. no mistakes

893. a. vague

b. trepidation

c. vengence

d. no mistakes

894. a. tuition

b. mediocre

c. tramendous

895. a. integrity

b. ingenuity

c. immortality

d. no mistakes

896. a. conjunction

b. preposition

c. capitolization

d. no mistakes

897. a. narled

b. knobby

c. blemished

d. no mistakes

898. a. brackets

b. parenthisis

c. ellipsis

d. no mistakes

899. a. visionary

b. virtuoso

c. vigor

d. no mistakes

900. a. language

b. philosophy

c. sonet

d. no mistakes

901. a. depo

b. aisle

c. knight

d. no mistakes

902. a. perscribe

b. deviate

c. plausible

d. no mistakes

903. a. association

b. personel

c. solidarity

d. no mistakes

904. a. playwright

b. dramatic

c. actor

d. no mistakes

905. a. specialized

b. negotiate

c. scruteny

d. no mistakes

906. a. abundant

b.bounteous

c. luxurient

d. no mistakes

907. a. gullable

b. lyrical

c. inheritance

d. no mistakes

908. a. initial

b. graditude

c. influential

d. no mistakes

909. a. loosely

b. emancipate

c. muzzled

d. no mistakes

910. a. columm

b. business

c. acquisition

- **911. a.** border
 - **b.** bullitin
 - c. acquisition
 - **d.** no mistakes
- 912. a. ambassador
 - **b.** dignitary
 - **c.** embasy
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **913. a.** jockey
 - **b.** equestrian
 - c. maneuver
 - **d.** no mistakes
- 914. a. nevertheless
 - **b.** neutral
 - c. neurotic
 - **d.** no mistakes
- 915. a. problematic
 - **b.** questionaire
 - c. controversial
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **916. a.** disciple
 - **b.** sublime
 - c. zeneth
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **917. a.** pungeant
 - **b.** aromatic
 - c. spicy
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **918. a.** restle
 - **b.** persevere
 - c. joust
 - d. no mistakes

- **919.** a. hybrid
 - **b.** hypnosis
 - c. hygenic
 - d. no mistakes
- 920. a. carriage
 - **b.** carburator
 - c. chauffeur
 - **d.** no mistakes
- 921. a. digestible
 - b. corrugated
 - c. currency
 - **d.** no mistakes
- 922. a. judicious
 - b.ilegal
 - c. magistrate
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **923.** a. colosal
 - **b.** magnanimous
 - c. extravagant
 - **d.** no mistakes
- 924. a. correspondent
 - **b.** corosive
 - c. coronation
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **925.** a. acrobat
 - **b.** somersault
 - c. gymnist
 - **d.** no mistakes

For the following sentences, choose the sentence that contains a misspelled word. If there are no mistakes, choose answer d.

- **926. a.** We were disatisfied with the results of the experiment.
 - **b.**Our office has a plentiful supply of staples.
 - **c.** Stringent controls were placed on the county's budget.
 - d.no mistakes
- **927.** a. Curt will probibly stay home tonight.
 - **b.**The coach praised the team for last night's game.
 - **c.** It was a relief to learn that Brad had arrived safely.
 - d.no mistakes
- **928. a.** The speaker presented an idea that wasforeign to us.
 - **b.** Marcus spoke directly to the governor.
 - **c.** The boys and girls in the musical gave a stunning performance.
 - d.no mistakes
- **929. a.** William is the most sensable person Iknow.
 - **b.**The festival is held at a different time every year.
 - **c.** It is customary for the members to arrive fashionably late.
 - d.no mistakes
- **930.** a. Her father is a captin in the navy.
 - **b.** The weather here changes frequently.
 - c. We adopted a new policy.
 - d.no mistakes

- **931. a.** Pick up the car on Wednesday.
 - **b.** Let's go shopping on Thursday.
 - **c.** My birthday is on Saturday.
 - d.no mistakes
- **932. a.** There are many ways to increase yourvocabulary.
 - **b.** Read the fourth chapter by next week.
 - c. You have thousands of choices.
 - d.no mistakes
- **933. a.** The welfare of the community depends on this decision.
 - **b.** He is undecided about which job to accept.
 - **c.** Unfortunatly, we do not have this sweater in another color.
 - d.no mistakes
- **934. a.** Check your paper to see if you have anymisspellings.
 - **b.** Safety is my primary concern.
 - c. We are all individual and unique.
 - d.no mistakes
- **935. a.** I am going to wear my velvit skirt on NewYear's Eve.
 - **b.** The sentences in the second paragraph are too vague.
 - **c.** George wrapped the birthday present for me.
 - d.no mistakes
- **936. a.** My friends bought a new home in anupscale community.
 - **b.** I am truely sorry about the outcome.
 - c. Rhoda has a private office.
 - d.no mistakes

- **937. a.** Mark carved the roast with a razor-sharpknife.
 - **b.** You have been more than charitable.
 - **c.** Which president is buried in this cemetary?
 - d.no mistakes
- **938.** a. He has revealed his innermost secrets.
 - **b.** There is a town in New Mexico called Truth or Consequences.
 - **c.** You think he is funny, but I think he is vulgar.
 - d.no mistakes
- **939.** a. Her conversation was filled with sarcasim.
 - **b.** I would like to be as poised as Susanna.
 - c. You can learn self-confidence.
 - d. no mistakes
- **940.** a. Smart consumers read food labels.
 - **b.** Your new dress is lovily.
 - **c.** Did you see the lightning?
 - d.no mistakes
- 941. a. The parachute opened properly.
 - **b.** Carlos is a physical therapist.
 - **c.** This story has received too much publisity.
 - d.no mistakes
- **942.** a.Her contribution was significant.
 - **b.** Save all of your receipts.
 - **c.** Lena has three great roommates.
 - d.no mistakes

- **943. a.** Mercury is a poisonous substance.
 - **b.**Todd served in the militery for twenty years.
 - **c.** Their relationship suffered as a result of his immaturity.
 - d.no mistakes
- **944. a.** She did not even aknowledge mypresence.
 - **b.** Do you think this is an attainable goal?
 - **c.** For the fiftieth time, the answer is no.
 - d.no mistakes
- **945. a.** There is a five-year warranty on thisappliance.
 - **b.** Measure both the length and the width of the table.
 - c. How many wittnesses do we have?
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **946.** a. Harry is a kind-hearted man.
 - **b.** We have a fundimental difference of opinion.
 - **c.** Your behavior can only be described as professional.
 - d. no mistakes
- **947. a.** A bad decision could have beendetrimental to her health.
 - **b.** Coffee is a stimulant.
 - **c.** The color scheme in the living room was monochromatic.
 - d.no mistakes

- **948. a.** Scott was in unaform when he sat for thefamily portrait.
 - **b.** The tenants' association will hold its meeting tonight.
 - **c.** This is the best value you will find anywhere.
 - d.no mistakes
- **949. a.** I am taking my neice and nephew to theamusement park.
 - **b.** They placed their wedding announcement in the Sunday paper.
 - **c.** That is one argument that will never be resolved.
 - d. no mistakes
- **950. a.** What is your assessment of the situation?
 - **b.** How much paint do we need to compleat this job?
 - **c.** Your assignment is to write a four-page report.
 - d.no mistakes
- **951. a.** I am planning to cook two turkeys onThanksgiving.
 - **b.** Why did you refuse to accept his offer?
 - **c.** The traffic during rush hour today was unbelievable.
 - d.no mistakes
- **952. a.** The dancer was graceful and elegent.
 - **b.** Is that horse a thoroughbred?
 - **c.** He can be annoying and meddlesome.
 - d.no mistakes

- **953. a.** Avery's thriftyness is sometimes aproblem.
 - **b.** Marlene is dignified and self-assured.
 - **c.** You have given me the best advice I have ever had.
 - d.no mistakes
- **954. a.** My sister accepted an administrative position with the state department.
 - **b.**Erin works for a federal agency in Chicago.
 - **c.** Honesty is said to be the best policy.
 - d.no mistakes
- **955. a.** The actor's illustrious career began almostfifty years ago.
 - **b.** Poler bears are beautiful but dangerous creatures.
 - **c.** A poll was conducted by the officials at the end of the election.
 - d.no mistakes
- **956. a.** Barbara is very ambitious and knows howto set goals.
 - **b.** The actor bears a striking resemblence to Abraham Lincoln.
 - **c.** Do not ruin your good reputation by making the wrong decision.
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **957. a.** A cup of herbal tea will sooth my nerves.
 - **b.**I received lots of encouragement from my science teacher.
 - c. Alcohol acts as a depressant.
 - **d.** no mistakes

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- **958. a.** The orchestra played my favoritesymphony.
 - **b.** After registration, we will know if enrollment has increased or decreased.
 - **c.** We paid homage to the soldiers who fought in the war.
 - d.no mistakes
- **959. a.** Meet me during intermission.
 - **b.** He quareled frequently with other members of his family.
 - **c.** She buys only quality merchandise.
 - d.no mistakes
- **960. a.** The movie was immensely popular withchildren.
 - **b.** Joshua made a commitment to practice the piano every day.
 - **c.** We do not know the correct pronnunciation.
 - d.no mistakes
- **961. a.** The winners received their prizes severaldays ago.
 - **b.** The principle met with the members of the student council.
 - **c.** How many passengers traveled by train?
 - d.no mistakes
- **962. a.** The scedule was posted on the bulletinboard.
 - **b.** Patrick made a solemn promise to arrive on time.
 - **c.** I have an indoor thermometer on the wall in my kitchen.
 - d.no mistakes

- **963. a.** When will you have time to knit anothersweater?
 - **b.** The fireplace has become a focal point in the room.
 - **c.** I have no knowlege of how the bicycle was damaged.
 - d.no mistakes
- **964. a.** The coach did not think the opposing team played aggressively.
 - **b.** The mayor and the city manager were not in agreement.
 - **c.** The basement of the building was like a dungeon.
 - d.no mistakes
- **965.** a. The scizzors were not sharp enough.
 - **b.** The intense heat scorched my houseplants.
 - **c.** The Milky Way is only one of many galaxies.
 - d.no mistakes
- **966.** a. Edwin made his announcement yesterday.
 - **b.** It would not be a good idea to swim in such stagnant water.
 - c. I want to buy a portable dishwasher.
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **967. a.** They hoped to avert a tragedy.
 - **b.** The quartett sang at my sister's wedding.
 - **c.** Try to patronize your local stores.
 - d.no mistakes
- **968. a.** The guard dogs searched the premises.
 - **b.** Due to the lack of rain, drought conditions exist.
 - **c.** Is that a rhetorical question?
 - d.no mistakes

- **969.** a. We knew that Ellen was embarassed.
 - **b.** I am teaching my brother to read mathematical symbols.
 - **c.** Neither Joe nor Gary has done any research for the report.
 - d.no mistakes
- **970. a.** The speaker elegantly defined themeaning of a democracy.
 - **b.**Occasionally, our dog Skippy will dig under the fence.
 - **c.** This weather is terribly depressing.
 - d.no mistakes
- **971. a.** All employees will be eligible for threeweeks of vacation.
 - **b.** The managment team promised to look into the situation.
 - **c.** We studied the geology and topology of the region.
 - d.no mistakes
- **972. a.** The commissioner has assumedresponsibility.
 - **b.** Kate likes to visit with her nieghbor.
 - **c.** This is not a commonly held viewpoint.
 - d.no mistakes
- **973. a.** Edith and her sister closely resemble oneanother.
 - **b.** Her handwriting was barely legible.
 - **c.** The butterfly's wings are perfectly symetrical.
 - d.no mistakes

- **974. a.** Our company sent forty representatives to the meeting.
 - **b.** When did you realize that the theory could not be proven?
 - **c.** We both filled out an application for employment.
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **975.** a. All of the musicians were well trained.
 - **b.** Thank you for your assistance and support.
 - **c.** You are required to follow standard proceedures.
 - d.no mistakes
- **976. a.** I knew she was bored because shewriggled in her seat.
 - **b.** If you want to succeed, please report to work imediately.
 - c. He was conscious of his surroundings.
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **977. a.** My mother will soon celebrate herfortieth birthday.
 - **b.** Autumn is my favorite time of year.
 - c. My cousin will be skiing in Febuary.
 - d.no mistakes
- **978. a.** As treasurer, Jenny has complete financial responsibility.
 - **b.**I have been assured that his illness is not contagious.
 - **c.** The design for the book jacket seemed wierd.
 - d.no mistakes

- **979.** a. She is the only veterinarian that I willtrust with my dachshunds.
 - **b.** The senators will vote on two critical issues.
 - c. Please pick up my prescription at the pharmacy.
 - d. no mistakes
- **980.** a. Rita is a freshman; her sister is asophmore.
 - **b.** My grandfather was а distinguished professor.
 - **c.** This is the most efficient way.
 - d.no mistakes
- **981.** a. Sally plays five different musicalinstruments.
 - **b.** Use your persuasive powers to get results.
 - c. What are you wearing to the masquerade 987. a. The painters forgot to take their ladders.
 - d.no mistakes

party?

- **982.** a. The hospital stocked a amountof anti-venom in case snakebite.
 - **b.** The new pharmicy has twenty-eight aisles.
 - c. During the semester, we were required to read all of the stories in the anthology.
 - d.no mistakes
- **983.** a. After all, he is a bureaucrat.
 - **b.** The fragrence from the lilac bushes permeated the room.
 - c. I fractured my ankle playing soccer.
 - d.no mistakes

- 984. a. His inaugeration speech was fortythreeminutes long.
 - **b.** There are too many people in the gymnasium.
 - c. My brother has always been a nonconformist.
 - d.no mistakes
- **985. a.** Did you memorize the grammer rules?
 - **b.** I will phone you tomorrow.
 - c. Benedict Arnold was a traitor.
 - d. no mistakes
- 986. a. Do not be deterred.
 - **b.** Which is most economical?
 - c. We made a unanimus decision.
 - **d.** no mistakes
 - - b. Be careful not to make an irational decision under the circumstances.
 - **c.** The food critic overrated this restaurant.
 - **d.** no mistakes
- **988. a.** They began their ascent up the mountain.
 - **b.** That chair is ancient and probably an antique.
 - **c.** Since the reservoirs are full, there is an abundant water supply this year.
 - d.no mistakes
- **989.** a. The secretery of state spoke to the nationlast Tuesday.
 - **b.** Do you know what a promissory note is?
 - c. We are unable to ascertain the truth.
 - d.no mistakes

- **990. a.** I think it is a mechanical problem.
 - **b.** His credentials are impecable.
 - **c.** He repeatedly interrupted the speaker.
 - d.no mistakes
- **991. a.** Harrison is a confirmed chocolateenthusiast.
 - **b.** I am pleased to make your acquaintence.
 - **c.** Is that a maple or a sycamore tree?
 - d.no mistakes
- **992.** a. I prefer to take the bus when it rains.
 - **b.** In business math, I learned to reconcile my checkbook.
 - c. Irene will study medicine next year.
 - d.no mistakes
- **993. a.** Mark Twain is a renowned writer whowrote about some notorius characters.
 - **b.**Today, we are giving impromptue speeches in class.
 - **c.** That is certainly a legitimate concern for each and every citizen.
 - d. no mistakes
- **994. a.** There will be elaborate preparations for the celebration.
 - **b.** Who is responsible for this predicament?
 - **c.** He distributed the pamplet yesterday.
 - d.no mistakes
- **995. a.** Elyse made a significant contribution.
 - **b.** He owns eleven properties and a yacht.
 - **c.** Her daughter's siloette hung on the bedroom wall.
 - d.no mistakes

- **996. a.** I think we will use lacquer to finish thetable.
 - **b.** The laboratory is down that hallway.
 - **c.** Our friendship was irrepairably damaged.
 - d.no mistakes
- **997. a.** There have been twenty burgleries in theneighborhood this year.
 - **b.** He is the most belligerent person I have ever met.
 - **c.** She received a citation for her bravery.
 - d.no mistakes
- **998. a.** They have the arduous task of countingall the votes.
 - **b.** Put the horses back in the corral.
 - **e.** The door is falling from the hinges of the dilapidated frame.
 - d.no mistakes
- **999. a.** That corporation is subsidized by thegovernment.
 - **b.** Did you get your tetinus shot?
 - **c.** After her foot surgery, she was unable to ascend the stairs.
 - d.no mistakes
- **1000. a.**The odor in the building made menauseous.
 - **b.** He believes that war is an imoral act.
 - **c.** Watching too much television can affect mental acuity.
 - d.no mistakes
- **1001. a.**What is the tarrif on foreign car imports?
 - **b.** The heart surgeon performed the delicate operation.
 - **c.** I want to play in the chess tournament.
 - d.no mistakes

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SECTION

4



Answer Explanations

EREIS WHERE you will find all the correct answers to all 1001 of the vocabulary and spelling questions. How did you do?

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Chapter 1: Synonyms

- **1. d.** *Erroneous*means inaccurate, faulty, or *incorrect*.
- **2. c.** *Grotesque*means freakish, distorted, or*hideous*.
- **3. b.** If something is *garbled*, it is unintentionally distorted, jumbled or *unintelligible*.
- **4. c.** If you*expose*something, you*reveal*it.
- **5.** a. To*coerce* means to dominate by *force*.
- **6. b.** *Abrupt* means quick, hasty, or *sudden*.
- **7. c.** *Apathy*means a lack of interest or concern; *indifference*.
- **8. c.** *Despair* means the same as *hopelessness*.
- **9. c.** Acontemptuousperson would be disdainful or scornful.
- **10. b.** Tototemeans tocarry.
- **11. d.** If something is *distinct*, it is distinguishable or *separate*.
- **12. d.** *Flagrant*means*glaringly*offensive.
- **13. c.** An*oration* is a speech; an*address*.
- **14. d.** *Libel*is a false or defamatory statementthat brings undeserved discredit and is synonymous with *slander*.
- **15. d.** *Philanthropy*is characterized by goodwill,humanitarianism, and *charity*.
- **16. c.** *Proximity* means the same as *nearness*.
- **17. a.** *Negligible*means to be of little conse-quence; *insignificant*.
- **18. b.** *Vigilant*means*watchful*, especially ofdanger.
- **19. a.** *Astute*means to have or show a keenawareness; *perceptive*.
- **20. a.** To collaborate means to work jointly withothers; to cooperate.
- **21. b.** *Insipid* means the same as *tasteless*.
- **22. c.** Tonavigatemeans to direct orsteeracourse across or through an area.
- **23. d.** Totailor means to design or to alter to suita

- **24. b.** Toyieldmeans to give up or torelinquish.
- **25. a.** *Eternal*means to be without end or to be *timeless*.
- **26. a.** Tostowmeans to store orpackaway.
- **27. c.** *Intimate*means personal or *private*.
- **28. d.** To*consider* means to regard or judge; *ponder*.
- **29. a.** Tohumidifymeans to dampen ormoisten.
- **30. c.** To arouse means to stir or cause to become alert; waken.
- **31. d.** Toharassmeans to torment orpester.
- **32. a.** *Fortified* means strengthened or *reinforced*.
- **33. d.** To delegate means to authorize, appoint, or assign.
- **34. c.** To be held*accountable*means to be held*responsible*.
- **35. b.** Aphilosophyis a system of motivating principles.
- **36. b.** Acustomis a common practice; ahabithat is practiced and followed regularly.
- **37. c.** Aharboris a place of security; arefuge is aplace that provides shelter or protection.
- **38. b.** Tomusemeans to consider carefully or atlength; to *ponder*.
- **39. a.** Avesseland acontainer are both receptacles for holding goods.
- **40. a.** To *dispute* is to engage in argument; to *debate* is to argue.
- **41. a.** Asite is the place occupied by something; a position or *location*.
- **42. d.** To *compensate* means to provide adequate substitution or to recompense, as to *pay* appropriately.
- **43. c.** A *journal* and a *diary* are both records of daily happenings.
- **44. c.** An*opportunity*to do something is thesame as a *chance* to do it.
- **45. b.** *Invent*means to create or to *discover*.

specific need.

- **46. c.** Asphere is a figure formed by the revolution of a circle about its diameter and is synonymous with *globe*.
- **47. d.** To refine means to remove impurities; to purify.
- **48. d.** To*pledge*means to make a declaration ora *promise* to do something.
- **49. d.** *Gangly*means tall, thin, and awkward; *lanky*.
- **50. a.** Asageis awise, intelligent, or perceptive person.
- **51. b.** To be dormant is to be sleeping or slumbering.
- **52. a.** Tobanishmeans to condemn to removalor to exile.
- **53. b.** To*croon*means to vocalize or to*sing*.
- **54. d.** Ahosteland aninnare both lodgingplaces.
- **55. b.** Amesa and aplateau are both high tablelands; flat-topped hills with precipitous sides.
- **56. d.** *Ado*means a hubbub or commotion; *fuss*.
- **57.** a. *Obscure*means*concealed*or hidden.
- **58. a.** Amaliciousaction is intended to harm, asis a *spiteful* action.
- **59. d.** *Obsolete* and *outmoded* both mean nolonger in use.
- **60. a.** An expansive personality istalkative, open, and sociable.
- **61. a.** *Relinquish* means to let go or release; *abandon* means to desert.
- **62. b.** *Submissive* means acting in submission toothers; *obedient* implies compliance as well.
- **63. a.** *Ponderous*means*heavy*;unwieldy orclumsy because of weight or size.
- **64. a.** *Stoical* means not showing passion or feeling; *impassive* means expressionless.

- **65. c.** *Haggard* means having a worn or an emaciated appearance; *gaunt* means excessively thin.
- **66. b.** An*enigma*is puzzling and difficult tounderstand; a *mystery*.
- **67. d.** *Jocular* means given to jesting; habitually *jolly*.
- **68. a.** To rebuke is to censure angrily; to scold is to reproach abusively.
- **69. b.** *Renown*is a state of honor; *fame* means toachieve popular acclaim.
- **70. d.** *Robust*means*vigorous*or strong.
- **71. b.** To be mundane is to be characterized by the practical or commonplace; ordinary.
- **72. c.** *Remiss*means to show neglect or inattention; *negligent* is not taking prudent care.
- **73. c.** *Imminent* means to be in the near orimmediate future; *soon*.
- **74. a.** *Inordinate*means to exceed reasonablelimits; *excessive* means going beyond a normal limit.
- **75. a.** *Disheveled* means marked by disorder ordisarray; *rumpled* means mussed or tousled.
- **76. c.** *Disillusioned* is the condition of being disappointed or *disenchanted*.
- **77. d.** *Querymeans* to ask questions; *inquire*.
- **78. d.** *Clemency* is an act or instance of leniency; *mercy* means compassion shown to anoffender.

Chapter 2: Antonyms

- **79. b.** To be altert is to be attentive; to be inattentive is to not pay attention, be unmindful.
- **80. d.** *Cautious* means prudent and discreet; *reckless* means to disregard or be indiffer-ent of the consequences of an act and is the opposite of cautious.

101. a.

Grueling means

exhausting; effortless means easy.

- **81. a.** Shameful means dishonorable; honorable means to be distinguished or illustrious, the opposite of shameful.
- **82. c.** *Vague*means not clear or definite; *definite* means clearly defined.
- **83. c.** *Vulnerable* means open to attack or weak; *secure* is the opposite of weak.
- **84. a.** *Distress*means great strain, upset; *comfort*means calmness and peace.
- **85. a.** *Unity*means harmony or compatibility; *discord* means a lack of harmony.
- **86. c.** *Clarify*means to make clear; *obscure* means to make dark, dim, or indistinct.
- **87. a.** To grant is to permit; to deny is to refuse to permit.
- **88. b.** *Impartial* means not partial or biased; *prejudiced* means biased.
- **89. c.** *Prompt* means punctual; *tardy* means late.
- **90. b.** Todelayis to slow; tohasten is to hurry.
- **91. c.** To soothe is to comfort; to aggravate is to irritate.
- **92. d.** *Moderate*means average; *excessive* means extreme.
- **93. d.** To*reveal*is to disclose; to*conceal*is tohide.
- **94. c.** *Initial* means first; *final* means last.
- **95. a.** Brittlemeans breakable, frail; flexible means bendable, pliable.
- **96. a.** *Capable*means able; *unskilled* means lacking skill or ability, unable.
- **97. a.** Tostrayis to wander; toremain is to stay.
- **98. b.** *Dainty*means delicate; *coarse*means rude, rough, indelicate.
- **99. d.** *Craving* means desire; *revulsion* means aversion.
- **100. a.** *Ferocious* means savage; *docile* means tame.

- **102. d.** To forsake is to abandon; to cherish is to hold dear, to nurture.
- **103. b.** To restrain is to hold back, control; to liberate is to release.
- **104. c.** To be*bleak*is to be dreary; to be*bright*isto be brilliant.
- **105. a.** *Unruly*means not easily managed, controlled, or disciplined; *controllable* is the opposite.
- **106. b.** *Solidarity*means union; *disunity*means division.
- **107. a.** To retractis to withdraw; to assert is to affirm.
- **108. b.** *Concise*means short or brief; *lengthy* means long.
- **109. d.** *Omit* means to leave out; *include* means totake in.
- **110. b.** *Prohibit* means to forbid; *permit* means to allow.

- **111. b.** *Disclose*means to reveal; *conceal* means to cover or hide, to prevent disclosure.
- **112. a.** *Stifle*means to discourage or smother; *encourage* is to give support to or foster.
- **113. b.** To belittle means to criticize; compliment is an expression of praise, admiration, or congratulations, the opposite of belittle.
- **114. c.** *Aimless* means lacking in purpose; *purposeful* means having an aim orpurpose.
- **115. d.** *Detest* means to feel hostility toward, tostrongly dislike; to *admire* is to have a high opinion of or to hold in great esteem or respect.
- **116. b.** *Valiant* means acting with bravery orboldness; *cowardly* is to act with ignoble fear or to exhibit the characteristics of a coward.
- 117. d. Lenientmeans permissive, tolerant, oreasy-going; domineering means exercising overbearing control.

- **118. c.** *Tarnish* means to destroy the luster of; *shine* means to make bright by polishing.
- **119. c.** *Mandatory*means containing a command; *optional* means having a choice.
- **120. c.** *Chagrin* means distress caused by disappointment or failure; *pleasure* is a source of enjoyment or delight.
- **121. d.** *Commence* means to begin; *terminate* means to end.
- **122. a.** *Conscientious* means careful, cautious, andthoughtful; *careless* means not showing care.
- **123. b.** *Deficient* means lacking some necessary quality; *adequate* means having all neces-sary parts.
- **124. d.** *Lucid*means clear; the opposite is *vague*, not clearly expressed.
- **125. c.** *Judicious* means wise or prudent; *imprudent* is to be indiscreet or unwise, the opposite of judicious.
- **126. a.** *Dissonance* means disagreement or discord; *harmony* means to be in agreement or accord, to have the same feeling or opinion.
- **127. a.** *Erudite*means learned or possessingknowledge; *uneducated* is a lack of train-ing or knowledge.
- **128. d.** *Harmony*means agreement; *discord* means disagreement.
- **129. a.** An*insult*is a gross indignity; a*compliment* is a remark of admiration.
- **130. a.** *General* means not limited to one class orthing; *specific* means particular.
- **131. d.** *Imaginary*means unreal: *factual*meansreal.
- **132. c.** To demolish means to tear apart; to create means to build.
- **133. b.** *Absorb* means to take in or consume; to repel is to reject or force away.

- **134. d.** To be *critical* is to be important or vital; tobe *trivial* is to be unimportant.
- **135. c.** *Infantile* means childish; *mature* means grown-up.
- **136. b.** To*retain*is to keep or hold; to*release*is tolet go.
- **137. d.** To be *impulsive* is to be swayed by emotion or to make rash decisions; to be *cautious* is to show forethought.
- **138. c.** *Competent*means having adequateabilities; *inept* means incapable or incompetent.
- **139. b.** To*promote* is to advance someone to ahigher rank or to advocate; to *downgrade* is to cut something short.
- **140. c.** *Requirement* means something obligatory; *option* means something that can be chosen.
- **141. a.** Toirritatemeans to annoy; tosoothemeans to calm.
- **142. d.** To be punctual means to be on time; to be tardy means to be late.
- **143. c.** *Virtue*is a moral goodness; *vice*is a moralfailing.
- **144. b.** To be *fortunate* is to have good luck; to be *hapless* is to be unlucky.
- **145. d.** *Notable*means distinguished or unusual; *ordinary* means usual, plain.
- **146. a.** *Prim*means stiffly formal and proper; *outrageous* means horrendous, shocking.
- **147. b.** *Prosperous*means rich or affluent; *destitute* means very poor.
- **148. b.** *Nimble* means quick and light in motion; *sluggish* means slow or inactive.
- **149. a.** *Tranquil* means peaceful; *agitated* means disturbed or excited.
- **150. c.** *Sprightly*means lively; *dull* suggests a lackor loss of keenness or zest.

151. c. *Amiable*means friendly; *aloof* means to remote. bephysically or emotionally distant or

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- **152. a.** To be *prudent* is to exercise good judgment; to be *rash* is to show ill-considered haste.
- **153. c.** *Scant*means meager; *copious* means abundant.
- **154. b.** To be *steadfast* is to be fixed or unchanging; to be *fickle* is characterized by constant change or instability, the opposite of steadfast.
- **155. b.** To be *stringent* is to be rigorous or severe; to be *lax* is to be lacking in rigor or strictness.

Chapter 3: Synonyms and Antonyms

- **156. d.** A*rational* decision is one that exercises the ability to reason, a *sound* decision is one that has a firm basis.
- **157. a.** An*attribute* is a characteristic or *quality* belonging to a person or thing.
- **158. a.** To subdue means to bring under control; conquer means to defeat by force.
- **159. d.** To be animated is to be filled with activity or vigor; *lively* is to be filled with energy.
- **160. a.** To be in *awe* of something is to admire it; to have *contempt* for something is to con-sider it worthless.
- **161. d.** *Intricate*means having many elaboratelyarranged elements; *complex* means com-plicated or involved.
- **162. d.** Askeptic is someone who doubts; abeliever is one who thinks something istrue.
- **163. b.** To be *hypothetical* is to be suppositional or contingent on being tested; to be *actual* is to exist in fact or reality.
- **164. a.** Toenhanceis to increase or augment; todiminish is to make smaller.

- **165. d.** Tomanipulateis to manage or tohandlein a controlling manner.
- **166. c.** To be *subjective* is to be influenced by one's own emotions or beliefs without strict regard to evidence in the outside world; to be *unbiased* is to be objective or impartial.
- **167. d.** To be *succinct* is to be concise; to be *verbose* is to use excessive words, to bewordy.
- **168. d.** *Enthusiastic* means eager, to show keeninterest or desire.
- **169. a.** If something is *adequate*, it is *sufficient*, or as much as needed.
- **170. b.** To be *uniform* is be consistent or the same as others; to be *diverse* is to have variety.
- **171. d.** A person who is *ecstatic* has great pleasure or delight or is thrilled.
- **172. d.** To affect means to influence a person, thing, or course of events.
- **173. d.** To be wary is to be on guard or watchful; to be *careless* is to have lack of fore-thought.
- **174. d.** To be novel is to be new; the opposite is old, existing for a long time.
- **175. c.** *Continuous* means to be marked by uninterrupted extension in space and time.
- **176. a.** Both *courtesy* and *civility* imply being polite, considerate, or mannerly.
- **177. a.** A fallacy is a false or mistaken idea, trickery; a truth is something which conforms to the facts.
- **178. b.** Afrailperson is weak and delicate or frailin constitution or health.
- **179. a.** Recuperatemeans to heal; to recover means to restore or get back again
- **180. d.** *Subsequent* means coming after or following; *previous* means coming before.

- **181. c.** To be nonchalant means to have an air of easy indifference; to be concerned means to be interested and involved.
- **182. d.** Ahoaxand aruseare both tricks designed to confuse or mislead.
- **183. b.** If you gain *composure*, you have *poise*, amanner of acting that is free from affecta-tion or embarrassment.
- **184. b.** To excise means to remove; to retain means to keep.
- **185. a.** *Disperse*means to scatter; to *gather*meansto collect in one place.
- **186. c.** An*eccentric*person is considered to beodd, unusual, eccentric, or peculiar.
- **187. a.**Both commendable and admirable mean worthy, qualified, or desirable.
- **188. d.** Adomain is an area governed by a ruler; aterritory is an area for which someone isresponsible.
- **189. a.** *Passive* is to fail to respond or react to anaction; *inactive* means not functioning or operating.
- **190. b.** To *liberate* means to release; to *restrain* means to deprive of liberty.
- **191. a.** *Faltering* means to be unsteady in purposeor action, stumbling; *steady* means firm in position or place, direct, or unfaltering.
- **192. b.** *Vast*means very great in size; *immense* means to be immeasurable in size or extent.
- **193. d.** *Comply*means to act in accordance with acommand and is synonymous with *obey*, to carry out or fulfill an order.
- **194. c.** *Optimum*means the most desirable; *worst*means the least desirable.
- **195. d.** If you*enlighten*someone, you instruct,inform, or teach them to make them free of ignorance, prejudice, or superstition.
- **196. a.** To be tedious is to be tiresome; to be stimulating is to be exciting.

- **197. d.** To exonerate means to clear from accusation or guilt; to blame is to accuse or hold responsible.
- **198. b.** *Ephemeral* means short-lived; *enduring* means without end.
- **199. a.** To be a*predecessor* is to be one who pre-cedes or comes before another; to be a *successor* is to be one who succeeds orcomes after another.
- **200. a.** To refrain is to hold back; to desist is tocease, stop, or forbear.
- **201. a.** *Affable*means pleasant and at ease oragreeable; the opposite is *disagreeable* or not to one's liking, unpleasant.
- **202. a.** *Rigorous*is to be rigid or harsh and is syn-onymous with demanding, to request urgently.
- **203. a.** To *orient* means to adjust, become familiar; to *confuse* means to bewilder.
- **204. d.** To*levitate* means to rise and float; to *sink* means to be submerged.
- **205. d.** If you are *oblivious* to your surroundings, you are unaware or not cognizant of them.
- **206. b.** To *verify* means to establish truth or accuracy; to *confirm* means to support or establish the validity of.
- **207. c.** Topacifymeans to calm; to excitemeansto stir up.
- **208. c.** *Plausible*means likely or credible; *unbelievable* is incredible, not to bebelieved, unlikely.
- **209. c.** *Idle* means not in use or operation; *immobile* means immovable or fixed.
- **210. b.** Someone who is *avid* has enthusiasm and pursues things vigorously; the opposite would be *unenthusiastic*, lacking excite-ment or ardor.

- **228. a.** Apanacea is an all-encompassing remedy; a cure is a remedy or restoration to health.
- **212. a.** *Complacent* means self-satisfied, smug, orunworried; the opposite is *concerned*, which means interested and involved.
- **213. b.** To be *ambiguous* is to be unclear, equivocal, or obscure; to be *certain* is to be defi-nite or fixed.
- **214. b.** *Confer*means to compare views or to takecounsel; *consult* means to exchange views.
- **215. a.** A*repast*is a meal or the food eaten at ameal.
- **216. a.** To be held in high*esteem* means to have afavorable regard; to *disrespect* is to lack courteous regard.
- **217. c.** To be *eloquent* is to be fluent; to be *inarticulate* is to speak hesitantly.
- **218. b.** To be *apathetic* is to show little emotionor interest; to be *indifferent* is to have no particular interest or concern.
- **219. a.** A deterrent prevents or discourages; encouragement inspires or heartens.
- **220. d.** Someone who is impertinents rude; someone who is polite is courteous.
- **221. c.** To augment means to increase or expandin size or extent.
- **222. c.** To be *ludicrous* is to be absurd; to be *reasonable* is to be rational.
- **223. b.** *Archaic* means ancient or outdated; *modern* is current or contemporary.
- **224. d.** To be *incredulous* is to be skeptical; *disbelieving* is to refuse to believe in.
- **225. c.** To be *vindictive* is to be vengeful; to be *spiteful* means to be malicious.
- **226. d.** *Sullen*means gloomy or dismal; *jovial*means very happy.
- **227. a.** *Menial*means servile, related to workdone by a servant; *lowly* means humble or plain, suited for one of the lowest rank.

- **229. b.** *Taut*means extremely tight, tense; *relaxed* means loose, not tense.
- **230. a.** To rile is to upset; to appease is to pacify or satisfy.
- **231. d.** To be *glib* is to reply quickly with insin-cere or superficial, false words.
- **232. d.** Tomaris to damage or deface; torepairisto restore or fix.
- **233. a.** To be *cognizant* of something is to be aware; to be *conscious* is to be perceptive or alert.
- **234. c.** Tomediate is to settle a dispute; toreconcile is to bring into agreement.
- **235. b.** *Concurrent* and *simultaneous* both mean happening at the same time.
- **236. a.** Toinduce is to bring about; toprompt is toprovoke or induce to action.
- **237. d.** *Intrepid*is fearless, undaunted, daring, orbrave; the opposite of *fearful* or anxious, frightened, or terrified.

- **238. c.** To *saturate* is to fill or to load to capacity; to *soak* is to penetrate or permeate.
- **239. a.** *Methodical*is characterized by method ororder; *erratic* is variable, inconsistent, and unpredictable.
- **240. d.** *Latent*means present but not functioning; *active* means to be marked by energeticactivity.
- **241. d.** To*proscribe* means to reject, condemn, ordenounce as unwanted or dangerous; to prohibit; to *forbid* is to command not to do. Proscribe should not be confused with *prescribe*, which means to advise the useof (e.g., a medication).
- **242. b.** *Prevarication*is an evasion of the truth; *veracity* means truthfulness.
- **243. b.** *Mirth*means merriment; *solemnity* means seriousness.
- **244. b.** *Surreptitious* is acting in a stealthy orsecretive manner.

245. c. *Trepidation* means fear; the opposite is *fearlessness* or having no fear.

Chapter 4: Verbal Classification

- **246. b.** *Confirmed, definite*, and *conclusive* are all synonyms; *tentative* is an antonym of these words.
- **247. a.** *Distinct, explicit,* and *forthright* are all synonyms; *implied* is an antonym of these words.
- **248. c.** *Premeditated*, *rehearsed*, and *calculated* are all synonyms; *spontaneous* is an antonym of these words.
- **249. b.** *Rampant, widespread*, and *pervasive* are all synonyms; *restrained* is an antonym of these words.
- **250. b.** *Flexible, supple,* and *limber* are all synonyms; *rigid* is an antonym of these words.
- **251. d.** *Subdue*, *crush*, and *suppress* are all synonyms; *provoke* is an antonym of these words.
- **252. c.** *Comprise*, *compose*, and *constitute* are all synonyms; *exclude* is an antonym of these words.
- **253. a.** *Infinite, immense,* and *vast* are all synonyms; *infinitesimal* is an antonym of these words.
- **254. b.** *Heroism, prowess*, and *mastery* are all synonyms; *incompetence* is an antonym of these words.
- **255. d.** *Rasping, grating*, and *abrasive* are all syn-onyms; *polished* is an antonym of these words.
- **256. a.** *Deformed, grotesque*, and *repulsive* are all synonyms; *comely* is an antonym of these words.

- **257. b.** Receptive, compassionate, and amenable are all synonyms; intolerant is an antonym of these words.
- **258. c.** *Sloppy, disheveled*, and *unkempt* are all synonyms; *orderly* is an antonym of these words.
- **259. d.** *Word for word, exact*, and *verbatim* are all synonyms; *paraphrased* is an antonym of these words.
- **260. a.** *Carefully, warily,* and *prudently* are all synonyms; *recklessly* is an antonym of these words.
- **261. c.** *Destitute, poverty- stricken*, and *impoverished* are all synonyms; *affluent* is an antonym of these words.
- **262. a.** *Inviting, welcoming*, and *cheery* are all synonyms; *dour* is an antonym of these words.
- **263. b.** *Clumsy, all thumbs*, and *maladroit* are all synonyms; *nimble* is an antonym of these words.
- **264. a.** *Ridicule*, *deride*, and *gibe* are all synonyms; *compliment* is an antonym of these words.
- **265. c.** *Deprived, bereft,* and *bereaved* are all synonyms; *replete* is an antonym of these words.
- **266. d.** *Resolve, fortitude,* and *mettle* are all synonyms; *timidity* is an antonym of these words.
- **267. d.** Submissive, obedient, and acquiescent are all synonyms; officious is an antonym of these words.
- **268. b.** *Proficient, deft*, and *adroit* are all synonyms; *inept* is an antonym of these words.
- **269. c.** *Felicitous, inopportune*, and *ill-timed* are all synonyms; *inappropriate* is an antonym of these words.

- **270. c.** *Vex*, *aggravate*, and *agitate* are all synonyms; *agitate* is an antonym of these words.
- **271. a.** *Abject, lowly*,and*humble*are all synonyms; *stately* is an antonym of these words.
- **272. c.** *Mercenary, venal*, and *corruptible* are all synonyms; *honest* is an antonym of these words.
- **273. b.** *Pinnacle, summit,* and *acme* are all synonyms; *perigee* is an antonym of these words.
- **274. a.** *Concur, consent*, and *accede* are all syn-onyms; *demur* is an antonym of these words.
- **275. b.** *Replica, facsimile*, and *reproduction* are all synonyms; *permutation* is an antonym of these words.
- **276. c.** *Pernicious, toxic*, and *virulent* are all synonyms; *innocuous* is an antonym of these words.
- **277. d.** Stentorian, booming, and thundering are all synonyms; tranquil is an antonym of these words.
- **278. d.** *Permissive, lenient*, and *indulgent* are all synonyms; *implacable* is an antonym of these words.
- **279. c.** *Bedlam, pandemonium*, and *tumult* are all synonyms; *repose* is an antonym of these words.
- **280. a.** *Somnolent, soporific*, and *hypnotic* are all synonyms; *stimulating* is an antonym of these words.
- **281. d.** *Impassioned, vehement,* and *emphatic* are all synonyms; *apathetic* is an antonym of these words.
- **282. b.** *Savory, piquant*, and *aromatic* are all synonyms; *distasteful* is an antonym of these words.

- **283. a.** *Sanction, concur*, and *assent* are all synonyms; *dissent* is an antonym of these words.
- **284. d.** *Devout, fervent,* and *zealous* are all synonyms; *dispirited* is an antonym of these words.

Chapter 5: Analogies

- **285. a.** *Polite* and *gracious* are synonyms; cordial and courteous are synonyms.
- **286. c.** If someone has been *humiliated*, he or she has been greatly *embarrassed*; if someone is *terrified*, he or she is extremely *frightened*.
- **287. c.** Scarcely and mostly are antonyms; quietly and loudly are antonyms.
- **288. d.** *Candid*and*indirect*are opposing traits, asare *honest* and *devious*.
- **289. a.** *Control* and *dominate* are synonyms; *magnify* and *enlarge* are synonyms.
- **290. b.** *Exactly* and *precisely* are synonyms; *evidently* and *apparently* are synonyms.
- **291. d.** *Meaningful* and *insignificant* are antonyms; *essential* and *unnecessary* are antonyms.
- **292. b.** *Simple* and *complex* are antonyms; *trivial* and *significant* are antonyms.
- **293. c.** *Neophyte*and*novice*are synonyms; *pursuit* and *quest* are synonyms.
- **294. a.** *Regard* and *esteem* are synonyms; *ambivalence* and *uncertainty* are synonyms.
- **295. d.** *Elated* and *despondent* are antonyms; *enlightened* and *ignorant* are antonyms.

- **296. b.** *Divulge* and *conceal* are antonyms; *conform* and *differ* are antonyms.
- **297. b.** Restrain and curbare synonyms; recant and retract are synonyms.

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- **298. c.** *Admire* and *despise* are antonyms; *praise* and *admonish* are antonyms.
- **299. d.** Advanceandretreatare antonyms; curtailand prolong are antonyms.
- **300. b.** *Implant* and *embed* are synonyms; *expel* and *oust* are synonyms.
- **301. a.** *Assemble* and *convene* are synonyms; *categorize* and *systematize* are synonyms.
- **302. c.** *Grind* and *crush* are synonyms; *demolish* and *pulverize* are synonyms.
- **303. d.** *Continuation* and *sequelare* synonyms; *scheme* and *plot* are synonyms.
- **304. c.** *Phase*and*segment*are synonyms;*epoch*and *era* are synonyms.
- **305. b.** Declare and affirmare synonyms; cringe and cower are synonyms.
- **306. c.** Allyandenemyare antonyms;anonymityand fame are antonyms.
- **307. a.** Personable and agreeable are synonyms; friendly and genial are synonyms.
- **308. a.** Heterogeneous and mixed are synonyms; profuse and lush are synonyms.
- **309. b.** *Trust* and *suspicion* are antonyms; *doubt* and *reliance* are antonyms.
- **310. c.** *Hide* and *flaunt* are antonyms; *forget* and *retain* are antonyms.
- **311. d.** *Disclose* and *reveal* are synonyms; *intimate* and *suggest* are synonyms.

- **312. c.** *Conceal* and *obscure* are synonyms; *procrastinate* and *delay* are synonyms.
- **313. b.** *Ornate* and *plain* are antonyms; *blithe* and *morose* are antonyms.
- **314. a.** *Futile*and*vain*are synonyms;*covert*and*secret* are synonyms.
- **315. d.** *Opposing* and *differing* are synonyms; *candid* and *frank* are synonyms.
- **316. b.** *Expeditiously* and *swiftly* are synonyms; *diligently* and *persistently* are synonyms.
- **317. b.** If there are *antics*, there are *actions*; if there is *banter*, there is *repartee*.

- **318. c.** *Obstinate* and *stubborn* are synonyms; *staunch* and *faithful* are synonyms.
- **319. a.** *Persistent* and *persevering* are synonyms; *spurious* and *false* are synonyms.
- **320. d.** *Broadcast* and *obscure* are antonyms; *welcome* and *eject* are antonyms.
- **321. b.** *Enthusiastic* and *blasé* are antonyms; *upright* and *prone* are antonyms.
- **322. a.** *Sedate* and *sober* are synonyms; *prim* and *staid* are synonyms.
- **323. c.** *Courtier* and *aristocrat* are synonyms; *unknown* and *nonentity* are synonyms.
- **324. d.** *Nourish*and*foster*are synonyms;*abolish*and *annul* are synonyms.
- **325. c.** *Undermine* and *bolster* are antonyms; *reinforce* and *weaken* are antonyms.
- **326. b.** *Skim*and*peruse*are antonyms; *delve*and*scan* are antonyms.

- **327. c.** *Comical* and *witty* are synonyms; *humorous* and *facetious* are synonyms.
- **328. d.** *Intersect* and *diverge* are antonyms; *ratify* and *nullify* are antonyms.
- **329. b.** Toproclaimis toannounce; torestrictis tostint.
- **330. a.** Barter and swap are synonyms; irritate and annoy are synonyms.
- **331. c.** *Design* and *devise* are synonyms; *upbraid* and *reprimand* are synonyms.
- **332. b.** Anaccordis anunderstanding; aconversion is a transition.
- **333. d.** *Taint* and *decontaminate* are antonyms; *enrage* and *appease* are antonyms.
- **334. b.** If you are *judicious*, you are *astute*.
- **335. c.** To be an arbitrator is to be a mediator; to referee is to umpire.
- **336. d.** Toensueis tofollow; toprecedeis toherald.
- **337. b.** If there is *courage*, there is *valor*; if there is *chivalry*, there is *gallantry*.

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- 338. c. Regaleandamuseare synonyms; impart and bestow synonyms.
- 339. d. Pivotalandcrucialare synonyms; conventional and conservative aresynonyms.
- 340. c. *Fallacy*is *amisconception*of truth; afactisevidence of truth.
- 341. a. Gratuitous and expensive are antonyms; sedentary and active are antonyms.
- 342. b. Hypocriteandphonyare synonyms; lethargy and stupor are synonyms.
- 343. c. Revereandvenerateare synonyms; esteemand respect synonyms.
- **344. b.** *Refined* and *plebeian* are antonyms; *selective* and indiscriminate are antonyms.
- ie are diplanetinet **345.** c.Improbableandplausibleare volatile antonyms; stable and antonyms.
- **346. d.** *Immoral* and *ethical* are antonyms; insufficient and ample are antonyms.
- 347. a. Distance and proximity are antonyms; economical and prodigal are antonyms.
- 348. b. Shocked and aghast are synonyms; skittish and restive are synonyms.
- 349. a. Deprivation and affluence are antonyms; capitulation and resistance are antonyms.
- 350. d. Dupeand deceive are synonyms; exculpate and absolve synonyms.
- **351. b.** *Ostracize* and *banish* are synonyms; consequence and repercussion are synonyms.
- 352. d. Churlishandsurlyare

- **353. c.** *Indirect* and *forthright* are antonyms; unashamed and abashed are antonyms.
- 354. d. Superlative and aby smalare antonyms; atrocious and noble are antonyms.
- **355.** a. If something is*impending*, it is*imminent*; if something is calamitous, it is disastrous.
- 356. b. Implantandinfuseare synonyms; inculcate and instill are synonyms.

synonyms;steadfastand resolute synonyms.

- **357. d.** *Foreboding* and *premonition* are syno-nyms; *qualm* and *misgiving* are synonyms.
- **358. c.** Amilieuhas an environment; aculture has customs.
- **359. c.** *Downcast* and *jaunty* are antonyms; *despondent* and *jubilant* are antonyms.
- **360. a.** Enumerate and cite are synonyms; disregard and ignore are synonyms.
- **361. c.** Flashyandgarishare synonyms; gaudyand tawdry are synonyms.
- **362. d.** Atraitoris adeserter; arenegade is an insurgent.
- **363. a.**Etiquetterequiresprotocol; astatute requires a decree.
- **364. a.** Prominent and conspicuous are synonyms; gaunt and haggard are synonyms.
- **365. b.** *Outlandish*and*conservative*areanton yms; *reserved*and *garrulous* are antonyms.

- **366. c.** *Belief* and *doctrine* are synonyms; *hesitation* and *vacillation* are synonyms.
- **367. b.** *Amateur* and *novice* are synonyms; *representative* and *proxy* are synonyms.
- **368. c.** Skyrocketandplummetare antonyms;diminish and augment are antonyms.
- **369.** a. Excitableandstoicalare antonyms; delighted and rankled are antonyms.
- **370. c.** Amendicantis avagabond; ascavenger is aforager.
- **371. d.** *Friendship*and*amity*are synonyms;*enmity* and *animosity* are synonyms.
- **372. b.** *Indiscernible* and *perceptible* are antonyms; *incalculable* and *infinitesimal* areantonyms.
- **373. c.** Something that is *specious* is *false*.
- **374. d.** If you experience *anxiety*, you have *trepidation*; if you experience *lethargy*, you have *lassitude*.

- **375. b.** If you are absorbed, you are engrossed; if you are bored, you are inured.
- **376. a.** *Involvement* and *aloofness* are antonyms; *clumsiness* and *finesse* are antonyms.
- **377. b.** *Incoherent* and *articulate* are antonyms; *fluent* and *halting* are antonyms.
- **378. c.** *Shiftless* and *lackadaisical* are synonyms; *hardworking* and *assiduous* are synonyms.
- **379. a.** Pertandlivelyare synonyms; impudent and insolent are synonyms.
- **380. b.** *Native* and *foreign* are antonyms; *commonplace* and *exotic* are antonyms.
- 381. d.

Compassionate and insensitive areantony ms; conceited and unassuming are antonyms.

- **382. a.** *Characteristic* and *attribute* are synonyms; *ingredient* and *component* are synonyms.
- **383. d.** Capricious and whims ical are synonyms; shrewd and astute are synonyms.
- **384. c.** *Gluttonous* and *abstemious* are antonyms; *complimentary* and *disparaging* areantonyms.
- **385. a.** If something is *yielding*, it is *submissive*; if something is *tractable*, it is *amenable*.

Chapter 6: Sentence Completion

- **386. d.** *Resolved* means having reached a firmdecision about something.
- **387.** a. Amishapis an unfortunate accident.

- **388. d.** *Legitimate* means in a manner conforming to recognized principles or accepted rules or standards.
- **389. b.** *Pummel* means to pound or beat.
- **390. d.** *Facilitate*means to make easier or help tobring about.
- **391. c.** *Exemplify* means to be an instance of orserve as an example.

- *Comprehensive* means 392. c. covering com-pletely or broadly.
- **393. b.** Topoachis to trespass on another's prop-erty in order to steal fish or game.
- **394. d.** Todifferentiatebetween two things is toestablish the distinction between them.
- 395. a. In the of context the sentence, sophisticated means having an upto-date style or look.
- **396.** b. *Exempt* means to be excused from a ruleor obligation.
- **397. c.** *Finesse*is skill, tact, and cleverness.
- **398. c.** To handle a baby*gingerly*would be to handle it delicately and with great caution.
- **399. c.** Aprécisis a summary or abstract of a text.
- **400. d.** *Blasé*means to be bored or MMM Study Planet unimpressed by things after having seen or experienced them too often.
- **401. b.** The *summit* means the highest point.

- **402. c.** A*musty*odor is one that is stale or moldy.
- **403.** a. *Solitude*, a state of being alone, is some-thing a person who worked in a busy office would crave.
- **404. a.** Accessiblemeans capable of being reachedor being within easy reach.
- **405. d.** *Outmoded* means no longer in style or nolonger usable.
- **406. b.** Aquestis a search or pursuit of something.
- **407. d.** *Ingenious* means marked by originality, resourcefulness, and cleverness in conception.
- **408. a.** An*expressive*person would be one who isopen or emphatic when revealing opinions or feelings.
- **409. d.** *Favorably*means graciously, kindly, orobligingly.
- **410. d.** *Docile* means easily led or managed.
- **411.** c. *Explicit* means clearly defined ordelineated.

- **412. d.** *Potable*means fit for drinking.
- **413. a.** *Encompassed* in this context means constituted or included.
- **414. b.** *Devised* means to form new combinations or applications of ideas or principles; to plan or bring about.
- **415. c.** *Quandary*means a state of perplexity ordoubt.
- **416. a.** *Precedence*means designating something asmore important than other things, a priority.
- **417. c.** *Conspicuously* means obvious to the eye ormind; attracting attention.
- **418. a.** *Monotonous*means having a tedioussameness.
- **419. a.** *Portrayal* means a representation or portrait.
- **420. c.** *Careen* means to rush headlong or carelessly; to lurch or swerve while in motion.
- **421. d.** *Audibly*means heard or the manner ofbeing heard.
- **422. b.** *Voracious*means having a huge appetite; ravenous.
- **423. a.** Arendezvousis a meeting or assembly thatis by appointment or arrangement.
- **424. b.** *Demographic* data is information aboutdemography, the branch of knowledge that deals with human populations.
- **425. b.** A maverick is a political independent, nonconformist, or free spirit.
- **426. b.** *Cryptic*means mysterious, hidden, orenigmatic.
- **427. c.** *Frivolous*means not worthy of seriousattention; of little importance.
- **428. a.** *Subsequent* means following a specified thing in order or succession.
- **429. d.** *Accordance* means to be in agreement orharmony.
- **430. a.** *Burgeoning* means emerging or newgrowth.

- **431. a.** A*jovial*hostess is one who is mirthful orhumorous.
- **432. a.** *Warily*is a manner marked by keen caution, cunning, and watchful prudence.
- **433. b.** *Confluence* means a coming or flowingtogether, a meeting, or a gathering at one point.
- **434. c.** Arevocation is the act of recalling orannulling something, in this case a license.
- **435. b.** When something is *inadvertently* done, it ismarked by an unintentional lack of care.
- **436. d.** *Requisite*means essential or necessary.
- **437. a.** *Delude* means to mislead the mind; todeceive.
- **438. b.** *Reticent* means inclined to be silent oruncommunicative, reserved.
- **439. b.** *Precurso*r means something that comesbefore.
- **440. b.** *Divulged* means to take private information and make it public.
- **441. a.** A*bate*means to decrease in force or intensity.
- **442. c.** *Consummate*means extremely skilled and and experienced.
- **443. b.** When a car goes out of control and skimsalong the surface of a wet road, it is *hydroplaning*.
- **444. d.** A*clairvoyant*is someone who can perceive matters beyond the range of ordi-nary perception.
- **445. a.** The word*unearthly*, a strange or frightening sound, best describes the kind of shriek that might be heard on Halloween night.
- **446. d.** Avortexis a whirlpool.
- **447. b.** Afeasible project is capable of being done.
- **448. b.** Something that is *iridescent* displays a lustrous rainbow of colors.
- **449. c.** To have rapport is to have mutual trustand emotional affinity.

- **450. d.** Aferventvoice is one that has great emotion or zest.
- **451. c.** To *retract* something is to take it back ordisavow it. This is the term usually applied to disavowing something erroneous or libelous printed in a newspaper.
- **452. c.** *Askance* is to look with disapproval or distrust; scornfully.
- **453. c.** *Obsolescence* is the state of being outdated.
- **454. a.** A*prospectus* is a published report of abusiness and its plans for a program or offering.
- **455. d.** *Agrarian* means having to do with agriculture or farming.
- **456. a.** *Copious* means plentiful or abundant.
- **457. b.** Adeferment is a delay.
- **458. a.** That which is scintillating is brilliant or sparkling.
- **459. b.** *Succulents* are plants that have leavesspecifically for storing water.
- **460. d.** *Puerile* means to be like a child.
- **461. b.** Abenevolent person is one who is charitable, giving.
- **462. d.** *Incumbent* means the holder of any postor position.
- **463. c.** *Assiduously*means in a careful manner orwith unremitting attention.
- **464. d.** To be *recalcitrant* is to be stubbornly resistant.
- **465. b.** *Judicious*means to use or show goodjudgment; to be wise or sensible.

Chapter 7: Reading Comprehension

466. b. From the context of the passage, onlychoice **b** describes the way a storm or force of nature could create total destruction.

- **467. a.** *Razed* means to flatten or demolish to the ground, hence the districts mentioned in the passage would be *leveled*, or on a flat horizontal surface.
- **468. b.** *Fury*describes the violence of the weatherin the passage.
- **469. d.** The context clue is the word*ancestors*, which indicates generations.
- **470. c.** The word*shiftless*means lazy.
- **471. b.** Agrimace is the contortion of facial features.
- **472. d.** It makes sense that a subordinate monkeywould be intimidated by a dominant one, choice **d.**
- **473. c.** Debris and radiation are both *hazards*; choice **c** is the only possible answer.
- **474. a.** Muscle atrophy and bone loss are exam-ples of physical deterioration.
- **475. b.** Although a muscle that atrophies may beweakened (choice **c**), the primary meaning of the word *atrophy* is to waste away.
- **476. b.** The word*ambiance*refers to the distinctive atmosphere surrounding a person or place.
- **477. a.** The conjunction *or* tells you that you are looking for the opposite of ordinary or traditional. To be *quirky* is to have a pecu-liarity of behavior.
- **478. a.** A*conglomerate*is a commercial corporation formed by merging a number of different enterprises.
- **479. a.** To be *parasitic* means to be living on ordependent on a live animal or plant.
- **480. a.** The word*lays* is the key here. The onlything a bird would lay would be a collection of eggs.
- **481. d.** To *eject* something is to throw it out forcefully or to *expel* it.
- **482. b.** *Composed* is synonymous with *comprised*.

- **483. c.** Breaking words into syllables is a type of *strategy* that could be used to understandlonger words.
- **484. a.** The old flag is symbolizing something that represents something else by association, in this case that of British rule.
- **485. b.** The passage is about the day Ghanagained its independence. To be independent is to be *autonomous*.
- **486. b.** *Dexterity* means that the hands are agile.
- **487. a.** The fact that the passage is awarningpoints to choice **a**, which speaks of adverseeffects.
- **488. d.** To be allergic to something is to be sensi-tive to it.
- **489. b.** This choice—which means random orhaphazard—makes the most sense in the context of the passage.
- **490. d.** It is logical to deduce that unclear ordersby a doctor—in the form of medical abbreviations—would call for *clarification*.
- **491. b.** *Stout*, bulky in figure, works best in the context of the passage.
- **492. b.** The author is describing Reed's appear-ance in what is obviously an old-fash-ioned style.
- **493. a.** An *extremity* is the outermost portion of something. The boy's *limbs* (arms and legs) have already been mentioned, so *hands and feet* is the next most logicalchoice.
- **494. c.** The context clues in this passage are thewords *luxury*, *burst*, *fire*, and *gold*, all of which embody radiance.
- **495. a.** The word*pine*immediately before thephrase *balm-of-Gilead* and the phrase *thenew hay* immediately after makes choice**a**,a plant, the most logical choice.
- **496. c.** Night usually brings darkness.

- **497. c.** While voting is a *duty*(choice **a**) and a *responsibility* (choice **b**), as a *privilege*, it is a right.
- **498. b.** *Suffrage*, in the context of this passage, means the right to vote in elections.
- **499. c.** Abattle cryis a motto.
- **500. d.** Based on the context clue in the sentence—and many will tell you they havenever voted—it can be determined that deplorable means regrettable, wretched, orbad; something that is shameful.
- **501. b.** *Chalky*is a descriptive word often used in the place of the word white. Eggs are not made of chalk—choices **a** and **d**—and there is nothing in the passage to suggest that anyone tasted the albatross egg, choice **c.**
- **502. c.** Turbulent waters are those that havebeen violently agitated or disturbed, *tumultuous*.
- **503. c.** An assemblage of students is a gathering of students.
- **504. a.** *Converged* means to approach at an intersecting point.
- **505. b.** *Palatial* means of or like a palace.
- **506. d.** *Memoirs* are the accounts of personal experiences.
- **507. b.** To *resign* means to give up a position with a formal notification.
- **508. d.** *Seceded* means withdrawn from a membership in an organization or alliance—in this case, the United States.
- **509. c.** *Upheaval*is violent disruption or upset.
- **510. a.** Budget cuts can be subject to controversy or disagreement.
- **511. c.** *Exorbitant* expenses are those that are inflated or excessive.
- **512. b.** *Retrospect* means to review or think backon past events.

- **513. a.** A*consensus*of opinion is one that isreached in harmony or agreement.
- **514. d.** Budget cuts can*diminish*or destroy services to the neediest groups of people.
- **515. b.** A*prognosis*, in this case, would be the pro-jection of the economic future of our cities.
- **516. b.** *Evident* means to be apparent or obvious.
- **517. a.** *Urbane* people are those who are sophisticated and refined.
- **518. d.** A sophisticated person would lend*credence*—credibility and confidence—to a subject.
- **519. d.** *Uninspired*reporting would be mediocreor ordinary coverage.
- **520. a.** Arecapitulation is a summary or a repetition of information.
- **521. c.** *Incisive* and insightful accounts would bethose that are perceptive or observant.
- **522. b.** *Cybernetics* is the science of electrical systems.
- **523.** c. Programs for a computer are called software.
- **524.** a. *Monitors* are video display terminals.
- **525. d.** Aperipheralis an external component, something that is lying outside the central part.
- **526. b.** The *Internet* is a computer network madeup of smaller businesses and academic and government organizations.
- **527. c.** Amodemis a device that converts data toa form that can be transmitted, usually by telephone.
- **528. a.** *E-mail*is electronic mail that is sent via acomputer.
- **529. c.** Aspreadsheet is a computer program thatorganizes data into rows and columns so that calculations or adjustments can be made.
- **530. b.** An *environmental* problem is a dilemmathat affects the natural world.

- **531. c.** *Testimonials*,in this case,are statementstestifying to seemingly warmer winters.
- **532. a.** *Depletion*means a reduction or lessening of the ice caps.
- **533. d.** Glaciers that are receding are withdrawing or moving back.
- **534.** a. *Former* years are years gone by.
- **535. b.** Salinity is the salt content of the oceans, affected by the melting of fresh water ice caps.
- **536. d.** Only*invasive*species would affect anentire ecosystem.
- **537. b.** In adominoeffect, one element affects thenext in a chain reaction.
- **538. a.** To be *interdependent* is to be mutually dependent on another.
- **539.** c. Melting ice caps get in the way, prevent, or preclude bears from finding food.
- **540. b.** *Phases* are distinct stages of development that would occur in cycles.
- **541. c.** *Hastened* means to speed up or accelerate.
- **542. a.** When energy is *consumed*, it is used.
- **543. c.** The *atmosphere* is the air surrounding theearth.
- **544.** a. *Mitigate* means to moderate or reduce.
- **545. d.** *Ramifications* are consequences.

Chapter 8: Synonyms in Context

- **546. b.** Top grades would be *earned*.
- **547. c.** Asequelis a literary work that continues the story of one written earlier.
- **548. a.** *Jostled* means to be bumped, pushed, orbrushed against.
- **549. d.** *Hover*means to float or hang suspendedover or around one area.
- **550. a.** An excerpt is a passage or quote from abook, article, or other publication.

- **551. c.** *Rubble*is synonymous with ruin.
- **552. d.** *Durable*means sturdy, not easily wornout, or lasting a long time.
- **553. b.** *Allot* means to assign or distribute byshares or portions.
- **554. a.** To sustain is to undergo or experience anordeal or to suffer.
- **555. d.** *Anguish*is great suffering, distress, orpain.
- **556. b.** *Resolute*means to be bold, determined, orfirm.
- **557. a.** *Attributed* is synonymous with credited to.
- **558. b.** *Habituated* means to become used to.
- **559. a.** *Impart*means to give or pass somethingon to others.
- **560. d.** Aruseis an action designed to confuse ormislead, a trick.
- **561. a.** Aveneer is a thin outer layer used for adecorative appearance.
- **562. d.** *Collaborate* means to work together orwith others.
- **563. b.** Asquabble is a quarrel and a more preciseword than disagreement.
- **564. c.** To *embellish* is to add details to a story tomake it more appealing.
- **565. c.** *Consume* means to eat completely.
- **566. a.** *Ecstatic* means to be in a state of intense joy or delight.
- **567. c.** An*armistice* is a temporary peace or haltin fighting.
- **568. d.** Ingredients would be incorporated to make appetizing meals.
- **569. a.** *Scenic byways* describes the kind of road-ways that would be part of a country setting.
- **570. c.** *Flaunt*means to display in a conceited oroffensive way.
- **571. d.** *Ostracized* means to be excluded from agroup, banished, or sent away.

- **572. a.** *Forthright*means frank, direct, andstraightforward.
- **573. b.** *Instill* means to introduce or cause to betaken in.
- **574. a.***Plausible*means to appear true, reasonable, or fair.
- **575.** a. *Proximity* means nearness or closeness.
- **576. b.** Abonanzais a very valuable, profitable, orrewarding venture.
- **577. c.** An*adage*is a proverb or wise saying.
- **578. b.** *Plaudits* can be applause or enthusiastic praise or approval.
- **579. a.** *Preclude*means to make impossible, pre-vent, or shut out.
- **580. b.** Avigilis a period of watchful attention, especially at night.
- **581. b.** Alegendarycharacter exists in legendsrather than in real life.
- **582. a.** *Venerate*means to revere or look up towith great respect.
- **583. b.** *Ungainly*means to be clumsy, awkward,or unwieldy.
- **584. a.** *Banish* means to drive away or expel.
- **585. c.** An *articulate* speaker would be one whouses language effectively, clearly, and forcefully.
- **586.** c. *Acme* means high point.
- **587. c.** *Infiltrate* means to pass through or gainentrance gradually or stealthily.
- **588. a.** A*stoic* person shows little feeling oremotion.
- **589. c.** Fans would be disgruntled or discontented about a cancellation.
- **590. a.** A shy five year old would experience trepidation—a state of alarm, dread, or apprehension—in this situation.
- **591. b.** *Regale*means to entertain agreeably.
- **592. b.** *Pivotal*is the most essential or most vitallyimportant part, a turning point.

- **593. a.** Afallacyis a false notion or belief, anerror in thinking or reasoning.
- **594. d.** Apithyexplanation is one that is shortbut full of meaning.
- **595. b.** *Vilification*is slander, verbal abuse withmalicious intent.
- **596. c.** *Kindred spirits* are people who are similar nature.
- **597. c.** *Whimsical*characters are those that arefanciful, playful, and unpredictable.
- **598. b.** A*churlish*response is one that shows poormanners, is impolite, or rude.
- **599. b.** Of all the choices, *citadels* describes the kind of fortress or commanding presence of a college or university, as a citadel is a kind of fortress or commanding presence.
- **600. d.** *Mercenary*soldiers are soldiers who go towar for monetary reasons.
- **601. b.** *Inert* means to be lifeless, unable to moveor act.
- **602. c.** *Strictures* are limitations or restrictions.
- **603. b.** Recklessly dangerous or daring acts such as those of the lion tamer would be *audacious*.
- **604.** a. *Myriad* means in very great numbers.
- **605. d.** To*comply*is to yield to a request orcommand.
- **606. a.** To be *incapacitated* is to be deprived of strength or ability.
- **607. b.** To peruse means to read thoroughly and carefully.
- **608. d.** Tobolster means to give support or to give a boost to.
- **609. c.** To annul means to make ineffective or in operative, to negate or void.
- **610. b.** *Solicitous* means to show concern or care.
- **611.** a. *Staid* means quiet and subdued.
- **612. a.** *Prodigal*means recklessly wasteful orextravagant, lavish.

- **613. b.** *Indiscriminat*e means without restraint or control.
- **614. c.** To *capitulate* means to give up or surrender.
- **615. a.** A disarming smile would tend to dispelfear, get rid of unfriendliness or suspicion.
- **616. d.** A*prodigy*is someone who is young andhas extraordinary ability.
- **617. b.** *Veritable*means actual, true, or real.
- **618. c.** *Milieu*means the setting, surroundings, or environment.
- **619. d.** *Tractable*means easily managed and easyto deal with.
- **620. c.** Tomalinger means to pretend illness inorder to avoid duty or work.
- **621. b.** To be *loquacious* means to be verytalkative.
- **622. d.** An*epoch*is a distinct period of time, anera, or an age.

Chapter 9: Choose the Right Word

- **623.** A *bonanza* is a source of great wealth or prosperity.
- **624.** An *uncanny* sense is one that is so keen it seems unnatural.
- **625.** A *grimace* is a contortion made by the face that shows disgust or contempt.
- **626.** To *jeopardize* is to place in danger of loss or damage.
- **627.** Something that is *indelibly* implanted would be impossible to remove or erase.
- **628.** An *acrid* smell is pungent, bitter, or sharp.
- **629.** Placid waters are calm, quiet, and undis-turbed.
- **630.** Something that is *palatable* is easily accepted.
- **631.** A *dilapidated* house is one that has fallen into disrepair or deterioration.

- **632.** An *omniscient* narrator has total knowledge of characters and events.
- **633.** To *bequeath* something is to leave or give it to another.
- **634.** A *supercilious* manner is characterized by disdain or condescension.
- **635.** A *methodical* person approaches work using methods, routines, or systems.
- **636.** A *cursory* glance is performed quickly with-out attention to detail.
- **637.** *Tepid* water is lukewarm.
- **638.** To *ascertain* means to discover with cer-tainty.
- **639.** A *malevolent* wind would have an evil or harmful effect.
- **640.** *Nocturnal* raids occur at night.
- **641.** A *clandestine* meeting is one that is con-ducted secretly.
- **642.** *Ruminations* are acts of meditation andreflection.
- **643.** *Platitudes* are trite, banal remarks.
- **644.** To *disperse* food means to distribute it widely.
- **645.** An *amicable* separation is one that is friendly and shows good will.
- **646.** *Magnanimous* donations are extremely gen-erous and unselfish.
- **647.** An *urbane* master of ceremonies is one who is elegant and refined.
- **648.** To *exacerbate* means to increase the severity of, in this case, traffic.
- **649.** To *galvanize* an audience means to electrify or stimulate to action.
- **650.** *Sinuous* movements are characterized bymany curves and turns.

Chapter 10: Choose the Correctly Spelled Word

- **651. a.** magically
- **652. d.** insight
- 653. b. sensitive
- **654.** c. belief
- 655. d. magazine
- **656.** a. breach
- 657. c. perceived
- **658. a.** shrivel
- 659. b. situation
- **660. c.** clammy
- **661.** a. superb
- **662. b.** jealous
- 663. b. terrific
- 664. d. sheriff
- 665. c. obsession
- 666. d. jeopardy
- 667. c. magnificent
- **668. b.** mechanical
- **669. d.** illicit
- **670. a.** inquiry
- **671. a.** terminated
- **672.** a. persecution
- **673. b.** peculiar
- 674. d. psychology
- **675. d.** license
- **676.** a. concise
- **677. d.** neighbor
- **678. a.** stabilize
- 679. c. irrelevant
- **680. b.** encouraging
- 681. a. commitment
- 682. c. ridiculous
- **683. d.** anonymous
- **684. a.** extraordinary
- 685. b. assurance
- **686.** a. frequently
- **687. c.** emphasis

- **688.** a. concede
- 689. d. aspirations
- **690. b.** exercise
- **691.** c. compatible
- 692. a. skeptical
- 693. b. commencement
- 694. d. supervisor
- 695. b. pneumonia
- 696. a. colossal
- **697. c.** apparatus
- 698. b. bankruptcy
- 699. b. carburetors
- 700. d. incessant
- **701. b.** dilemma
- 702. c. efficient
- 703. a. ameliorate
- 704. c. mortgage
- 705. c. aggravated
- **706. b.** lieutenant
- 707. d. accompany
- 708. a. viewpoint
- 709. c. phenomena
- **710. b.** tuxedo
- 711. a. brunettes
- 712. c. semblance
- 713. a. abscessed
- **714. c.** pageant
- **715. d.** parallel
- **716. b.** fundamentally
- **717. d.** biscuits
- **718. c.** beige
- **719. a.** tonsillitis
- **720. d.** ukulele
- **721. d.** excelled
- **722. c.** prerogative
- 723. d. mysterious
- 724. a. accustomed
- **725.** c. incorrigible
- 726. b. pasteurized
- **727.** c. connoisseur

- 728. a. delirious
- 729. c. disseminate
- 730. a. inundated
- 731. b. irresistible
- **732. c.** debris
- **733.** b. inconspicuous
- 734. a. prosecuted
- 735. d. counterfeit
- **736.** c. permissible
- **737. d.** symmetrically
- 738. c. vaudeville
- **739. a.** vacuum
- 740. d. accommodate
- **741. a.** meringue
- 742. c. colleagues
- 743. d. souvenirs
- **744.** c. marriageable
- 745. b. illegible
- 746. b. Penicillin
- **747. c.** Adolescence
- **748. d.** playwright
- **749.** a. kindergarten
- **750. a.** bachelor

Chapter 11: Choose the Correct Homophone

- **751. b.** *Dessert*is an after-dinner treat; a*desert*is an arid land.
- **752. b.** Acouncilis a governing body; tocounselis to give advice.
- **753. a.** *Fair* means equitable; a *fare* is a transportation fee.
- **754. c.** *Site*refers to a place; *cite* means to refer to; *sight* is the ability to see.
- **755. c.** *By*means near; *bye* is used to express farewell; *buy* means to purchase.
- **756. a.** *Fourth*refers to the number four; *forth* means forward.

- **757. b.** *Brakes* are used for stopping vehicles; *breaks* means to destroy.
- **758. b.** *Led* is the past tense of the verb*lead*; the **774. b.** *Bare* means devoid of; a *bear* is an animal.noun *lead* means the foremost position or **775.a.** *It* is is the contraction for *it* is; its is a posinitiative.

 sessive pronoun.
- **759. c.** *There*refers to a place; *their* is a possessive pronoun; *they're* is a contraction for *theyare*.
- **760.** a. Apieceis a portion; peacemeans quiet.
- **761. c.** Arightis a privilege; towrite is to putwords on paper; a rite is a ceremonial ritual.
- **762. b.** *Stationary*means standing still; *stationery* is writing paper.
- **763. a.** *Mussels*are marine animals; *muscles*arebody tissues.
- **764.** b.*Passed*is the past tense of pass; pastmeans a time gone by.
- **765. b.** *Reign*means royal authority; *rein*means astrap as on a horse's bridle; *rain* means precipitation.
- **766. a.** Lessonis something to be learned; lessen means to reduce.
- **767. a.** *Waste* means material that is rejected during a process; the *waist* is the middle of the body.
- **768. b.** *Hear*means to perceive sound with theear; *here* is a location, place, or position.
- **769. c.** *Too* means more than is needed or also; *two* is a number; *to* is a preposition that refers to direction.
- **770. c.** *Eminent*refers to a prominent person; *imminent* means something is about tohappen; *immanent* means existing in the mind.
- **771. a.** Apairis a set of two things; apearis afruit; and to pare is to peel.
- **772. a.** Aprincipalis the head of a school; aprinciple is a belief or rule of conduct.

- **773. c.**Ascentis a smell;sentis the past tense of send; and cent is a coin.
- **776. b.** *Your*is a possessive pronoun; *you're* is a contraction for *you are*.
- **777. a.** The *air* is the atmosphere enveloping the earth; an *heir* is a person who inherits the estate of another.
- **778. b.** The stairs are a flight of steps; stares are very intent gazes.
- **779. a.** A plane is a winged vehicle; plain means open or clear.
- **780. b.** *Course* means path or class at school; *coarse* means rough.
- **781. d.** There are no mistakes.
- **782.** a. The verbboard means to get on an airplane; the noun board is a plank of wood or a group of advisors; the adjective bored means uninterested; the verb to bore means to make a hole in or through.
- **783. c.** The verb*to pore* means to read attentively;the noun *pore* means a small opening; the verb *to pour* means to dispense from a container.
- **784. a.** If someone is *vain*, he or she is excessively prideful; a weather *vane* is a moveable device that rotates to show the direction of the wind; a *vein* is a narrow channel, like a blood vein or the vein in a leaf.
- **785. d.** There are no mistakes.
- **786. d.** There are no mistakes.
- **787. b.** *Capital*means monetary assets; it alsomeans the seat of government; or it can refer to the letters of the alphabet; *capitol* is a government building.
- **788. c.** To gratemeans to cause irritation; greatmeans notably large or numerous.

- **789. b.** A*plain*is an expansive area of flat, treeless country; *plain* also means characterized by simplicity; a *plane* is a tool used to smooth wood.
- **790. c.** *Whole* means complete or all of one thing; a *hole* is an opening.
- **791. a.** *Morale*refers to a condition or state of confidence, cheerfulness, enthusiasm or willingness to perform tasks; *moral* means good in character or a lesson from a story.

Chapter 12: Plurals, IE/EI Rule, and Prefixes and Suffixes

- **792. a.** pianos
- **793. b.** skies
- **794. b.** mice
- **795. a.** bunches
- **796. b.** strawberries
- **797. b.** shelves
- **798. b.** boxes
- **799.** a. deer
- **800. b.** stimuli
- **801. b.** sons-in-law
- **802.** a. attorneys
- 803. a. industries
- **804. b.** handfuls
- **805. a.** tomatoes
- **806. a.** crises
- **807. b.** turkeys
- **808. a.** species
- **809. a.** valleys
- **810. b.** receive
- **811. a.** piece
- **812.** a. reign
- **813. a.** neither
- **814.** a. weight
- **815. b.** deceive

- **816. b.** yield
- **817.** a. caffeine
- 818. a. friendly
- **819. b.** grief
- 820. b. efficient
- 821. b. conceited
- **822. a.** achieve
- **823.** a. foreign
- **824. b.** variety
- **825. b.** patient
- **826. b.** quietly
- **827.** a. chief
- **828.** a. sleigh
- **829.** a. leisure
- **830.** a. seize
- **831. b.** believe
- **832. b.** illegal
- 833. b. misspelled
- 834. a. unnecessary
- 835. b. illegible
- 836. a. overrated
- **837. a.** driving
- **838.** a. suddenness
- 839. b. dissatisfy
- **840. b.** finally
- **841. b.** truly

Chapter 13: Find the Misspelled Word

- **842. c.** babies
- 843. d. no mistakes
- 844. a. announcement
- **845.** c. literature
- **846. b.** servant
- 847. d. no mistakes
- **848.** d. no mistakes
- 849. a. association
- **850.** a. villain

851. a. hindrance

852. c. testimony

853. d. no mistakes

854. d. no mistakes

855. a. quantity

856. c. resistant

857. b. contradict

858. b. reversal

859. c. tyranny

860. d. no mistakes

861. a. ravenous

862. a. phenomenal

863. b. temperature

864. c. athletic

865. d. no mistakes

866. c. circumference

867. d. no mistakes

868. a. poultry

869. b. strengthen

870. b. finality

871. d. no mistakes

872. a. religious

873. d. no mistakes

874. b. delinquent

875. c. forecast

876. d. no mistakes

877. a. righteous

878. a. sincerely

879. b. vacancy

880. c. bankruptcy

881. d. no mistakes

882. c. campaign

883. b. respiration

884. a. potato

885. b. rehearsal

886. c. fascinated

887. a. destructive

888. c. dissolve

889. d. no mistakes

890. b. forfeit

891. b. meteorology

892. a. adjournment

893. c. vengeance

894. c. tremendous

895. d. no mistakes

896. c. capitalization

897. a. gnarled

898. b. parenthesis

899. d. no mistakes

900. c. sonnet

901. a. depot

902. a. prescribe

903. b. personnel

904. d. no mistakes

905. c. scrutiny

906. c. luxuriant

907. a. gullible

908. b. gratitude

909. d. no mistakes

910. a. column

911. b. bulletin

912. c. embassy

913. d. no mistakes

914. d. no mistakes

915. b. questionnaire

916. c. zenith

917. a. pungent

918. a. wrestle

919. c. hygienic

920. b. carburetor

921. d. no mistakes

922. b. illegal

923. a. colossal

924. b. corrosive

925. c. gymnast

926. a. dissatisfied

927. a. probably

928. d. no mistakes

929. a. sensible

930. a. captain

ANSWER EXPLANATIONS

- 931. d. no mistakes
- 932. d. no mistakes
- 933. c. unfortunately
- **934. d.** no mistakes
- **935.** a. velvet
- **936. b.** truly
- 937. c. cemetery
- 938. d. no mistakes
- **939.** a. sarcasm
- **940. b.** lovely
- 941. c. publicity
- 942. d. no mistakes
- **943. b.**military
- 944. a. acknowledge
- 945. c. witnesses
- 946. b. fundamental
- 947. d. no mistakes
- **948.** a. uniform
- **949.** a. niece
- **950. b.** complete
- 951. d. no mistakes
- **952. a.** elegant
- 953. a. thriftiness
- 954. d. no mistakes
- **955. b.** polar
- 956. b. resemblance
- **957.** a. soothe
- **958. d.** no mistakes
- 959. b. quarreled
- **960. c.** pronunciation
- **961. b.** principal
- 962. a. schedule
- 963. c. knowledge
- 964. d. no mistakes
- **965. a.** scissors
- 966. d. no mistakes

- **967. b.** quartet
- **968. d.** no mistakes
- 969. a. embarrassed
- **970. d.** no mistakes
- 971. b. management
- **972. b.** neighbor
- 973. c. symmetrical
- **974. d.** no mistakes
- **975.** c. procedures
- **976. b.** immediately
- **977. c.** February
- **978.** c. weird
- **979. d.** no mistakes
- **980. a.** sophomore
- **981. d.** no mistakes
- **982. b.** pharmacy
- 983. b. fragrance
- 984. a. inauguration
- **985.** a. grammar
- **986.** c. unanimous
- 987. b. irrational
- 988. d. no mistakes
- 989. a. secretary
- 990. b. impeccable
- 991. b. acquaintance
- 992. d. no mistakes
- 993. a. notorious
- **994.** c. pamphlet
- **995.** c. silhouette
- **996.** c. irreparably
- 997. a. burglaries
- o o i i di o di giario
- 998. d. no mistakes
- **999. b.** tetanus
- **1000. b.** immoral
- **1001. a.** tariff

MAN